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Unconventional secretion of alpha-synuclein mediated by palmitoylated DNAJC5 oligomers

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We use this protocol and it's working

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Abstract

This protocol, carried out according to manufacturer's instructions uses a classical ELISA experimental design with sensitive electrochemical detection to provide measure of α -synuclein concentration in the conditioned media of cultured iPSC-derived human cells.

Guidelines

All aspects of the protocol for the MSD assay are carried out according to manufacturers instructions: summarised below. All reagents are included in the U-PLEX Human α -synuclein Kit unless otherwise stated.

Materials

U-PLEX Human α - synuclein Kit - (Meso Scale Discovery (MSD), K151WKK-1)

Phosphate-buffered saline (PBS 1x), sterile filtered, - (Thermofisher, SKU#J61196.AP)

Tween-20 - (Sigma -Aldrich, SKU#P1379)

TritonTM X-100 - (Sigma -Aldrich, SKU#11332481001)

Sodium deoxycholate - (Sigma -Aldrich, SKU#D6750)

SDS (20% Solution) - (Santa Cruz Biotechnology, SKU#SC-24950)

EDTA - (Sigma -Aldrich, SKU#E9884)

NaCl - (Sigma -Aldrich, SKU#S9888)

PierceTM BCA Protein Assay Kit - Thermofisher, SKU#23225)

Equipment:

MESO QuickPlex SQ120 - (Meso Scale Discovery (MSD), 1300170428908)



Before start

Conditioned media used in this assay can come from any human cell line expressing α -synuclein though volumes and culture conditions have been optimised for iPSC-derived dopamine neurons differentiated according to the following protocol:

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.q26g7y1jqgwz/v1 and plated at 100,000 cells per well in full area 96-well plates and cultured in 100 μ L of media.

Harvesting media and cell lysates

- 1 Harvest conditioned media from cells grown in a full-area 96 well plate, being careful not to disturb the cell monolayer. Add 30 μ L RIPA lysis buffer (0.5% Triton X-100, 10 mM Tris/HCl, pH 8.0, 1 mM EDTA, 0.5 mM EDTA, 0.1% sodium dodecyl sulfate, 0.02% sodium deoxycholate, and (140 mM NaCl) to the cells remaining in each well and incubate on ice for 30 mins.
- 2 Centrifuge the harvested media 10 mins at 1000 $\times g$ to pellet floating cells. Collect the supernatant to use in the assay.
- 3 Use a pipette to homogenise the cells in lysis buffer and then determine the total protein concentration of the lysate using the Pierce BCA Protein Assay Kit according to manufactures instructions.

Measuring α -synuclein in conditioned media

- 4 Dilute the biotinylated capture anti-body 1:50 in Diluent 49 and add 25 μ L to each well of the provided plate. Seal the plate and incubate at room temperature for 1hr with agitation
- 5 During the incubation prepare the standard curve by serial dilution of the calibrator sample in Diluent 49. For the highest concentration standard add 15 μ L of calibrator to 285 μ L to give a 10,000 pg/ml solution and then serially dilute 1:4 to give a range of standards between 2.44 pg/ml and 10,000 pg/ml. Use Diluent 49 alone as a blank.
- 6 Wash the plate 3 times to remove capture antibody with wash buffer (PBS containing 0.05% Tween-20, prepare in advance)
- 7 Dilute detection antibody 1:50 in Diluent 49 and add 25 μ L to each well.
- 8 Add 25 μ L of conditioned media supernatant (prepared as described above) or α -synuclein standard to each well. Seal the plate and incubate for 2 hrs at room temperature with agitation.
- 9 Repeat step 3 to remove unbound sample and detection antibody



- 10 Add 150 μ L of Read Buffer and measure electrochemiluminescence on the MESO QuickPlex SQ 120 immediately

Data Processing

- 11 Using the calibrator samples interpolate the α -synuclein concentration by fitting a polynomial in the form $y = ax^2 + bx + c$
- 12 Multiply the concentration of α -synuclein determined from the MSD assay by the total volume of media in each well (100 μ L) to obtain the total value in pico-grams released by the cells.
- 13 Normalised release for difference in plating density/cell number by dividing by the total protein values obtain by BCA

Protocol references

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