

MojoSort™ Streptavidin Nanobeads Column Protocol -Positive Selection V.2

DOI

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.692hh8e



Kelsey Miller¹, Sam Li¹

¹BioLegend

BioLegend

Tech. support email: tech@biolegend.com



Sam Li BioLegend



DOI: dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.692hh8e

External link: https://www.biolegend.com/protocols/mojosort-streptavidin-nanobeads-column-protocol-positive-selection/4773/

Protocol Citation: Kelsey Miller, Sam Li . MojoSort™ Streptavidin Nanobeads Column Protocol - Positive Selection. **protocols.io** https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.692hh8e

License: This is an open access protocol distributed under the terms of the **Creative Commons Attribution License**, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited

Created: September 11, 2019

Last Modified: September 11, 2019

Protocol Integer ID: 27674

Keywords: Streptavidin, Mojosort, column, cell separation, isolation



Abstract

BioLegend MojoSort™ nanobeads work in commonly used separation columns, based on our internal research as well as validation by external testing by academic labs. This simple protocol consists of following the MojoSort™ protocol to label the cells with **pre-diluted** MojoSort™ reagents and using the columns as indicated by the manufacturer.

Note: Due to the properties of our beads, it may be possible to use far fewer beads and less antibody than with other commercial suppliers. We recommend a titration to find the best dilution factor. However, as a general rule, dilutions ranging from 1:3 to 1:20 for the Nanobeads can be used. Please contact BioLegend Technical Service (tech@biolegend.com) if further assistance is needed.

Guidelines

MojoSort™ magnetic particles can be used with other commercially available magnetic separators, both free standing magnets and column-based systems. Because MojoSort™ protocols are optimized for the MojoSort™ separator, the protocols may need to be adjusted for other systems. Please contact BioLegend Technical Service (tech@biolegend.com) for more information and guidance. We do not recommend using MojoSort™ particles for BD's IMag™ or Life Technologies' DynaMag™.

Protocol Selection: If your target cells are the labeled cells (the positive fraction), use the Streptavidin Nanobeads Column Protocol - Positive Selection. If your target cells are the unlabeled cells (negative fraction), use the Streptavidin Nanobeads Column Protocol - Negative Selection.

Materials

MATERIALS

- MojoSort™ Buffer BioLegend Catalog #480017
- **⊠** MojoSort[™] Streptavidin Nanobeads
- Biotin-Conjugated Primary Antibody

Additional reagents:

- -commercially available cell separation columns
- -5 mL polypropylene tubes
- -70 μm cell strainer

- 1 Prepare cells from your tissue of interest or blood without lysing erythrocytes.
- In the final wash of your sample preparation, resuspend the cells in MojoSort™ Buffer by adding up to 4 mL in a 5 mL (12 × 75 mm) polypropylene tube.

Note: Keep MojoSort™ Buffer on ice throughout the procedure.

- Filter the cells with a 70 μm cell strainer, centrifuge at 300xg for 5 minutes, and resuspend in an appropriate volume of MojoSort™ Buffer. Count and adjust the cell concentration to 1 × 10⁸ cells/mL by adding MojoSort™ Buffer.
- Aliquot 100 μL of cell suspension (10⁷ cells) into a new tube. Check the recommended usage for flow cytometric staining of the Biotin-conjugated antibody indicated in the antibody technical datasheet. Calculate the volume to stain 10⁷ cells (or desired amount of cells). **Add the appropriate volume of pre-diluted Biotin-conjugated antibody** to the cell suspension, mix well and **incubate on ice for 15 minutes**.

Note: For the Biotin-conjugated antibodies, we recommend to do a titration to determine the optimal concentration.

- Wash the cells by adding MojoSort™ Buffer up to 4 mL. Centrifuge the cells at 300xg for 5 minutes.
- 6 Discard the supernatant and resuspend cells in 100 μL of MojoSort™ Buffer.
- Resuspend the beads by vortexing, maximum speed, 5 touches. Add the appropriate volume of pre-diluted Streptavidin Nanobeads. Mix well and incubate on ice for 15 minutes. Scale up the volume accordingly if separating more cells. For example, if the volume of pre-diluted Nanobeads for 1×10^7 cells is $10~\mu$ L, add $100~\mu$ L for 1×10^8 cells. When working with less than 10^7 cells, use indicated volumes for 10^7 cells. Note: The amount of Nanobeads to use always depends on the frequency of the target, among a few other factors. We recommend to do a titration to determine the optimal concentration.
- 8 Wash the cells by adding MojoSort™ Buffer up to 4 mL. Centrifuge the cells at 300xg for 5 minutes.
- 9 Discard the supernatant.
- Add the appropriate amount of MojoSort™ Buffer and proceed to separation. At least 500 µL is needed for column separation.

15m

5m

15m

5m



Note: There are several types of commercially available columns, depending on your application. Choose the one that fits best your experiment:

| | Max. number of labeled cells | Max. number of total cells | Cell suspension volume | Column rinse volume | Cell wash volume | Elution volume |
|--------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| Small Capacity | 1 x 10 ⁷ | 2 x 10 ⁸ | 500μL for up to 10 ⁸ cells | 1ml | 1 ml | 1 ml |
| Medium Capacity | 1 x 10 ⁸ | 2 x 10 ⁹ | 500µL for up to 10 ⁹ cells | 3ml | 3 ml | 5 ml |
| Large Capacity | 1 x 10 ⁹ | 2 x 10 ¹⁰ | 500µL for up to 10 ¹⁰ cells | 20-50ml | 30 ml | 20 ml |

Example of magnetic separation with medium capacity columns:

- 11 Place the column in a magnetic separator that fits the column.
- 12 Rinse the column with 3 mL of cell separation buffer.
- 13 Add the labeled cell suspension to the column through a 30 µm filter and collect the fraction containing the unlabeled cells.
- 14 Wash the cells in the column **3 times** with 3 mL of buffer and collect the fraction containing the unlabeled cells. Combine with the collected fraction from step 3. These cells may be useful as controls, to monitor purity/yield, or other purposes.
- 15 Take away the column from the magnet and place it on a tube. Then add 5 mL of buffer and flush out the magnetically labeled fraction with a plunger or supplied device. These are the positively isolated cells of interest; do not discard. To increase the purity of the magnetically labeled fraction repeat the isolation process with a new, freshly prepared column.