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Symbiotic Dose-50 (SD50) for *Vibrio fischeri* strain to colonize *Euprymna scolopes* V.1

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Protocol status: Working

We use this protocol and it's working

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Abstract

This protocol details symbiotic dose-50 (SD₅₀) for *Vibrio fischeri* strain to colonize *Euprymna scolopes*.

Attachments



[680-1440.docx](#)

19KB



Materials













Materials needed:

1. Culture tubes
2. LBS medium
3. Shaking incubator
4. Spectrophotometer
5. Tumblers
6. Freshly hatched *E. scolopes* squid
7. Filter-sterilized seawater (FSSW): Instant Ocean (Spectrum Brands, Blacksburg, VA) mixed according to instructions provided by manufacturer. Filter through 0.22 surfactant-free filter.
8. Microfuge tubes
9. 50-mL conical tubes
10. LBS plates
11. Vials
12. Luminometer




Troubleshooting



Preparation of *V. fischeri* Cultures

- 1 For each strain of interest, initiate a starter culture by inoculating  3 mL LBS with an isolated colony. Incubate starter cultures  Overnight (~16 h) at  28 °C shaking at  200 rpm .  
- 2 Measure the OD₆₀₀ of each starter culture. In a microfuge tube, normalize each starter culture by diluting it to an OD₆₀₀ of 1.0 in fresh LBS to a final volume of  1.0 mL . Vortex briefly.
- 3 Initiate an intermediate culture by inoculating  3 mL LBS in a fresh culture tube with  30 µL of the normalized cell suspension. Incubate at  28 °C shaking at  200 rpm . 



Selection and Preparation of Juvenile *E. scolopes*

- 4 Collect freshly hatched juvenile squid into tumblers containing  100 mL FSSW, with no more than 50 squid/tumbler.
- 5 For each group, add  50 mL FSSW to a tumbler. 
- 6 Transfer animals individually to each tumbler.

Note

To minimize bias, add an animal to the tumbler of a different group with each transfer.

Preparation of Inoculums

- 7 For each strain, when the turbidity of culture is OD₆₀₀ = 0.8-1.0, transfer culture volume equivalent to  1 mL of OD₆₀₀ = 1.0 to a microfuge tube.
- 8 Concentrate cells by centrifugation. 




- 8.1 Concentrate cells by centrifugation at 5000 x g, 00:02:30 . Then, remove 0.9 mL supernatant, add 0.9 mL FSSW, and resuspend the pellet. (1/2) 2m 30s
- 8.2 Concentrate cells by centrifugation at 5000 x g, 00:02:30 . Then, remove 0.9 mL supernatant, add 0.9 mL FSSW, and resuspend the pellet. (1/2) 2m 30s
- 9 Prepare a serial dilution by transferring 100 μ L of the cell suspension described in Step 8 into 0.9 mL FSSW in a microfuge tube (10-1 dilution). Then, continue ten-fold dilutions until the desired dilution range has been achieved.
- Note**
- Note that three-fold dilutions can be used instead for greater resolution.
- 10 Prepare a control for an apo-symbiotic group by transferring 1 mL FSSW to a microfuge tube.
- 11 For each group, transfer 100 μ L from the corresponding microfuge tube into a 50-mL conical tube containing 50 mL FSSW and invert several times to mix.

Inoculation Phase


- 12 To initiate the inoculation phase, pour the cell suspension into the corresponding tumbler to bring the total volume to 100 mL . Repeat for the control described in Step 10.
- 13 Sample tumblers by plating 100 μ L onto solid LBS medium in triplicate and incubate the plates at 28 $^{\circ}$ C Overnight .
- Note**
- Note that for high inoculum levels, a dilution may be necessary to obtain countable CFUs. For low inoculum levels, it may be preferable to use the known dilution factor from more concentrated inoculums to estimate the corresponding abundance of *V. fischeri*.
- 14 After 3.5 hours, wash the animals by serially transferring them as a group into a tumbler containing 100 mL FSSW twice, with 00:05:00 between transfers. 5m



15 Transfer animals into vials containing  4 mL FSSW, with one animal per vial.



16 Store animals in a room that has a 12-h day/12-h night light cycle.




Measurement of Bioluminescence

17 After 16-18 h, transfer animals to clean vials containing  4 mL FSSW.

18 Using a luminometer, measure the luminescence emitted by each sample.



Euthanasia and Storage of Animals

19 To initiate the anesthesia step, transfer each animal with seawater (total volume of  0.5 mL) to a microfuge tube and place  On ice .

20 After  00:05:00 , add  0.5 mL cold 6% ethanol/FSSW to each microfuge tube and keep  On ice .

5m



21 After  00:15:00 , remove the liquid volume from the tube and store the anesthetized animal at  -80 °C , thereby completing euthanasia.

15m

Scoring of Bioluminescence

22 Use the luminescence measurements of the apo-symbiotic group to determine the 99.9th percentile, above which animals are considered to be bioluminescent.

23 Score each animal as symbiotic or non-symbiotic by comparing the corresponding luminescence measurement with the bioluminescence cutoff defined in Step 22.

Determining Inoculum Levels



- 24 Count CFU on the inoculum plates generated in Step 13. Also verify that no CFU are present on the apo-symbiotic control plates.
- 25 Calculate the concentration of CFUs in each inoculum cell suspension described in Step 9 by dividing the CFU counts by the volume plated (in mL) and multiplying by the dilution factor, if any.

Calculation of SD₅₀

- 26 For each strain, generate a table with the number of symbiotic and non-symbiotic animals at each inoculum concentration, with rows arranged in order of highest to lowest concentration.
- 27 Prepare two additional columns containing adjusted counts for
 1. animals that could be assumed to be symbiotic at higher inoculums and
 2. animals that could be assumed to be non-symbiotic at lower inoculums.
- 28 Calculate the adjusted percent of symbiotic animals at each inoculum by dividing the adjusted counts of symbiotic animals by the total adjusted animal counts in the corresponding row.
- 29 Calculate the SD₅₀ using the equation:

$SD_{50} = 10^{[\log(DF^X) + \log(c)]}$, where

- $X = [(50\% - a)/(b - a)]$ and
- a = the adjusted percent symbiotic below 50% closest to 50%.
- b = the adjusted percent symbiotic above 50% closest to 50%.
- c = the inoculum concentration of the adjusted percent colonized below 50% closest to 50%.
- DF = the dilution factor or fold-change difference between groups in the experiment.