



Apr 02, 2024

Multiplex Labeling with Tyramide Fluorophores (Free-Floating Tissues)-Killinger Lab 2024

DOI

<https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.yxmvme7zng3p/v1>

Bryan Killinger¹, Tyler Tittle¹, Solji Choi²

¹Rush University; ²Rush University Medical Center



Bryan Killinger

Rush University

Create & collaborate more with a free account

Edit and publish protocols, collaborate in communities, share insights through comments, and track progress with run records.

Create free account

OPEN  ACCESS



DOI: <https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.yxmvme7zng3p/v1>

Protocol Citation: Bryan Killinger, Tyler Tittle, Solji Choi 2024. Multiplex Labeling with Tyramide Fluorophores (Free-Floating Tissues)-Killinger Lab 2024. **protocols.io** <https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.yxmvme7zng3p/v1>

License: This is an open access protocol distributed under the terms of the **Creative Commons Attribution License**, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited

Protocol status: Working

We use this protocol and it's working

Created: March 18, 2024

Last Modified: April 02, 2024

Protocol Integer ID: 97660

Keywords: multiplex labeling with tyramide fluorophore, tyramide fluorophores in the killinger lab, using tyramide fluorophore, multiplex labeling, tyramide fluorophore, floating tissue, killinger lab, tissue, lab 2024 this protocol detail, lab

Funders Acknowledgements:

NIH-NINDS

Grant ID: 1R01NS128467

Michael J Fox Foundation

Grant ID: ASAP-024442

Abstract

This protocol details the multiplex labeling of free-floating tissues using tyramide fluorophores in the killinger lab (2024).

Attachments



2024 Dual Labeling U...

18KB

Materials

Sodium Citrate Buffer,  **(1L):**

	A	B
	2.94 g	Sodium citrate-Trisodium salt(Dihydrate)in 1000 mL DI water.
	6.0 pH	Adjust pH to
	0.5 mL	Tween-20 (Mix well)

Blocking buffer:

	A	B
	100 mL	Dilution media
	3 mL	Normal serum
	2 g	Bovine serum albumin
	0.4 mL	Triton x100 (Mix well so the Triton is completely dissolved)

[M] 0.05 Mass Percent Borate buffer 

	A	B
	300mL	DI H2O
	5.72 g	Sodium tetraborate decahydrate (P17, big bottle)



Day 1:

1h 50m

- 1 Wash free-floating tissue (3 × 10 minutes) in dilution media (DM). 
- 1.1 Wash free-floating tissue for  00:10:00 in dilution media (DM) (1/3). 

- 1.2 Wash free-floating tissue for  00:10:00 in dilution media (DM) (2/3). 

- 1.3 Wash free-floating tissue for  00:10:00 in dilution media (DM) (3/3). 

- 2 Heat water bath  01:30:00 before the antigen retrieval step. 

 1. Human samples:  90 °C -  95 °C
 2. Mouse samples:  80 °C -  85 °C
- 3 Place the dish containing sodium citrate buffer in the water bath and heat it for  00:10:00 . 

 - a. **Sodium Citrate Buffer,  6 (1L):**
 -  2.94 g Sodium citrate-Trisodium salt (Dihydrate) in  1000 mL DI water.
 - Adjust pH to 6.0.
 -  0.5 mL Tween-20. Mix well.
- 4 Wash the tissues in sodium citrate buffer for  00:05:00 . 

- 5 Incubate the tissues in the heated sodium citrate buffer for  00:30:00 . 

- 6 Cool down the tissues by placing container in an ice bucket for  00:15:00 . 



7 Wash in DM for 10 minutes x 2 times.



7.1 Wash in DM for 00:10:00 (1/2).

10m



7.2 Wash in DM for 00:10:00 (2/2).

10m



8 Endogenous peroxidase inhibition and serum blocking step (01:00:00 incubation):
0.3% H₂O₂+0.1% Sodium Azide in blocking buffer.

1h



a. Blocking buffer:

A	B
Dilution media	100 mL
Normal serum	3 mL
Bovine serum albumin	2 g
Triton x100 (Mix well so the Triton is completely dissolved)	0.4 mL

b. In 50 mL blocking buffer, add 0.5 mL 30% H₂O₂ + 0.5 mL 10% Sodium Azide.

9 Dilute primary antibody in blocking buffer. Incubate Overnight at 4 °C .

10m



Day 2:

2w 0d 2h

10 Wash (3 × 10 minutes) in dilution media.



10.1 Wash for 00:10:00 in dilution media (1/3).

10m

10.2 Wash for 00:10:00 in dilution media (2/3).



10m



10.3 Wash for 00:10:00 in dilution media (3/3).

10m



11 HRP-Secondary antibody incubation 1:1000 dilution (01:00:00).

1h

▪ Solvent is 100 mL DM/ 1 mL normal serum/ 1 g BSA.



12 Wash (2 × 10 minutes) in dilution media.



12.1 Wash for 00:10:00 in dilution media (1/2).

10m



12.2 Wash for 00:10:00 in dilution media (2/2).

10m



13 Wash in borate buffer for 00:10:00 .

10m

a. 0.05 Mass Percent **Borate buffer** pH 8.5



A	B
300mL	DI H ₂ O
5.72 g	Sodium tetraborate decahydrate (P17, big bottle)

1. Mix well to dissolve completely.

2. Adjust to pH 8.5 .

14 Incubate with tyramide fluorophore (TF) for 00:30:00 while blocking light.

30m

a. 10 mL Borate buffer + 1 µL H₂O₂ + 5 µL TF.





- 15 View under the microscope to confirm successful staining.
- 16 Store in PBS and leave at 4 °C . It can be stored for up to 2 weeks. Otherwise, proceed with the antigen retrieval step.

Day 3:

2h 50m

- 17 Heat water bath 01:30:00 before the antigen retrieval step. 1h 30m
- a. Human samples: 90 °C - 95 °C
- b. Mouse samples: 80 °C - 85 °C
- 18 Place the dish containing sodium citrate buffer in the water bath and heat it for 00:10:00 . 10m
- a. **Sodium Citrate Buffer, 6 (1L):**
- 2.94 g Sodium citrate-Trisodium salt (Dihydrate) in 1000 mL DI water.
 - Adjust pH to 6.0
 - 0.5 mL Tween-20. Mix well.
- 19 Wash the tissues in sodium citrate buffer for 00:05:00 . 5m
- 20 Incubate the tissues in the heated sodium citrate buffer for 00:30:00 . 30m
- 21 Cool down the tissues by placing container in an ice bucket for 00:15:00 . 15m
- 22 Wash in DM for 10 minutes x 2 times.

22.1 Wash in DM for 00:10:00 (1/2).

10m



22.2 Wash in DM for 00:10:00 (2/2).

10m



23 Endogenous peroxidase inhibition and serum blocking step (00:10:00 incubation):
0.3% H₂O₂+0.1% Sodium Azide in blocking buffer.

10m



a. Blocking buffer:

A	B
Dilution media	100 mL
Normal serum	3 mL
Bovine serum albumin	2 g
Triton x100 (Mix well so the Triton is completely dissolved)	0.4 mL

b. In 50 mL blocking buffer, add 0.5 mL 30% H₂O₂ + 0.5 mL 10% Sodium Azide.

24 Dilute primary antibody in blocking buffer. Incubate Overnight at 4 °C .

10m



Day 4:

2h 20m

25 Wash (3 × 10 minutes) in dilution media.



25.1 Wash for 00:10:00 in dilution media (1/3).

10m



25.2 Wash for 00:10:00 in dilution media (2/3).

10m



25.3 Wash for  00:10:00 in dilution media (3/3).

10m



26 HRP-Secondary antibody incubation 1:1000 dilution ( 01:00:00).

1h



a. Solvent is  100 mL DM/1 mL normal serum/1g BSA.

27 Wash (2 × 10 minutes) in dilution media.

27.1 Wash for  00:10:00 in dilution media (1/2).

10m

27.2 Wash for  00:10:00 in dilution media (2/2).

10m

28 Wash in borate buffer for  00:10:00 .

10m



a. [M] 0.05 Mass Percent **Borate buffer**  8.5

A	B
DI H2O	300mL
Sodium tetraborate decahydrate (P17, big bottle)	5.72 g

1. It takes a while to dissolve completely.

2. Adjust to  8.5 .

29 Incubate with tyramide fluorophore (TF) on a shaker for  00:30:00 while blocking light.

30m



a.  10 mL Borate buffer +  1 µL H₂O₂ +  5 µL TF.

30 View under the microscope to confirm successful staining.



31 DAPI staining ( 00:20:00)

20m



a. 1:2000 dilution PBS. Block the light.

32 Mount the tissues on a slide, cover the slide with Fluoroshield, and coverslip. Seal with nail polish on all sides of the coverslip.

33 When the nail polish is completely dried, view under the microscope. Always protect the slides from light. Slides can be stored at  4 °C .

