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Version 3

ONT Q20+ (V12) Adapter Ligation for Fungal DNA Barcoding V.3

 In 1 collection

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Protocol status: Working

We use this protocol and it's working

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Abstract

This process will take your A-tailed library and add the nanopore adapters. Simply combine several chemicals for a single reaction and do a bead cleanup.

Tested with:

Flowcells: Flongle 9.4.1 or MinION 10.4.1

Ligation Kit: V12 - LSK112

Time required: ~45 minutes



Materials

Reagents

⊗ Ligation Sequencing Kit (Q20) **Oxford Nanopore Technologies Catalog #SQK-LSK112** : \$694.43 per 6 reactions

⊗ NEBNext Quick Ligation Module **New England Biolabs Catalog #E6056S** : \$361.00 per 20 reactions

*note: This kit has two components. We use one. NEB checking on whether the single one is available for purchase. Samples of this kit should be available to start.

⊗ HighPrep™ PCR Clean-up System **MagBio Genomics Inc. Catalog #AC-60005** : \$117.88 per 50 mL. \$0.047 per rxn.

Total per Flongle run (1/2 rxns): \$66.95

Total per MinION run: \$133.89

Total per 96 samples: \$13.38

Total per sample (Flongle: 480 samples): \$0.139

Consumables

Eppendorf DNA LoBind 1.5mL tubes

10uL pipette tips

100-200uL pipette tips

Equipment

PCR tube rack

Vortex mixer

Mini centrifuge

PCR cleanup magnet

10uL Pipette

100uL Pipette

Hula mixer (Ebay): \$200.00 (optional)

Quantus or Qubit Fluorometer (optional)

Protocol materials

⊗ HighPrep™ PCR Clean-up System **MagBio Genomics Inc. Catalog #AC-60005**

⊗ Ligation Sequencing Kit (Q20) **Oxford Nanopore Technologies Catalog #SQK-LSK112**

⊗ NEBNext Quick Ligation Module **New England Biolabs Catalog #E6056S**



Adapter Ligation

- 1 Spin down the Adapter Mix H (AMX H) and Quick T4 Ligase, and place on ice.

AMX H -

 Ligation Sequencing Kit (Q20) **Oxford Nanopore Technologies Catalog #SQK-LSK112**

Quick T4 Ligase -

 NEBNext Quick Ligation Module **New England Biolabs Catalog #E6056S**

- 2 Thaw Ligation Buffer (LNB) at room temperature, spin down and mix by pipetting. Due to viscosity, vortexing this buffer is ineffective. Place on ice immediately after thawing and mixing.

LNB -

 Ligation Sequencing Kit (Q20) **Oxford Nanopore Technologies Catalog #SQK-LSK112**

- 3 Thaw the Elution Buffer (EB) at room temperature, mix by vortexing, spin down and place on ice.

EB - Lig

 Ligation Sequencing Kit (Q20) **Oxford Nanopore Technologies Catalog #SQK-LSK112**

- 4 Thaw one tube of Short Fragment Buffer (SFB) at room temperature, mix by vortexing, spin down and place on ice.

SFB -

 Ligation Sequencing Kit (Q20) **Oxford Nanopore Technologies Catalog #SQK-LSK112**

- 5 In a 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube, mix in the following order:

Between each addition, pipette mix 10-20 times.

Reagent	9.4.1 Flongle Volume	R10.4.1 MinION Volume
DNA sample from the previous step	30 µl	60 µl



Ligation Buffer (LNB)	12.5 μ l	25 μ l
NEBNext Quick T4 DNA Ligase	5 μ l	10 μ l
Adapter Mix H (AMX H)	2.5 μ l	5 μ l
Total	50 μ l	100 μ

6 00:00:05 Spin down with a mini centrifuge for 00:00:05 . 10s

7 Incubate the reaction for 00:10:00 at room temperature. 10m

8 Resuspend magnetic bead stock by vortexing.

9 Add 20 μ L (Flongle) or 40 μ L (MinION) of resuspended beads to the reaction and mix by flicking the tube.

10 Incubate on a Hula mixer (rotator mixer) for 00:05:00 at room temperature. 5m

11 Spin down the sample for 00:00:05 and pellet on a magnet for 00:02:00 . 2m 5s
Keep the tube on the magnet, and pipette off the supernatant.

12 Wash the beads by adding 150 μ L (Flongle) or 250 μ L (MinION) of Short Fragment Buffer (SFB). Flick the beads to resuspend, spin down for 00:00:05 , then return the tube to the magnetic rack for 00:02:00 and allow the beads to pellet. Remove the supernatant using a pipette and discard. 2m 5s

Note: flicking the tube does not seem to fully resuspend the beads. Just flick 10 times or so.

SFB -



Ligation Sequencing Kit (Q20) **Oxford Nanopore Technologies Catalog #SQK-LSK112**

13 Repeat the previous step.



- 14 Spin down for  00:00:05 and place the tube back on the magnet. Pipette off any residual supernatant. Allow to dry for ~30 seconds, but do not dry the pellet to the point of cracking. 5s
- 15 Remove the tube from the magnetic rack and resuspend the pellet in 15 µl Elution Buffer (EB). Incubate for  00:10:00 at room temperature. 10m
- 16 Pellet the beads on a magnet until the eluate is clear and colorless, for at least  00:01:00 . 1m
- 17 Remove and retain 15 µl of eluate containing the DNA library into a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube.
- Store on ice until you are ready to load in your flowcell.

Quantification

- 18 If you have access to a Quantus or Qubit fluorimeter, now is a good time to quantify 2uL of DNA in your sample.

It is recommend loading 5 fmol to 10 fmol of this final prepared library onto your flow cells. Loading more than 20 fmol of DNA can reduce the rate of duplex read capture. Dilute the library in Elution Buffer if required.

<https://www.promega.com/resources/tools/biomath/>

For 900bp length DNA (what our ITS1F-4 rxns appear to average), we are looking for Flongle R9.4.1: 5 fmol - 20 fmol = .003ug - .012ug of DNA.

MinION R9.4.1: 5 - 50 fmol = .003ug - .029ug of DNA.

MinION R10.4.1: 25 - 75 fmol = .015ug - .044ug of DNA.

For a 22 ng/uL sample (Quantus quantification):

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 22\text{ng} & 1\text{ug} & \\ \text{-----} & * & \text{-----} \\ & & = 0.022\text{ug/uL} \end{array} \quad * \quad 13\text{uL (elution buffer; or x15 if you did not quantify using 2uL)} = 0.286 \text{ ug DNA in}$$

1uL 1000ng

sample of 13uL elution buffer.



*Note: the 0.286 in the calculations below will change based on your individual DNA amount.

**Also note: The ONT protocol suggests using additional EB in order to make concentration adjustments. As there is not a lot of the reagent in the standard packets, and it is not possible to buy more individually, I have been using molecular water for this step with no ill effect.

Flongle 9.4.1

How much additional molecular water to have 5.5uL needed for the next step give us correct amount of DNA?

$0.286\text{ug} / \text{xuL} = 0.010\text{ug}$ (17 fmol DNA) $\times 28.6\text{uL} \times 5.5\text{uL} = 157.3\text{uL} - 13\text{uL}$ (or 15 if you did not quantify) = 144.3uL

So at 0.022ug/uL quantification, add an additional 144.3uL of molecular water to have right concentration to use 5.5uL for the next step with Flongle.

11ng/uL sample comes out to adding an additional 65.7 uL of molecular water.

31ng/uL sample comes out to adding an additional 208.7 uL of molecular water.

I would use 150 uL of extra molecular water if you are not able to quantify your sample.

MinION R9.4.1

$0.33\text{ug} / \text{xuL} = 0.025\text{ug}$ (42 fmol DNA) $\times 13.2\text{uL} \times 11\text{uL} = 145.2\text{uL} - 15\text{uL} = 130\text{uL}$ elution buffer addition.

MinION R10.4.1

$0.33\text{ug} / \text{xuL} = 0.04\text{ug}$ (67 fmol DNA) $\times 8.25\text{uL} \times 11\text{uL} = 90.75\text{uL} - 15\text{uL} = 75\text{uL}$ elution buffer addition.