

Nov 20, 2020

# Rearing Bark and Ambrosia Beetles from Naturally Infested Wood

DOI

[dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.bnuhmet6](https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.bnuhmet6)



Jiri Hulcr<sup>1</sup>, Andrew J. Johnson<sup>1</sup>, Demian F Gomez<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>University of Florida

Protocols Bark Beetle M...



Bark Beetle Mycobiome Research Coordination Network Bark

Beetle

## Create & collaborate more with a free account

Edit and publish protocols, collaborate in communities, share insights through comments, and track progress with run records.

Create free account

OPEN  ACCESS



DOI: <https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.bnuhmet6>

**Document Citation:** Jiri Hulcr, Andrew J. Johnson, Demian F Gomez 2020. Rearing Bark and Ambrosia Beetles from Naturally Infested Wood. **protocols.io** <https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.bnuhmet6>



**License:** This is an open access document distributed under the terms of the **Creative Commons Attribution License**, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited

**Created:** October 23, 2020

**Last Modified:** November 20, 2020

**Document Integer ID:** 43625

**Keywords:** bark beetle mycobiome, part of the bark beetle mycobiome, ambrosia beetle, infested wood, fungus symbiosis, beetle, fungus, widespread insect, rearing bark, wood this protocol, more information on the bbm, symbiosis, bark, bbm

## Abstract

This protocol describes how to rear bark and ambrosia beetles in naturally infested wood.

This protocol is part of the Bark Beetle Mycobiome (BBM) Research Coordination Network. For more information on the BBM international network: Hulcr J, Barnes I, De Beer ZW, Duong TA, Gazis R, Johnson AJ, Jusino MA, Kasson MT, Li Y, Lynch S, Mayers C, Musvuugwa T, Roets F, Selmann KC, Six D, Vanderpool D, & Villari C. 2020. Bark beetle mycobiome: collaboratively defined research priorities on a widespread insect-fungus symbiosis. Symbiosis 81: 101–113 <https://doi.org/10.1007/s13199-020-00686-9>.

## Troubleshooting



### **Sealing ends of logs against desiccation (multiple options):**

- with parafilm (quickest)
- Spectracide pruning seal (United Industry Corp.)
- paint over with natural latex
- dip in molten wax

### **Suitable rearing box**

Long, skinny, transparent plastic tupperware with a snug lid.

The beetles often have problems walking on slick wet surface such as in a plastic box. Options for the surface inside:

- paint with latex and cover with sand immediately, to create rough surface
- roughen with sandpaper (not reliable, droplets still catching beetles)
- put paper towels on the bottom (keeps moisture well, but not reliable, doesn't cover corners, which is where beetles congregate)

Many other rearing box designs exist, most of them dark, with a transparent bottle attached to concentrate the insects. Our design is simpler, and sufficient to rear and collect live, freshly emerged beetles, which is critical for research.