

Aug 22, 2018

RNA extraction with trizol for tissues

DOI

<https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.stmeek6>

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Protocol Citation: Maysa Silva, Maryana Branquinho, Maria C  rmen Sales 2018. RNA extraction with trizol for tissues. protocols.io <https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.stmeek6>

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Protocol status: Working

We use this protocol and it's working

Created: August 22, 2018



Last Modified: August 22, 2018

Protocol Integer ID: 14925

Keywords: trizol, RNA extraction, trizol for tissues, rna extraction with trizol, rna extraction, rna, extraction, tissue

Materials

MATERIALS

 EDTA

 75% Ethanol

 Isopropanol

 Chloroform

 RNase-free water

Before start

Clean the benches and all the material that will be used with alcohol 70.

Use tips with filter.

Cool the centrifuge to 4°C.

RNA extraction

- 1 Add 1 mL of Trizol to amounts of 50 to 100 mg and homogenize with the homogenizer. Pass to a tube.

In this step, you can freeze this sample for up to 6 months in the -80C freezer or continue the protocol.

RNA extraction

- 2 Incubate for 5 minutes to permit complete dissociation of the nucleoproteins complex.
- 3 Add 200 μ l of chloroform per 1 mL of TRIzol and incubate for 2 to 3 minutes.
- 4 Centrifuge the sample for 15 minutes at 12,000 $\times$ g at 4°C.
- 5 The mixture separates into a lower red phenol-chloroform, and interphase, and a colorless upper aqueous phase.

Transfer the aqueous (incolor) phase containing the RNA to a new tube by angling the tube at 45° and pipetting the solution out.
- 6 Add 500 μ l of isopropanol per 1 mL of TRIzol. Incubate for 10 minutes.
- 7 Centrifuge for 10 minutes at 12.000 $\times$ g at 4°C.
- 8 Discard the supernatant with a micropipetto and resuspend the pellet in 1 mL of 75% ethanol per 1 mL of TRIzol.
- 9 Vortex the sample briefly and centrifuge for 5 minutes at 7.500 $\times$ g at 4°C.
- 10 Discard the supernatant with a micropipettor. Vacuum or air dry the RNA pellet for 5–10 minutes.



- 11 Resuspend the pellet in 20–50 μL of RNase-free water, 0.1 mM EDTA, or 0.5% SDS solution by pipetting up and down.

Note: Do not dissolve the RNA in 0.5% SDS if the RNA is to be used in subsequent enzymatic reactions.

- 12 Incubate in a water bath or heat block set at 55–60°C for 10–15 minutes.

Then store in -80°C freezer.

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