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Version 1

Populating the NCBI pathogen metadata template V.1

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Protocol status: Working

This protocol is in pilot phase. It has been fully tested by three laboratories and is actively being tested by six others. Please comment if you find errors or steps that need clarification. Our pilot phase will extend through April 2020, so expect minor updates through this process.

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Abstract

PURPOSE: Guidance on how to populate NCBI's Pathogen metadata package, maximizing interoperability for foodborne pathogen surveillance.

SCOPE: This protocol provides detailed instructions for populating the core metadata fields within the Pathogen metadata package.

Materials

Gather the following contextual information for each pure culture isolate:

1. organism name
2. lab name that collected the sample
3. collection date
4. collection source
5. Geographic location of sample collection

Troubleshooting



Before start

Before collecting sequence data for your isolates, ensure that you can provide the minimum metadata recommended by your coordinating surveillance body. The INSDC, in collaboration with the Global Microbial Identifier (GMI) (<https://www.globalmicrobialidentifier.org>), recommends using the Pathogen metadata template for pathogen surveillance submissions: (NCBI: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pathogens/submit-data/> and EMBL-EBI: <https://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/submit/pathogen-data>).

Background

1 Download the pathogen metadata package from NCBI:

Navigate to BioSample submission: <https://submit.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/subs/biosample>

Click on “Download batch submission template”, then select the “**Pathogen affecting public health**” and the appropriate package depending on the type of isolates. We recommend using the combined template for simplicity.

Direct link to download the packages:

<https://submit.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/biosample/template>

Follow the GenomeTrakr guidance below for populating the minimum set of metadata fields. Following these guidelines closely will ensure that your submissions will be fully interoperable within the rest of the database.

Pathogen package attributes

2 strain

This is the authoritative ID used within NCBI Pathogen Detection and for thePulseNet/GenomeTrakr networks. Although the strain ID can have any format, we suggest that it be unique, concise, and consistent within your laboratory (e.g. CFSAN123456). There are downstream advantages to the name being entirely alpha-numeric, so avoid special characters if possible.

3 sample_name

Sample Name is another unique identifier for the pure culture isolate and required by NCBI for BioSample submission (it cannot be left blank). It can have any format, but we suggest that it be the same as the strain name or contain another identifier important to the isolate or submitting laboratory. NCBI validates this attribute for uniqueness, so you cannot use “missing, or “not collected”. This identifier is NOT available in NCBI-PD.

4 organism

The organism name should include the most descriptive information you have at time of submission, adhering to proper nomenclature in NCBI taxonomy database:

<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi>. Check spelling carefully!

Genus species:

Salmonella enterica

*Listeria monocytogenes*

Genus species and subspecies:

Salmonella enterica subsp.*enterica*

Determined serotype or serovar (trad or WGS-based):

Escherichia coli O104:H7

Salmonella enterica subsp.*enterica* serovar Agnoa

Salmonella enterica subsp.*diarizonae* serovar 16:z10:e,n,x,z15

Listeria monocytogenes serotype 1/2a

*If subspecies or serovar-level taxonomy is included in the organism field, then additional attributes must also be populated.

- 4.1 If subspecies and/or serotype information is included in the organism name, then these attributes also need to be populated:

sub_species (This field needs to be manually added to your template. Or, NCBI will add it for you if its missing.)

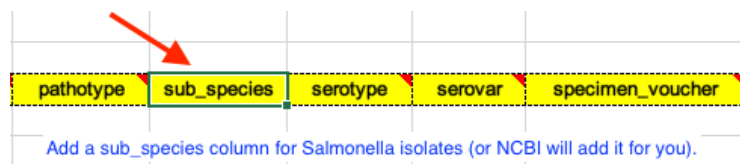
For *Salmonella*

serovar

For *Salmonella*

serotype

For all other pathogens (e.g *E.coli* and *Listeria*)



pathotype	sub_species	serotype	serovar	specimen_voucher
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Add a sub_species column for Salmonella isolates (or NCBI will add it for you).

5 **collected_by**

Name of laboratory that sequenced the isolate (or institute that collected the sample). Abbreviations are ok if they are well-known in the community (e.g. FDA or CDC)

6 **attribute_package**



This field provides the pathogen type (or “isolation type”). Allowed values are “Pathogen.cl” (for human clinical pathogens) or “Pathogen.env” (for environmental, food, or animal clinical isolates). The value provided in this field drives validation of other fields and cannot be left blank.

6.1 **host**

*For Pathogen.cl only: “Homo sapiens” if clinical isolate.

6.2 **host_disease**

*For Pathogen.cl only: Name of relevant disease, e.g., Salmonella gastroenteritis. This field must use controlled vocabulary provided at:<http://bioportal.bioontology.org/ontologies/1009> or <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/mesh>. Label this field “not collected” if unknown for clinical isolates. Leave blank for all Pathogen.env isolates.

7 **collection_date**

Date of sampling in ISO 8601 standard: “YYYY-mm-dd”, “YYYY-mm” or “YYYY” (e.g., 1990–10–30, 1990–10, or 1990).

Including the month or month/day of collection is extremely valuable for accessing seasonality in the database.

8 **geo_loc_name**

Geographical origin of the sample using controlled vocabulary: <http://www.insdc.org/country>. Use a colon to separate the country or ocean from more detailed information about the location, e.g., “Canada: Vancouver”. Country and state are required for GenomeTrakr isolates from the US, e.g. “USA: CA”.

Packaged food guidance: list the country or state of origin listed on the label. If no originating source is listed then include the location of purchase (country: state).

9 **isolation_source**

Describes the physical, environmental and/or local geographical sample from which the organism was derived. Avoid generic terms such as patient isolate, sample, food, surface, clinical, product, source, environment.

Food samples: provide a precise description of the food without including product brands or firm names. E.g. bagged romaine lettuce, chicken breast, frozen shrimp, cilantro, ground turmeric, etc. Specify type of vegetable, milk, cheese, flour, and seafood. Do not use acronyms.

Environmental samples: specify natural geographic features. E.g. agricultural soil, fresh water stream, irrigation pond, river sediment, etc.

Facility or farm inspection samples: "Environmental swab" is the standard term in the database for facility inspection samples, however include more information if possible. E.g. environmental swab from sink at retail food establishment, environmental sponge from floor drain at food processing facility. For farm samples specify the type of sample collected, e.g. irrigation water from farm, or soil from farm.

Animal clinical samples: provide the type of specimen, organ (nasal swab, skin ulcer, fecal, spleen biopsy, etc) and host binomial in parentheses. E.g. nasal swab (*Equus ferus caballus*).

Animal feed: specify the type of feed, including the intended animal. E.g. bovine animal feed, or poultry feed.

10 **bioproject_accession**

The accession number of the BioProject(s) to which the BioSample belongs (PRJNAxxxxxx). This cannot be left blank.

11 **lat_lon**

Provide latitude and longitude to support geo_loc_name. This field is required to be populated by NCBI. However, if this level of detail is not available, GenomeTrakr recommends including "missing" or "not collected" here.