

Aug 04, 2025

WNV NS2B-NS3 fluorescence single point



Forked from [ZIKV NS2B-NS3 fluorescence single point screening assay](#)

DOI

<https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.ewov1dy37vr2/v1>

Haim Barr^{1,2}, Noa Lahav^{1,2}, Jiyun Zhu^{3,2}

¹The Weizmann Institute of Science; ²ASAP Discovery Consortium; ³Stanford University

Haim Barr: General acknowledgement: The Wohl Drug Discovery institute, The Nancy and Stephen Grand Israel National Center for Personalized Medicine.;

ASAP Discovery



Jiyun Zhu

Stanford University

Create & collaborate more with a free account

Edit and publish protocols, collaborate in communities, share insights through comments, and track progress with run records.

Create free account

OPEN  ACCESS



DOI: <https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.ewov1dy37vr2/v1>

Protocol Citation: Haim Barr, Noa Lahav, Jiyun Zhu 2025. WNV NS2B-NS3 fluorescence single point. **protocols.io**
<https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.ewov1dy37vr2/v1>

License: This is an open access protocol distributed under the terms of the [Creative Commons Attribution License](#), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited

Protocol status: Working

We use this protocol and it's working

Created: November 03, 2024

Last Modified: August 04, 2025

Protocol Integer ID: 111445

Keywords: Fluorescence assay, Assay, Inhibitor, Fragment, Screening, WNV, NS2B-NS3 protease, single point, fluorescent assays for wnv ns2b, protease inhibitors against wnv ns2b, ns3 fluorescence, ns3 fluorescence single point purpose, ns3 cleavage of substrate bz, fluorescent assay, protease inhibitor, wnv ns2b, ns3 cleavage, peptide substrate, screening assay, enzyme, fluorescence, containing serine, fluorescence signal, candidates for medicinal optimization general description, ns3, medicinal optimization general description, enzymatic reaction, excitation of amc, result of lower enzyme activity, lower enzyme activity

Funders Acknowledgements:

National Institutes of Health/National Institute Of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (NIH/NIAID)

Grant ID: U19AI171399

Disclaimer

The content is solely the responsibility of the authors and does not necessarily represent the official views of the National Institutes of Health.

Abstract

Purpose: performing single point test of selected compounds from screening experiment libraries containing serine-targeting fragments and serine protease inhibitors against WNV NS2B/NS3 to find warheads and candidates for medicinal optimization

General description: This protocol details the fluorescent assays for WNV NS2B/NS3 cleavage of substrate Bz-Nle-KRR-AMC peptide. This method measures the fluorescence from the released AMC product as a result of the enzymatic reaction. When hydrolyzed, AMC is liberated from the peptide substrate. Excitation of AMC at 350 nm emits a resonant energy of 450 nm. When the enzyme is inhibited, the fluorescence signal will decrease as a result of lower enzyme activity. The screening method is validated by calculating the Z prime number of each plate, and the percentage of inhibition is calculated and then evaluated for inhibitory efficacy.

Outcome: hits were selected from screening assays with more than 50% inhibition



Materials

Assay Buffer Reagents (Concentration listed are from Stock Solutions)

1. Tris-HCl (Fisher Scientific). Dissolving Tris powder in MilliQ water and adjust pH to 8.6 for a final concentration of 1 M. Filter with 0.2 um filter
2. Triton (Sigma Aldrich) dissolving one part of Triton in 4 part of MilliQ water for a final concentration of 20 %

Additional Reagents:

[M] 84090 nanomolar (nM) **WNV NS2B/NS3 Enzyme**

- The Enzyme stock was originally [M] 242140 nanomolar (nM) and was diluted to [M] 10000 nanomolar (nM) before every experiment in **freshly made Assay Buffer**. The final assay concentration is [M] 12.5 nanomolar (nM)

[M] 20000000 nanomolar (nM) **Substrate Bz-Nle-KRR-AMC**

- Substrate stock was dissolved in DMSO to the stock concentration. Before each experiment, the substrate stock was diluted to [M] 10000 nanomolar (nM) in freshly made Assay Buffer. The final assay concentration is [M] 500 nanomolar (nM)

Safety warnings

⚠ Please be sure to wear proper Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) while performing this experiment.

Before start

Thaw TCEP solution on ice to make sure it is fresh



WNV NS2B/NS3 expression and purification

- 1 **The protein used in this assay was expressed and purified and received from** QQ01WNVNS2B -c003 -p005 from Centre for Medicines Discovery

Prepare Reagents

- 2 **PREPARE** all of the reagents/buffers required for this experiment.

Assay Buffer

A	B	C	D	E
Reagent	Stock	Final	Units	Note
Tris pH 8.6	1000	10	mM	
Triton	20	0.01	%	
glycerol	100	20	% v/v	

Reagents (dilute reagents in assay buffer for required volume)

A	B	C	D	E
Reagent	Stock	Prep	Final in assay plate	Units
WNV-NS2B/NS3	1735000	83.3	50	nM
Substrate (Bz-Nle-KRR-AMC)	20000000	100000	20000	nM

Prepare 384-well Plate

16m

- 3 **DILUTE** Dilute protein and substrate using the assay buffer
 - Protein dilution: 150 μ L protein stock solution is added into 3480 μ L Assay Buffer
 - Substrate dilution: 1 μ L x 20 mM substrate is added into 2 mL Assay buffer



- 4 **MIX** Add 10 μL enzyme stock solution into 384-well plates containing inhibitor stocks (column 2-22)
add 20 μL reaction buffer to A1-H1, I24-P24 (blank control)
add 10 μL reaction buffer to I1-P1, A24-H24 (substrate control)
MIX 180 μL diluted enzyme solution with 3.6 μL x 10 mM DCI (3,4-Dichloroisocoumarin) and aliquot 10 μL into I2-P2, A23-H23 (positive control inhibitor)
MIX 180 μL diluted enzyme solution with 3.6 μL DMSO and aliquot 10 μL into A2-H2, I23-P23 (no inhibitor control)
- Incubate** at room temperature for 1 hour
- 5 **REACT** Add 10 μL substrate solution into enzyme solution in the plate and mix well.

Read Plate Fluorescence

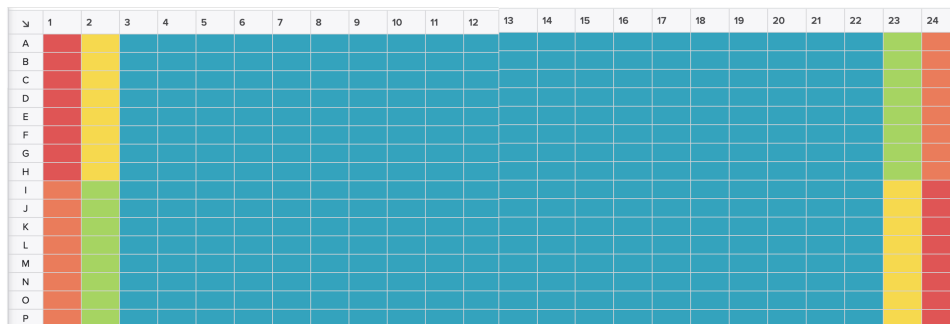
- 6 **READ** and **RECORD** the plate Relative fluorescence units (RFU) using Cytation 3 Multi-Mode Reader (BioTek, Winooski, VT)

Expected result

AMC product will give RFU signal at ex 350/em 450

Experimental Design

- 7 Plate Layout



- Buffer
- Substrate
- Enzyme + Substrate (negative control)
- Enzyme + Substrate + Inhibitor (positive control)
- Enzyme + Substrate + Library compounds

DATA PROCESSING

Calculate the Z prime number of the screening plates to validate the screening:

$$Z' = 1 - 3 * (\text{Std.Dev of positive} + \text{Std.Dev of negative}) / |(\text{Average of positive} - \text{Average of negative})|$$

Calculate the percentage of inhibition:

$$\text{Inhibition \%} = ([\text{RFU no inhibitor}] - [\text{RFU with compounds}]) / (\text{RFU no inhibitor}) * 100\%$$

PLOT DATA

In Prism software, plot percentage of inhibition with corresponding number of compounds

Result

8

Results shown are exemplar

