

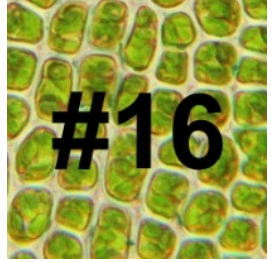
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🌐 RNA Isolation from Plant Tissue Protocol 16: CTAB-Hot Acid Phenol Method for Algae

📖 [GigaScience](#)

✓ Peer-reviewed method

📁 In 1 collection



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Protocol status: Working

These protocols were used for RNA extraction from plant tissues in order to support the One Thousand Plants initiative's work to produce RNA-Seq transcriptomes from a diverse collection of plant samples.

Created: June 27, 2019

Last Modified: August 22, 2019

Protocol Integer ID: 25208

Keywords: Algae, RNA, RNA extraction, RNA isolation, RNA

Abstract

Implemented by: Falcia Goh and Neil Clarke

This RNA isolation method is a combination and modification of the hot acid phenol method (protocol 14) and that described by Asif et al⁶. This method was used for two taxa (*P. cruentum* and *B. braunii*).

Protocol



NAME

RNA Isolation from Plant Tissue Protocol 14: Ambion Trizol RNA Extraction in Microcentrifuge Tubes with Turbo DNasefree Digestion

CREATED BY

Eric Carpenter

PREVIEW

This protocol is part of a collection of eighteen protocols used to isolate total RNA from plant tissue. (RNA Isolation from Plant Tissue Collection: <https://www.protocols.io/view/rna-isolation-from-plant-tissue-439gyr6>)

⁶ Asif, M.H., Dhawan, P. & Nath, P. A simple procedure for the isolation of high quality RNA from ripening banana fruit. Plant Molecular Biology Reporter 18, 109-115 (2000).

Attachments



[journal.pone.0050226...](#)

290KB



Materials

Reagents

Extraction Buffer:

- 100 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.2
- 1.4 M NaCl
- 2 % CTAB
- 20 mM EDTA pH 8.2
- 1 µl of 2-mercaptoethanol per ml of buffer just before use
- DEPC treated water

Note

The final reaction buffer was filter purified using Nalgene 0.22 µM filter.

Other reagents:

- Acid phenol (pH 4.3)
- Phenol:chloroform (5:1) acid equilibrated to pH 4.7 from Sigma
- Chloroform
- Isopropanol
- 70 % ethanol (diluted in DEPC treated water H₂O)
- 3 M Sodium acetate pH 5.5
- 3 M Lithium chloride

Safety warnings

⚠ Please see SDS (Safety Data Sheet) for hazards and safety warnings.



1 Preheat phenol and phenol:chloroform to 65 °C .

Note

Heated phenol should not be re-used.

2 Collect algae cells via centrifugation for 00:10:00 at 16100 x g at Room temperature .

2.1 Flash freeze pellets with liquid nitrogen and keep at -80 °C until extractions are carried out.

3 Re-suspend the frozen pellet in 800 µL of preheated extraction buffer.

4 Incubate at 65 °C for 01:00:00 . Gently vortex every 00:15:00 .

5 Cool to Room temperature .

5.1 Add equal volume of chloroform.










5.2 Shake vigorously until 2 phases form an emulsion.

6 Collect the aqueous phase by centrifuging for 00:10:00 in micro-centrifuge at 16100 x g at Room temperature .



- 7 Collect aqueous phase and re-extract with an equal volume of chloroform.
- 7.1 Centrifuge as above.
- 8 Collect aqueous phase and add 10 Molarity (M) LiCl to a final concentration of 3 Molarity (M) .
- 8.1 Allow the RNA to precipitate at 4 °C overnight.
- 9 Recover the RNA by centrifugation at 16100 x g at 4 °C for 00:20:00 .
- 10 Dissolve pellet in DEPC treated water.
- 10.1 Extract once with hot acid phenol.
- 11 Extract the aqueous phase with equal volume of phenol:chloroform (5:1).
- 12 Vortex for 00:01:00 at Room temperature .
- 12.1 Spin for 00:05:00 in a micro-centrifuge at top speed.
- 13 Extract the aqueous phase with equal volume of chloroform.
- 14 Collect aqueous phase and add 1/30 volume of 3 Molarity (M) sodium acetate pH 5.5 and 0.1 volume of 100 % ethanol.



- 14.1 Mix well and keep on ice for  00:30:00 .
- 14.2 Centrifuge in cold for  00:25:00 .
- 14.3 A white jelly-like pellet consisting mostly of polysaccharides is obtained and discarded.
- 15 To the clear supernatant add  3 Molarity (M) sodium acetate pH 5.2 to a final concentration of  0.3 Molarity (M) and 3 volumes of 100 % ethanol.
- 15.1 Allow the RNA to precipitate at  -80 °C for  03:00:00 to overnight.
- 16 Spin in micro-centrifuge at  4 °C at top speed for  00:20:00 .
- 17 Wash the pellet with 70 % ethanol.
- 18 Invert tubes and air dry at room temperature.
- 19 Resuspend pellets in  50 µL of DEPC treated water.