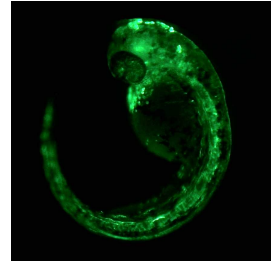


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Multisite Gateway Calculations: Excel spreadsheet

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Abstract

Multisite Gateway cloning provides a modular tool to assemble plasmid vectors suitable for numerous applications. The assembly of Multisite Gateway plasmids requires the correct ratios of three entry vectors and the destination backbone to favor correct recombination by Gateway LR Clonase II Plus. While simple, the calculation of recombination mixes is a reoccurring task when using Multisite Gateway that benefits from automation and proper documentation. This protocol provides a simple Excel-based spreadsheet to simplify the involved calculations based on providing individual vector lengths and working stock concentrations. Using this Multisite Gateway calculations spreadsheet supports correct reaction mix assembly, scaling of cloning reactions, cloning documentation, and troubleshooting.

Multisite Gateway calculations using a simple Excel spreadsheet

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Multisite Gateway (1) is a widely used cloning method based on the widespread availability of individual component vectors through repositories such as AddGene (www.addgene.org) and a multitude of published plasmids from individual laboratories or organizations working on diverse models. For zebrafish, in particular the Tol2 Kit vectors for transgenesis have introduced a multitude of zebrafish labs to Gateway cloning, stimulating vector exchange and simple, modular assembly of new transgenesis tools (2).

Based on the recombination reaction catalyzed by Gateway LR Clonase II Plus, Multisite Gateway cloning incorporates Entry vectors with inserts flanked by dedicated repeats (commonly called Gateway repeats) into a final Destination vector. In their most-applied form, such multi-vector assemblies consist of 1) a 5' entry vector harboring a gene-regulatory element or promoter; 2) a middle entry vector harboring an ORF encoding a fluorescent protein or other factors of interest; 3) a 3' vector harboring a polyadenylation signal in a untranslated trailed sequence; and 4) a Destination backbone with suitable elements for transgenesis, bacterial selection, and more. A multitude of modular assemblies are possible beyond such basic expression constructs.

The successful assembly by recombination of all these four plasmids requires a well-balanced ratio of the individual parts in the reaction: standard reactions combine 10 femtomole (fmol) of each Entry vector with 20 fmol of the Destination backbone vector together with LR Clonase II Plus in a 10 microliter (μl) reaction volume. This reaction is incubated for 16+ hours at 25 degrees Celsius before short Proteinase K treatment and subsequent transformation into suitable competent bacteria for selection and propagation (as per manufacturer's protocol in Ref. 1). The original manufacturer's protocol describes 10 μl reactions, yet scaling down to 5 μl reactions has proven practical and economical (3,4).

While seemingly mundane, a common challenge in assembling Multisite Gateway reactions is the proper calculation of equal fmol amounts of each involved vector in the reaction tube. While the involved calculations are simple, having a means to rapidly calculate reaction mixes a) provides an additional safeguard against calculation errors; b) enables scaling up of reaction mix calculations to tackle several clonings at once; c) document the involved calculations for trouble-shooting, lab book documentation, and publications.

The final goal is to assemble a 5 μl reaction consisting of 4 μl total solution containing all four vectors in ddH₂O plus 1 μl of LR Clonase II Plus.

Assuming the classic 660 g/mol for a DNA base pair, the calculations to achieve a final 10 fmol amount per vector in a 5 μl Multisite Gateway reaction is:

$$1. [total\ length\ of\ vector]\ bp \times 10\ fmol \times (660/10^6) = [total\ vector\ amount]\ ng$$

2.
$$([total\ vector\ amount]\ ng / [concentration\ vector\ stock]\ ng/\mu l) / 2\ (for\ 5\ \mu l\ half-reactions) = \mu l\ for\ 10\ fmol$$

To reach a total of 4 μ l final vector solution, calculate:

3.
$$4\ \mu l - ([volume\ 5'\ vector\ 1] + volume\ middle\ vector] + [volume\ 3'\ vector] + [volume\ backbone\ vector])$$

$$= \mu l\ ddH_2O\ to\ reach\ 4\ \mu l\ reaction\ mix\ before\ adding\ LR\ Clonase\ II\ Plus$$

These simple, yet repetitive calculations are combined here in an Excel-based spreadsheet that includes annotation fields to keep track of used vectors. The spreadsheet has pre-formatted calculation sections for two assemblies, and can easily be expanded by copy/paste to accommodate more. We have been using this spreadsheet since 2008 to reproducibly assemble Multisite Gateway vectors for zebrafish transgenesis (3,4). Rounding of the calculated numbers depends on individual Excel settings and, at the bench, should be assumed within practical reason for pipetting.

Saving a dedicated spreadsheet for each newly assembled vector or vector group is recommended as best practice, and to additionally document so in your personal lab book (hard copy or digital). In the lab, we commonly print the spreadsheet calculations for documentation purposes.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	MultisiteGateway Cloning Spread Sheet										Christian Mosimann, 11/19/2009		
2	vector name												
3			bp total	fmol	total				plasmid concentration		use		
4													
5	5' Element	pCM293	9027	10	59.5782 ng				40 ng/ul		0.74473 ul		
6	ORF	Tol2 kit 383	5631	10	37.1646 ng				40 ng/ul		0.46456 ul		
7	3' UTR	Tol2 kit 302	2838	10	18.7308 ng				20 ng/ul		0.46827 ul		
8	Backbone	pCM268	5085	20	67.122 ng				79 ng/ul		0.42482 ul		
9													
10									ddH2O		1.89762 ul		
11													
12									add 1ul LR Clonase II PLUS		5 ul total		
13													
14	vector name												
15			bp total	fmol	total				plasmid concentration		use		
16													
17	5' Element	pCM202	6825	10	45.045 ng				25 ng/ul		0.9009 ul		
18	ORF	Tol2 kit 383	5631	10	37.1646 ng				40 ng/ul		0.46456 ul		
19	3' UTR	Tol2 kit 302	2838	10	18.7308 ng				20 ng/ul		0.46827 ul		
20	Backbone	pCM268	5085	20	67.122 ng				79 ng/ul		0.42482 ul		
21													
22									ddH2O		1.74145 ul		
23													
24									add 1ul LR Clonase II PLUS		5 ul total		
25													

Figure 1: Multisite Gateway Cloning Spread Sheet to calculate cloning reactions involving all necessary vectors at correct concentrations, final water volume, and enzyme.

The Multisite Gateway Calculation sheet is used as follows in a cloning workflow:

1. Fill in individual **vector names** in **column B**
2. Fill in individual total **vector size** in base pairs in **column C**
3. Fill in individual **vector stock concentrations** in **column I**
4. Double-check pipetting volumes are practical (i.e. not below 0.2 μ l; working stocks 20–60 ng/ μ l)
5. Add 1 μ l LR Clonase II Plus as last step (vortexed 2x for 2 sec), mix by flicking followed by quick spin
6. Incubate reactions at 25 degrees Celsius for 16 h+

General Multisite Gateway tips:

- Use clean minipreps, verified by 260/230 nm and 260/280 nm measurements; avoid kit elution buffers
- Use ddH₂O to make working stocks for gateway
- Always use clean, fresh ddH₂O or TE
- Always vortex the Clonase 2x for 2 seconds to properly mix the stock (crucial)
- Mix the reaction once assembled
- Do not use too concentrated vector stock solution, working stocks in the range of 20-60 ng/μl work well

Download the spreadsheet here:

MultisiteGateway Calculations v1 F...

Taken together, this simple spreadsheet facilitates the reproducible and documented assembly of Multisite Gateway reactions with three entry vectors and their targeted destination vector.

References:

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