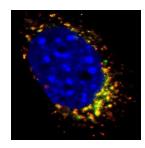


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Transfection by electroporation of GFP-LRRK2 and Immunofluorescent imaging of MEFs VPS35 (D620N) mutants stably expressing LysoTag



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We use this protocol and it's working

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Abstract

Transfection of foreign DNA and Immunofluorescent (IF) microscopy are powerful tools used in cellular and molecular biology to monitor subcellular localisation of proteins. Mouse embryonic fibroblasts (MEFs) are primary cells notorious for their low transfection efficiency by mostly available chemical methods. This efficiency become even lower if the aim is to express a large sized protein, such as LRRK2, a 250kD protein. Here, we described a method where we used electroporation to transiently transfect GFP-tagged LRRK2 into MEFs. We also used IF microscopy to visualise the subcellular localisation of the transiently expressed GFP-LRRK2. Furthermore, we investigated the colocalization of GFP-LRRK2 with a lysosomal localised TMEM192-3xHA.



Attachments



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422KB



Materials

Materials

Cell lines

- Mouse Embryonic Fibroblast VPS35 WT (stably expressing TMEM192-3xHA)
- Mouse Embryonic Fibroblast VPS35 D620N (stably expressing TMEM192-3xHA)

Plasmids

■ GFP-LRRK2 (DU13363). Plasmid available at MRCPPU depository at MRCPPUreagents@dundee.ac.uk

Antibodies

Table 1: List of primary antibodies

Antibody	Company	Cat. number	Host species
GFP	Abcam	AB13970	Chicken
НА	Roche	47877600	Rat

Table 2: List of fluorophore-conjugated secondary antibodies

А	В	С	D	Е
Antibody	Conjugated Fluorophore	Company	Cat. number	Host Species
anti- Chicken	Alexa 488	Invitrogen	A11039	Goat
anti-Rat	Alexa 594	Invitrogen	21209	Donkey

Media and Reagents

Growth Media:

	A	В
	Dulbecco's Modified Eagle's Medium (DMEM) (GIBCO 11960- 085)	
	Foetal Bovine Serum (FBS) (Sigma F7524 Batch# BCBW6817)	10%



A	В
L-Glutamine (GIBCO 25030024)	1%
Penicillin-Streptomycin (GIBCO 15140122)	1%
NEAA (GIBCO 11140-035)	1X
Sodium Pyruvate (GIBCO 11360-039)	1mM

- Transfection media: Growth media without Penicillin-Streptomycin (Pen-Step)
- Dulbecco's phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) (GIBCO 14190169)
- Bovine Serum Albumin, BSA (Roche, 10735094001)
- Sodium Azide (Sigma, S2002).
- Hoechst 33342 solution (Thermo, 62249)
- VECTASHIELD antifading Mounting media (|Vector Laboratories, H1000)

Equipment

- NEPA21 Super Electroporator with electroporator chamber (SONIDEL)
- 2mm gap Cuvette with individual pipette (SONIDEL, EC-002S)
- Incubator with FPI-sensor system and display controller MB1 (BINDER GmbH. Model: CB150. Power Output: 1.40kW, 230V, 6.1 Amp). This incubator has CO₂ and O₂ control.
- Leica TCS SP8 MP Multiphoton Microscope.
- Super Premium microscope slides (Frosted on one side) (VWR, 631-0114)
- Borosilicate Glass square coverslips (VWR, 631-0125)
- DeNovix® CellDrop Brightfield cell counter

Consumables

- 6-well tissue culture Petri Dishes (ThermoFisher. Catalog# 140675).
- Standard 1ml and 200 μl Pipette tips (Greiner bio-one. Catalog# 686271 and 685261 respectively).
- 🔀 DMEM, high glucose, no glutamine Thermo Fisher Catalog #11960085
- **☒** L-Glutamine (200mM) **Thermo Fisher Scientific Catalog** #25030024
- Penicillin-Streptomycin (10,000 U/mL) Thermo Fisher Scientific Catalog #15140122
- MEM Non-Essential Amino Acids Solution (100X) Thermo Fisher Catalog #11140035
- 🔀 DPBS no calcium no magnesium Gibco Thermo Fisher Scientific Catalog #14190169



- Bovine Serum Albumin Fraction V Merck MilliporeSigma (Sigma-Aldrich) Catalog #10735094001
- Sodium azide Merck MilliporeSigma (Sigma-Aldrich) Catalog #S2002
- Moechst 33342 Solution (20 mM) Thermo Fisher Catalog #62249
- X VECTASHIELD® Antifade Mounting Medium Vector Laboratories Catalog #H-1000
- X Nunc™ Cell-Culture Treated Multidishes, 6 well **Thermo Fisher Catalog #**140675
- PIPETTE TIPS 100- 1000 μL BLUE SUITABLE FOR EPPENDORF STERILE 60 PIECES PER RACK greiner bioone Catalog #686271
- PIPETTE TIP 10 100 μL SUITABLE FOR EPPENDORF 96 PIECES / ST RACK greiner bioone Catalog #685261
- Anti-GFP antibody (ab13970) Abcam Catalog #ab13970
- Goat anti-Chicken IgY (H L) Secondary Antibody, Alexa Fluor 488 Thermo Fisher Scientific Catalog #A11039

Troubleshooting



Transfection of cells with GFP-LRRK2 plasmid by electroporation



1 Place coverslips in 6 well plate (one coverslip per well) and add 🚨 2 mL of media. Place the plate in an incubator.



- 2 Pellet cells from 100% confluent 10cm plate and resuspend in A 1 mL media.
- 3 Count cells and resuspend in media in a way that there are 30000-40000 cells per \perp 10 μ L .
- 4 Power on Electroporator and plug in the electroporator chamber to the output socket.
- 5 Set the following Poring Pulse parameters:
 - Voltage: 200V
 - Length: 5ms
 - Interval: 50ms
 - Number of cycles: 2
 - Decay rate: 10%
 - Polarity: +
- 6 Set Transfer Pulse parameters:
 - Voltage: 20V
 - Length: 50ms
 - Interval: 50ms
 - Number of cycles: 5
 - Decay rate: 40%
 - Polarity: +/-
- 7 Add \perp 3-4 µq of plasmid into a 1.5ml Eppendorf tube.



Note

Ensure this is not more than 10 µl. If plasmid is too concentrated, add required amount and top-up to 10 µl with media.



- 8 Add 🗸 90 μL of resuspended cells into the tube. In total, cell number should be approximately 300000-400000. Pipette gently up and down 3 times to mix cell and plasmid.
- 9 Transfer cell-plasmid mixture into 2mm gap Cuvette and close the cap. Add gently to the side to ensure there are no bubbles. If there are bubbles, tap the cuvette gently on the side until the bubbles move to the top.
- 10 Insert the cuvette into the electroporator chamber and close the lid.
- 11 Briefly measure electrical impedance by pressing the " Ω " button and check reading. This should be between 0.03 and 0.055.
 - If reading is too low, add \perp 1-2 μ L of cells.
 - If too high, add \triangle 1-2 μ L of media.
- 12 Press start button to begin electroporation process.
- 13 On completion, use Pasteur pipette (provided with the cuvette) to transfer cells into the wells containing a coverslip (from Step 1).
- 14 Rotate plate gently to spread the cells within the well.
- 15 Return plate into the incubator and incubate for at least 18:00:00 at 37 °C.
- 18h
- 16 Replace media with full Growth media (i.e., media with Pen-Strip) and incubate for another 12-18 hours.

Preparing cells for Immunofluorescence imaging



17 Remove media and wash cells.



17.1 Remove media and wash cells with 4 3 mL PBS +0.2% BSA+0.02% sodium azide for 00:05:00 . (1/3)

5m



- 17.2 Wash cells with ∠ 3 mL PBS +0.2% BSA+0.02% sodium azide for ♦ 00:05:00 . 5m (2/3)
- 17.3 Wash cells with 4 3 mL PBS +0.2% BSA+0.02% sodium azide for (2) 00:05:00. 5m (3/3)
- 18 Fixed cells in 4% w/v PFA. Add A 3 mL of dissolved PFA and incubate at 10m Room temperature for 00:10:00
- 19 Permeabilise cells with 1% NP-40 (v/v in PBS +0.2%BSA+0.02% sodium azide).
- 20 Block with 3% BSA (w/v in PBS) for 00:30:00. 30m
- 21 Prepare a combination of primary antibodies (Table 1) as shown below. Antibodies are diluted in PBS +0.2% BSA+0.02% sodium azide.
 - Rat anti-HA (1:1000) and Chicken anti-GFP (1:1000)
- 22 Incubate cells at | | Room temperature | with diluted primary antibodies for O1:00:00 . Do this in a humid chamber on a piece of Parafilm. Put a ☐ 60 μ drop of diluted antibodies on the parafilm. Carefully place coverslip on the droplet, with the side containing attached cells, facing inward, making contact with the droplet.
- 23 Wash cells, 3 times, with \bot 3 mL PBS +0.2%BSA+0.02% sodium azide.
- 24 Prepare a combination of Secondary antibodies as described below (see Table 2 for more information about the secondary antibodies). Antibodies are diluted in PBS +0.2% BSA+0.02% sodium azide.
 - anti-Rat Alexa 594 (1:500) and anti-Chicken Alexa 488 (1:500).
- 25 Add 4 0.5 µL Hoechst 33342 solution for nuclear staining.

1h



26 Incubate cells at Room temperature with diluted secondary antibodies for 1h (1) 01:00:00 . Do this in a humid chamber on a piece of Parafilm. Put a 🚨 60 μL drop of diluted antibodies on the parafilm. Carefully place coverslip on the droplet, with the side containing attached cells, facing inward, making contact with the droplet. 27 Wash cells, 3 times, with \perp 3 mL PBS +0.2%BSA+0.02% sodium azide. 28 Rinse cells by dipping briefly in MilliQ water and gently dry on Kleenex wipes. 29 Label microscope glass slides (preferably the one with frosted side) according to the primary antibody used. Take note of the emission wavelength of the probe on the secondary antibodies. 30 Add a drop of VECTASHIELD antifading Mounting media. 31 Mount cover slip (containing cells) on the glass slide, ensuring that the side containing 30m the cells is facing inward, making contact with the oil. Allow to dry for (2) 00:30:00, ensuring slides are prevented from direct light. 32





Figure 1: Immunofluorescence images of mouse embryonic fibroblasts (MEFs) expressing GFP-LRRK2 and TMEM192-3xHA. MEFs VPS35 wildtype and D620N mutants stably expressing TMEM192-3xHA and transiently expressing GFP-LRRK2 were co-immunostained with anti-HA and anti-GFP antibodies. Scale bar is 2 μm .