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Sterilizing and Preparing Seeds for Laboratory Use

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Gabriela Paredes¹

¹Oklahoma State University



Gabriela S Paredes

Oklahoma State University

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We use this protocol and it's working

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Disclaimer

This protocol is provided for educational and research purposes only. The procedures outlined should be conducted by trained personnel in a properly equipped laboratory, adhering to all relevant safety guidelines and regulations. The authors and publishers of this protocol are not responsible for any injuries, damages, or legal consequences that may result from the improper use of this protocol.

Bleach is a strong chemical agent that requires careful handling. Users must wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) and follow institutional guidelines for the safe use and disposal of bleach and other chemicals. Additionally, it is the responsibility of the user to ensure that all materials and equipment are sterile and that aseptic techniques are followed to prevent contamination.

This protocol does not constitute medical, legal, or professional advice and should not be used as a substitute for consultation with qualified professionals in those fields.

Abstract

Sterilizing seeds is a critical step in many plant biology and microbiology experiments to ensure that the seeds are free from contaminants such as bacteria, fungi, and other microorganisms. This protocol outlines the steps for effectively sterilizing seeds using a 25% commercial bleach solution, followed by thorough rinsing with sterile distilled water. This process ensures that the seeds are clean and ready for subsequent experimental treatments.

Guidelines

- **Ensure Thorough Mixing:** Proper agitation during the sterilization and rinsing steps is crucial to ensure even contact of the solution with all seeds.
- **Sterile Handling:** After the sterilization process, handle the seeds only with sterile equipment and in a sterile environment to maintain their sterility.
- **Check for Residual Moisture:** Make sure the seeds are thoroughly dried before storage or use to prevent fungal growth or other contamination.

Materials

- Seeds (count the exact number to be sterilized)
- Commercial bleach (sodium hypochlorite solution, typically 5.25-6% active ingredient)
- Sterile distilled water
- 1500 ml **Erlenmeyer flasks** (autoclaved)
- Magnetic stir bar (optional)
- Magnetic stirrer or shaking platform
- Sterile Petri dishes (for drying seeds)
- Sterile gloves
- Forceps or tweezers (autoclaved)
- Laminar flow hood or sterile workspace

Equipment

Adventurer™ Analytical Balances	NAME
Analytical balance	TYPE
Ohaus	BRAND
30100600	SKU
https://www.fishersci.com/shop/products/ohaus-adventurer-analytical-balances-7/p-4918285 ^{LINK}	



Equipment

8-Liter Autoclave NAME

Portable Stainless Steel Pressure Steam Sterilizer TYPE

China BRAND

XFS-D-8L SKU

<https://www.dentalplaza.co.uk/Dentist-8L-Portable-Steam-Autoclave-Sterilizer-168696-dental.html> LINK

Voltage: 220 V (AC) SPECIFICATIONS

Power: 1.2 kW

Working Medium: Steam

Design Pressure: 0.17 MPa

Working Temperature: 129 °C

Frequency: 50 Hz

Useful Life: 5 Years

Delivery Date: 3. Oct, 2019



Equipment

Laminar Flow Hood NAME

Benchtop workstation TYPE

Envirco BRAND

TT4830 SKU

Equipment	
Heated magnetic stirrer	NAME
AG602	TYPE
LMR	BRAND
AG602	SKU
	

Equipment	
Model 3000	NAME
Ultrasonic Homogenizer	TYPE
BioLogics	BRAND
0-127-0001	SKU
https://www.biologics-inc.com/ultrasonic-homogenizer-model-3000.html	LINK
The Model 3000 delivers up to 300 watts of ultrasonic disruption and includes an integrated Sound Abating Chamber to reduce cavitational sound emitted during processing. The clear Plexiglas door permits viewing of the sample while protecting the operator against accidental splashing. An access port for tubing is also provided for use with Cup Tips and the Continuous Flow Chamber. The Timer and Pulser function increase precision in sample processing.	



Safety warnings

- **Chemical Safety:** Handle bleach with care, as it is a strong oxidizing agent and can cause skin irritation or damage. Always wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) such as gloves, lab coats, and eye protection.
- **Sterile Technique:** Ensure that all steps, especially after sterilization, are conducted in a sterile environment (e.g., under a laminar flow hood) to prevent contamination.
- **Disposal:** Dispose of the bleach solution and rinse water according to your institution's safety protocols for chemical waste.

Ethics statement

This protocol is intended for research and educational purposes. Researchers should ensure that the use of seeds and the sterilization process complies with all relevant ethical guidelines and institutional regulations. Proper disposal of chemical waste should be carried out in accordance with environmental safety standards.

Prepare the Bleach Solution:

- 1
 - Prepare a 25% bleach solution by mixing 250 ml of commercial bleach with 750 ml of sterile distilled water to obtain a total of 1000 ml of the solution.
 - Ensure that the solution is prepared in a sterile container.

Sterilize the Seeds:

- 2 Place the counted seeds into an autoclaved Erlenmeyer flask. Ensure that the seeds are evenly distributed at the bottom of the flask.
- 3 Add 150 ml of the prepared 25% bleach solution to the flask, ensuring that the solution fully covers the seeds.
- 4 Place the flask on a magnetic stirrer or shaking platform and agitate the solution for 10 minutes to ensure thorough contact between the bleach solution and the seeds.

Rinse the Seeds:

- 5
 - After 10 minutes, carefully decant the bleach solution into a waste container suitable for bleach disposal.
 - Add twice the volume of sterile distilled water to the flask containing the seeds and agitate gently for 3 minutes to rinse off the bleach.
 - Decant the rinse water and repeat this rinsing process three times to ensure all bleach residues are removed.

Remove Seed Coats (Optional):

- 6
 - If the experiment requires seeds without seed coats, this can be done after the rinsing process.
 - Wearing sterile gloves, gently rub the seeds between your fingers or use autoclaved forceps to remove the seed coats.

Dry the Seeds:

- 7
 - Transfer the sterilized seeds to a sterile Petri dish labeled appropriately.
 - Place the Petri dish in a laminar flow hood or other sterile environment and allow the seeds to dry for at least 30 minutes. This step helps reduce moisture on the seed surface, minimizing the risk of contamination during subsequent handling.



Storage or Further Use:

- 8 If the seeds are not to be used immediately, store them in a dry, sterile, airtight container. Keep the container in a sterile environment to prevent contamination until the seeds are needed.