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Version 2

RT-qPCR Detection of SARS-CoV-2 from Wastewater Using the AB 7500 V.2

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Protocol status: Working

We use this protocol and it's working

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Abstract

This method was developed at the FDA's Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition for GenomeTrakr's pandemic response project, monitoring SARS-CoV-2 variants in wastewater. Protocols developed for this project cover wastewater collection, concentration, RNA extraction, RT-qPCR detection, library prep, genome sequencing, quality control checks, and data submission to NCBI. This protocol describes triplex and duplex assays for the RT-qPCR detection of the nucleocapsid region of the SARS-CoV-2 genome. These assays, along with the murine norovirus (MNV; extraction control) and crAssphage (human indicator) RT-qPCR assay (RT-qPCR Detection of Process Controls (Murine norovirus and crAssphage) from Wastewater (protocols.io)), were developed for use on the AB 7500 platform using software version 2.0 or 2.3. All assays incorporate an internal amplification control (IC) to prevent the reporting of false negatives due to inhibition or failure of the RT-qPCR. These multiplexed detection assays were developed for the qualitative determination SARS-CoV-2 nucleocapsid gene extracted from wastewater. Valid sample results are contingent upon the detection of the MNV extraction control from the sample being tested.



Materials

Equipment and Supplies:

- 1. 7500 Fast Real-Time PCR System (ThermoFisher 4351106)
- 2. MicroAmp Fast Optical 96-Well Reaction Plate with Barcode, 0.1 mL (ThermoFisher 4346906), or MicroAmp Fast 8-Tube Strip, 0.1mL (ThermoFisher 4358293)
- 3. MicroAmp Optical Adhesive Film (ThermoFisher 4311971), or MicroAmp Optical 8-Cap Strips (ThermoFisher 4323032)
- 4. Platefuge (Fisher Scientific NC1823435), or Stripfuge (USA Scientific 2621-0016), or equivalent for either
- 5. 96-well cool block (USA Scientific 4051-0525, or equivalent)
- 6. Reagent cool block (USA Scientific 2312-2721, or equivalent) or ice bucket with ice
- 7. Adjustable calibrated micropipettes (0.2 1000 µl), two separate sets; one set dedicated for master mix setup and the other for template addition
- 8. Aerosol resistant pipet tips (0.2 1000 μl)
- 9. Personal microfuge (Labsource C90-044, or equivalent)
- 10. Hype-Wipe Disinfecting Towelettes (Fisher Scientific 14-412-56, or equivalent)
- 11. Vortex mixer (Labsource S16-200 or equivalent)

Reagents:

SARS-CoV-2 Genomic RNA ATCC Catalog #1992D
☐ One-Step RT-qPCR Kit Qiagen Catalog #210210 or 210212
⊠ 50mM MgCl2 Bio-Rad Laboratories Catalog # 17088872 or
№ 25 mM MgCl2 Thermo Fisher Scientific Catalog #AB0359
Nuclease-free water Life Technologies Catalog #AM9937
Superase-In Life Technologies Catalog #AM2696
FAM reference dye Bio-Rad Laboratories Catalog #1708780, or equivalent, if running the N1-N2-IC triples
assay
ROX reference dye Fisher Scientific Catalog #12-223-012 , if running the N1-IC and N2-IC duplex assays
Tris (1 M) pH 8.0 RNase-free Thermo Fisher Scientific Catalog #AM9856
Drivers and much as a superior fallowing stable 22 a
Primers and probe sequences in following table. X Custom Primers and Probes IDT Technologies .



Identification	Primers (Sequence 5' -> 3')	Location#
N1F ^a	ACCCCAAAATCAGCGAAAT	28288-28306
N1R	CTGGTTACTGCCAGTTGAATCTG	28357-28335
N2F	TTACAAACATTGGCCGCAA	29164-29182
N2R	CGCGACATTCCGAAGAA	29229-29213
IC46Fb	GACATCGATATGGGTGCCG	N/A
IC194R ^b	AATATTCGCGAGACGATGCAG	N/A
Identification	Probes	Location#
N1P°	FAM or JOE- ACCCCGCATTACGTTTGGTGGACC -IB-RQ*	28309-28332
N2P°	FAM or Cy5- ACAATTTGCCCCCAGCGCTTCAG -IB-RQ*	29188-29210
IACP ^b	TxRed-TCTCATGCGTCTCCCTGGTGAATGTG -IB-RQ*	N/A

 $^{^{} extstyle #}$ based on accession nos. JF320650, MT006214.1, and NC_045512

Troubleshooting

^aLuet al., 2020

^bDepaola, Jones, Woods et. al. 2010, U.S. Patent Application 0060166232

^cFluorophore for N1 and N2 should be FAM when running duplex assays, or JOE and Cy5, respectively, if running the triplex assay

^{*}IB RQ- Iowa Black RQ



Before start

Always wear gloves during this procedure and never wear the same gloves when going between master mix and samples.

Always use aerosol resistant pipette tips for PCR.

Note

Detection of SARS-CoV-2 can be conducted as a triplex assay (N1-N2-IAC), or as two duplex assays (N1-IAC and N2-IAC).

Safety information

Assembly of master mix should be done in a designated Master Mix PCR hood or BSC that has been decontaminated with 10% Bleach solution or HypeWipes followed by 70% Ethanol, or similar product and UV irradiated for 20 minutes prior to use. RNA sample template should be added in a separate designated area, physically separated from the Master Mix hood/area. Equipment should not be shared between the two areas.

Master Mix Preparation

5s

Prepare Master Mix for all sample and control reactions based on the **volumes per 25 µl**reaction in this table. Composition of mixes are listed here: Reagent Mixes for RT-qPCR

Detection of SARS-CoV-2 from Wastewater (protocols.io) and should be prepared in advance and stored appropriately. Alternatively, Master Mixes can be prepared from individual components as described here:

Master Mix Tables for SARS-CoV-2...

Reagent	Volume per 25 μl reaction	
Buffer Mix	15.55 μl	
Primer Mix	2 μΙ	
Probe Mix	1 μΙ	
Enzyme Mix	1.25 μΙ	
FAM ^A or ROX ^B dye	2 μΙ	
Internal Control (IC) RNA*	0.2 μΙ	
RNA	3μΙ	

^A Use a 1:1000 dilution (made in Primer TE) of FAM reference dye in the N1-N2-IC triplex assav.

Safety information

Do not add IC or sample RNA at this step!

^B Use a 1:10 dilution (made in Primer TE) of ROX reference dye in the N1-IC and N2-IC duplex assays.

^{*}Amount varies with concentration of IC RNA. The amount of IC RNA template needs to be adjusted based on the prepared stock concentration to report a Cycle threshold (Ct) of 20-25 when no inhibition is present in the reaction (i.e., the negative control reaction).



1.1 Thaw Master Mix reagents in bench top cool block (chilled at 2-8 °C) or 0 On ice in master mix preparation hood.

Safety information

Keep Enzyme chilled continually; these enzymes are in glycerol and do not need to be thawed.

1.2 Vortex reagent tubes for 00:00:03 +/- 1 sec at setting medium high to high (if vortex has settings).

3s

1.3 Briefly centrifuge all reagents 00:00:05 +/- 2 sec in a personal microcentrifuge to bring liquid to the bottom of tube.

5s

- 1.4 Return all reagents to bench top cool block (chilled at \$\mathbb{L}\$ 2-8 °C) or \$\mathbb{L}\$ On ice .
- Proceed to hood/area or room where the template is added and thaw IC RNA and sample RNA in this hood/area.

Safety information

RNA templates should be added to reaction tubes in a designated area separate from location where master mixes are prepared. A negative (water) and positive PCR control should be added to each reaction set-up.

2.1 Briefly centrifuge IC RNA 00:00:05 +/- 2 sec in a personal microcentrifuge to bring liquid to the bottom of tube.

5s

- 2.3 Vortex briefly and centrifuge 00:00:05 +/- 2 sec in a personal microcentrifuge.

5s

Reaction Set-Up

5s

3 Add $\underline{\underline{A}}$ 22 $\mu \underline{L}$ of Master Mix to each designated reaction tube or sample wells.

- Briefly centrifuge sample RNA 00:00:05 +/- 2 sec in a personal microcentrifuge to bring liquid to the bottom of tube.
- 5s

- Add $\perp 3 \mu L$ of sample RNA template to each of three reaction tubes or wells.
- 6 Ensure each plate or run has appropriate controls (positive and negative controls) included.



Note

Positive control prepared as described here: <u>Positive Control Material for RT-qPCR of SARS-CoV-2 and Process Controls (protocols.io)</u>.

7 Seal sample plate or strip tubes. Then, briefly spin (5) 00:00:05 +/- 2 sec .

5s

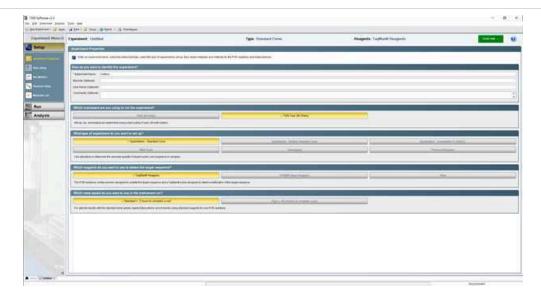
8 Start run on Applied Biosystems 7500 Fast instrument.

Note

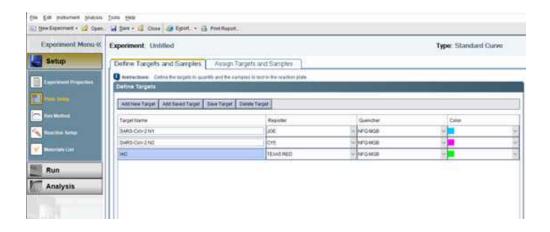
Assay parameters were optimized using the AB 7500 software versions 2.0-2.3. If other instruments or software versions are used, additional optimization may be needed.

- 8.1 Use the following settings for the Experiment Properties:
 - "7500Fast (96 wells)"
 - "Quantitation Standard Curve"
 - "TaqMan Reagents"
 - "Standard (~2 hours to complete run)"





8.2 Identify the appropriate target reporters and leave all quenchers as "NFQ-MGB".

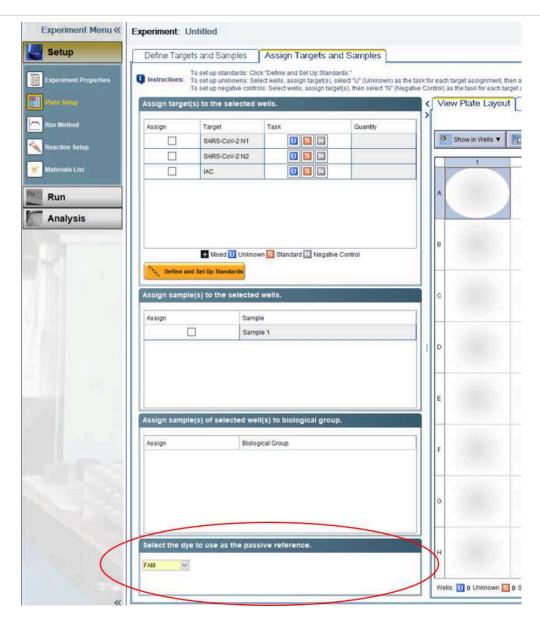


Safety information

Example in image is for the N1-N2-IAC triplex assay (N1-Joe, N2-Cy5, IC-Texas Red). If using the duplex assays, adjust appropriately (N1-FAM, N2-FAM, IC-Cy5).

8.3 Select appropriate passive reference dye (FAM for the triplex assay).



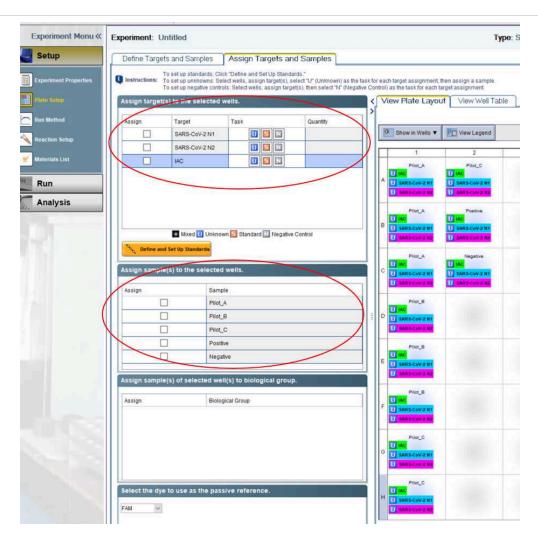


Safety information

Example in image is for the N1-N2-IAC triplex assay. If using the duplex assays, adjust appropriately (ROX).

8.4 Assign targets and samples.





8.5 Use the following settings for Run Method:

1h 6m 35s

Δ 25 μL reaction volume

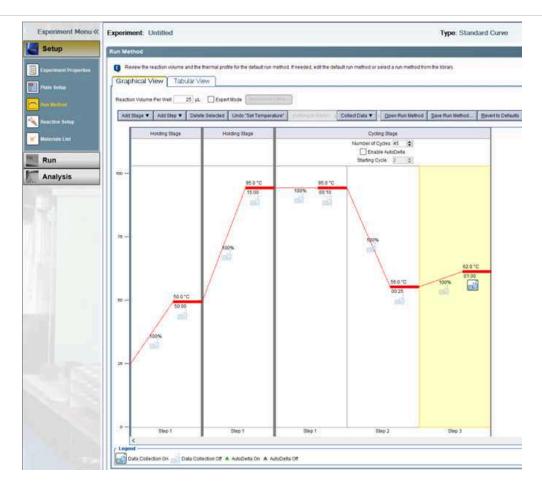
Holding stage 1: **\$** 50 °C for **♦** 00:50:00

Holding stage 2: **▮** 95 °C for **९** 00:15:00

Cycling stage: 45 cycles of \$\mathbb{8}\$ 95 °C for \$\mathbb{O}\$ 00:00:10 , \$\mathbb{8}\$ 56 °C for \$\mathbb{O}\$ 00:00:25 ,

\$ 62 °C for **♦** 00:01:00

Enable data collection on Step 3 of Cycling stage



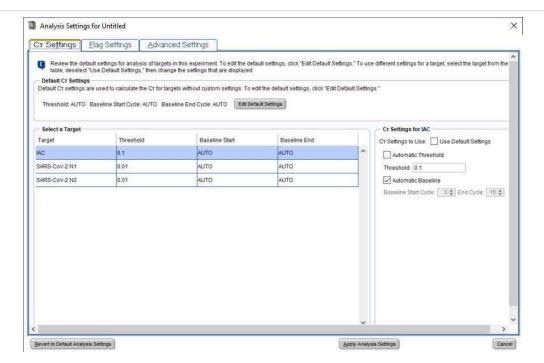
Note

These are the cycling conditions for the N1-N2-IAC triplex as well as the N1-IAC and N2-IAC duplex assays.

Data Analysis

9 Adjust analysis settings to appropriate thresholds. For the triplex assay, N1 and N2 should be set at **0.01** and the IC set at **0.1**. Baseline start cycle should be set at 3 and baseline end cycle should be set at 10.





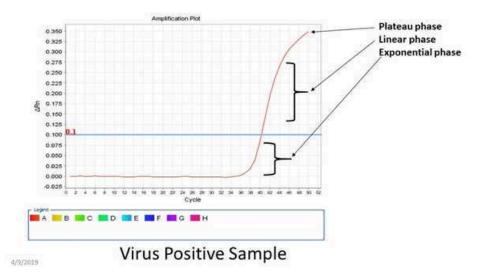
Safety information

Example in image is for the N1-N2-IAC triplex assay. If using the duplex assays, adjust appropriately (all thresholds set at 0.01).

10 Verify positive and negative calls for each reaction using either linear or log amplification plots.

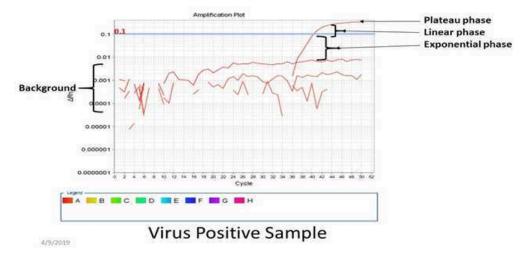
10.1

Linear Amplification Plot



10.2

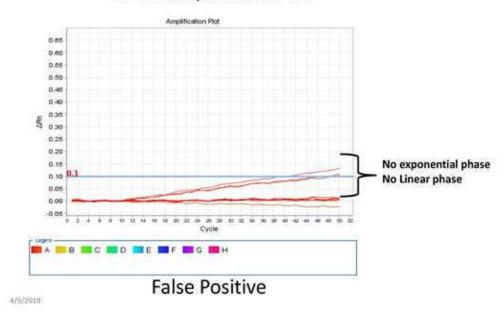
Log Amplification Plot





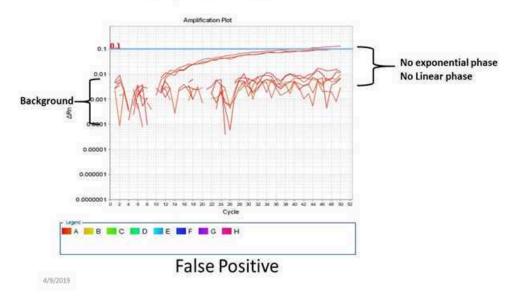
10.3

Linear Amplification Plot



10.4

Amplification Plot



11 RT-qPCR run is **invalid** if *any* of the following are observed:



- 1. Negative RT-qPCR control is positive (Ct value indicated) for any of the expected SARS-CoV-2 targets;
- 2. Positive RT-qPCR control is negative (undetermined) for expected SARS-CoV-2 targets; *or*
- 3. IC is negative (undetermined) in the negative RT-qPCR control; or

Note

Run is **invalid** and the RT-qPCR assay must be repeated.

12 Sample is **negative** if:

- 1. Negative and positive RT-qPCR control reactions give appropriate results;
- 2. Sample reaction is negative (undetermined) for expected SARS-CoV-2 target/s; and
- 3. Internal amplification control (IC) is positive.

Safety information

Valid SARS-CoV-2 results require the successful detection of MNV extraction control from the sample as described in *link protocol*. If MNV is negative for a sample, that sample is **invalid** and should not be reported as negative.

13 Sample is **positive** if:

- 1. Negative and positive RT-qPCR control reactions give appropriate results; and
- 2. Sample reaction is positive (Ct value indicated) for expected SARS-CoV-2 target/s.

Note

If at least one of the triplicate sample reactions are positive, the sample should be reported as **positive**.