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Version 1

Modified protocol for genome-wide mapping of uncapped transcripts (GMUCT) in eukaryotes V.1

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We use this protocol and it's working

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Abstract

This is a modified protocol to perform genome-wide mapping of uncapped and cleaved transcripts (GMUCT; Willmann et al, 2014 Methods, 10.1016/j.ymeth.2013.07.003).

Attachments



MAN0015808_Dynabea

ds...

117KB

Guidelines

Make sure you are working at a clean work bench with filter tips to minimize chances for any sample contamination, especially RNases. Keep all samples and enzyme mixes on ice in between steps.

Materials

A	B	C
Item	Manufacturer	Catalog Number
Dynabeads mRNA purification kit	Invitrogen	61006
NEBNext Poly(A) mRNA Magnetic Isolation module	NEB	E7490
Magnetic separation rack for microtubes	e.g. Thermo Scientific	e.g. MR02
Magnetic separation rack for PCR tubes	e.g. VMR	e.g. 10770-240
HPLC-purified random hexamer primer that includes the TruSeq RA3 3'-adapter on the 5' end: 5'-ctggagttcctggcaccgcgagaattccannnnnn-3'	IDT	ssDNA oligo order
TruSeq Small RNA adapters and index primers: RA5, RP1, RPI1-48	Illumina / IDT	ssDNA oligo order
Betaine 5 M	Thermo Scientific Chemicals	J77507.UCR
T4 RNA Ligase 1 (ssRNA Ligase)	NEB	M0204S
25-bp DNA ladder	Applied Biosystems	931343
Invitrogen Qubit dsDNA HS Assay Kit	Invitrogen	Q32851
GlycoBlue Coprecipitant (15 mg/mL)	Invitrogen	AM9516
Phusion® High-Fidelity PCR Master Mix with HF Buffer	NEB	M0531S
Sodium Acetate (3 M), pH 5.5, RNase-free	Ambion	AM9740
Superscript II Reverse Transcriptase	Invitrogen	18064014
Deoxynucleotide (dNTP) Solution Set	NEB	N0446S
GelStar Nucleic Acid Gel Stain, 10,000X	Lonza	50535
DEPC-treated water	Invitrogen	AM9906
Corning® Costar® Spin-X® centrifuge tube filters	Sigma	CLS8160-24EA
Gel Breaker Tubes	IST Engineering	3388-100
BD Needle 1 in. single use, sterile, 21 G	BD	305165
Novex TBE Gels, 6%	Invitrogen	EC6265BOX
RNaseOUT Recombinant Ribonuclease Inhibitor	Invitrogen	10777019



	A	B	C
	Adenosine 5'-Triphosphate (ATP)	NEB	P0756S
	Qubit dsDNA HS Assay Kit	Invitrogen	Q32851

Safety warnings

! Be careful when performing gel excision, UV exposure can cause skin and eye damage.

Before start

Purify DNA-free total RNA samples using method of choice, for example, TRIzol-chloroform extraction (dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.bt8wnrx).



Poly-A selection

1 For each sample, dilute 5 - 30 µg total RNA in 100 µL of nuclease-free water (or 10 mM Tris-Cl pH 7.5).

2 Perform poly-A RNA selection using Dynabeads mRNA purification kit as per the manufacturer's instructions (see attachments).

Note, the capacity of these beads are 75 µg total RNA. So, if you are starting with < 32.5 µg total RNA, you may want to scale-down all the reactions by one-half in order to conserve reagents.

3 Determine concentration and purity of poly-A selected RNA using a Nanodrop.

4 Aliquot a normalized amount of poly-A selected RNA, for 5' adapter, in 9 µL of DEPC-treated water. Ideally, this would be approximately 600 ng poly-A RNA recovered from 30 µg total RNA.

Ligate 5' adapter

5 Combine the following in 200 µL PCR tubes, for each sample, and mix by pipetting 6 times.

	A	B
	Reagent	Volume (µL)
	25 µM RNA 5' Adapter (RA5)	1
	Poly-A selected RNA (600 ng)	9

6 Incubate at 70 °C for 2 min, then 4 °C for at least 2 min.

7 Prepare the following ligation mix, multiplying the volumes for the number of samples being processed (+5% for pipetting errors). Mix with gentle pipetting then briefly centrifuge.



A	B
Reagent	Volume (μL)
T4 RNA Ligase buffer	1.5
10 mM ATP	1
RNaseOUT	1
T4 RNA Ligase 1	1

5' ligation recipe

- 8 Add 4.5 μL of the mix to each sample, mix by pipetting 6 times, then briefly spin down.
- 9 Incubate at 28 °C for 1 h.
- 10 Proceed directly to the next section or store at -20 °C overnight.

Poly-A selection

- 11 Another poly-A selection is performed to remove un-ligated adapter using the NEBNext Poly(A) mRNA Magnetic Isolation Module. This kit is much more cost-effective to perform poly-A selection on samples with <5 μg RNA.
- 12 Add 35 μL DEPC-treated water to all samples to bring the final volume to 50 μL.
- 13 In a second 0.2 mL PCR tube, aliquot 20 μL of well resuspended NEBNext Magnetic Oligo d(T)₂₅ Beads.
- 14 Add 100 μL RNA Binding Buffer and pipette mix 6 times.
- 15 Place tubes containing beads on a magnetic rack until solution is clear.
- 16 Remove supernatant without disturbing the beads.



- 17 Remove tubes from the rack and repeat steps 12 - 14.
- 18 Resuspend beads in 50 μ L RNA Binding Buffer.
- 19 Add 50 μ L of ligated RNA sample and mix by pipetting 6 times.
- 20 Incubate at 65 $^{\circ}$ C for 5 minutes then hold at 4 $^{\circ}$ C (denature RNA and facilitate binding of the poly-A to oligo dT beads).
- 21 Remove tubes from thermal cycler when samples reach 4 $^{\circ}$ C.
- 22 Resuspend beads by pipetting 6 times, then incubate for 5 minutes at room temperature.
- 23 Repeat step 22.
- 24 Place tubes on magnetic rack until solution clear (poly-A RNA bound to beads).
- 25 Discard all supernatant without disturbing beads.
- 26 Remove tubes from magnetic rack.
- 27 Wash beads by adding 200 μ L Wash Buffer and pipetting 6 times.
- 28 Place tubes on the rack and wait for the solution to become clear.
- 29 Discard the supernatant then remove tubes from the rack.

- 30 Repeat steps 27 - 29.
- 31 Add 8 μL of Tris Buffer and mix by pipetting 6 times.
- 32 Incubate samples at 80 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 2 minutes, then hold at 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- 33 Once samples reach 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, place immediately on the magnetic rack.
- 34 Once solution is completely clear, transfer the supernatant to a clean nuclease-free PCR Tube. Keep tube on ice if continuing with reverse transcription reaction or store at -20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Reverse transcription and addition of 3' adapter

- 35 Set up the following program in a thermal cycler:

1. 65 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 5 min
2. Hold at 4 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
3. 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 10 min
4. 42 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 60 min
5. 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 5 min
6. Hold at 4 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

Run the program to allow the thermal cycler to preheat (pause on step 1).

- 36 Prepare the following in clean 200 μL PCR tubes for each sample

A	B
Reagent	Volume (μL)
5' adapter-ligated RNA	8
20 μM random hexamer primer that includes TruSeq RA3 on the 5' end of the primer (see Materials)	1
12.5 mM dNTPs	1

- 37 Mix contents of each tube by pipetting 6 times.



- 38 Place tubes in pre-heated thermal cycler and run steps 1-2, allows samples to sit at 4 °C for at least 2 minutes.
- 39 Prepare the following reverse transcription mix. Multiply volumes per sample and add 5% to account for pipetting errors. Mix gently by pipetting, then briefly centrifuge.

	A	B
	Reagent	Volume (uL)
	DEPC-treated water	2
	5x First Strand Buffer	4
	100 mM DTT	2
	SuperScript II	1
	RNaseOUT	1

Reverse transcription recipe

- 40 Add 10 µL of the mix to each sample (keep on ice) and mix by pipetting up and down 6 times, then centrifuge briefly.
- 41 Return samples to the thermal cycler and continue with steps 3-6.

PCR amplification

- 42 Set up the following program in a thermal cycler:
1. 98 °C for 30 sec
 2. 98 °C for 10 sec
 3. 60 °C for 30 sec
 4. 72 °C for 15 sec
 5. Back to step 2 (11x)
 6. 72 °C for 10 min
 7. Hold at 4 °C

Run the program to allow the thermal cycler to preheat (pause on step 1).



- 43 Add 2 μL of a unique RNA PCR Primer Index (RPI#, see materials) to each sample and mix by pipetting 6 times. Use the Illumina Index Adapter Pooling Guide (TruSeq Small RNA Library Prep Kit) to aid with RPI# selection (where # = 1-48).
- 44 Prepare the following PCR mix, multiplying the volumes for the number of samples (+5 % extra for pipetting errors). Mix thoroughly by pipetting and briefly centrifuge.

A	B
Reagent	Volume (μL)
2X Phusion Master Mix	50
RNA PCR Primer 1 (RP1)	2
1 M Betaine	26

PCR mix per library

- 45 Add 78 μL of the PCR mix to each sample and mix by pipetting up and down 6 times. Centrifuge briefly and keep samples on ice.
- 46 Distribute 100 μL across 4 PCR tubes (i.e. $4 \times 25 \mu\text{L}$ reactions per sample). This is done to increase the PCR efficiency.
- 47 Place all samples into the pre-heated thermal cycler and run the program.

Ethanol precipitation

- 48 Combine 25 μL aliquots into a single 1.5 mL microtube.
- 49 Precipitate DNA by adding 500 μL ethanol, 3.5 μL GlycoBlue, and 10 μL 3 M NaOAc (pH 5.5).
- 50 Leave samples at -80°C for at least 2 hours.
- 51 Centrifuge at max speed for 45 min at 4°C .

- 52 Remove supernatant and rinse with 750 μ L 80% ethanol.
- 53 Centrifuge at max speed for 5 min at 4 °C.
- 54 Remove supernatant without disturbing pellet and allow to air dry for 1-2 min.
- 55 Resuspend in 10 μ L of nuclease-free water and allow samples to resuspend for 20 minutes on ice.

Size selection

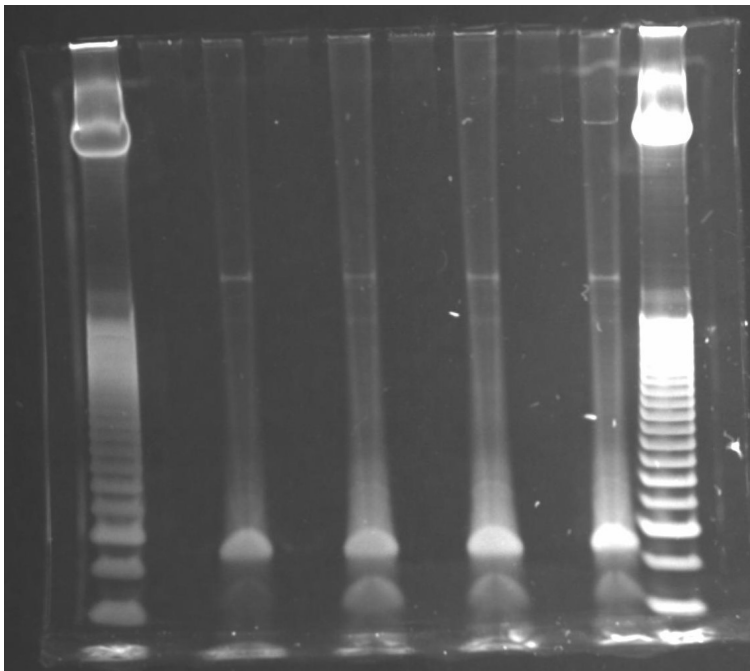
- 56 Setup a 6% TBE polyacrylamide gel (Invitrogen) in a gel running tank with 1x TBE buffer (89 mM Tris base, 89 mM boric acid, 2 mM EDTA pH 8).
- 57 Prepare ladder and samples:
 - Mix 1.5 μ L 25 bp ladder (Invitrogen) with 8.5 μ L DEPC water and 10 μ L gel loading buffer II (Invitrogen or NEB).
 - Mix 10 μ L sample with 10 μ L gel loading buffer II.
- 58 Load ladder and samples into TBE gel, keeping one lane free between each sample to minimize likelihood of cross-contamination and make gel excision easier.
- 59 Run gel at 155 V for approximately 30 minutes (dye front should be just touching the bottom of the gel).

Note, you may prefer to run the gel at 80-100 V for 1-1.5 hours to achieve better separation of adapter-adapter clones (see below). You could also use a higher percentage of polyacrylamide.
- 60 While the gel is running, prepare gel breaker tubes for each sample to be size selected (or nuclease-free 0.5 mL tubes).
- 61 Use a 21G needle to make holes in the bottom of the tubes (or, in the case of gel breaker tubes, to increase their size) and place within a nuclease free 2 mL microtube.
- 62 Once gel run has completed, incubate gel for 10 minutes with 1X GelStar Nucleic Acid Stain in 100-200 mL 1X TBE in a nuclease-free tray.

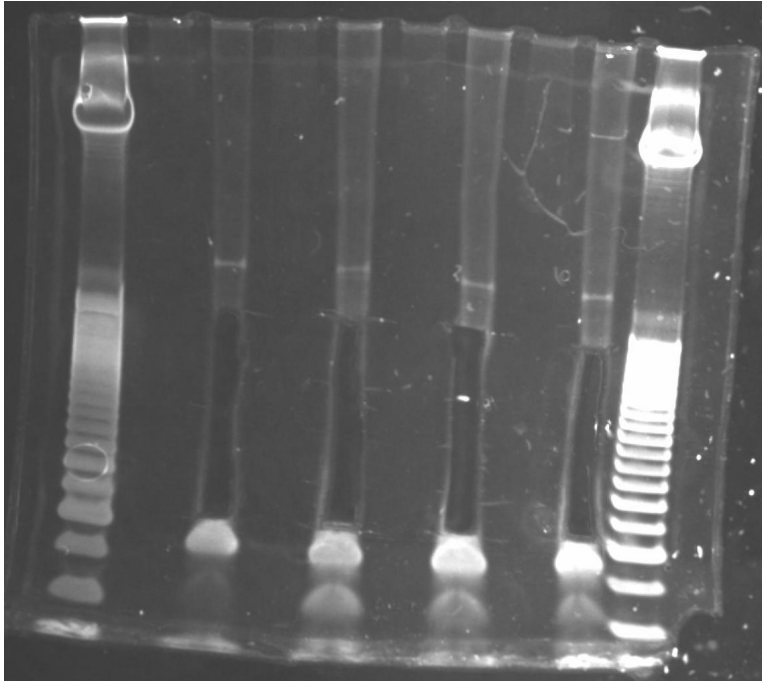
- 63 Rinse gel with distilled water 3 times then image on a UV transilluminator.
- 64 For each sample, excise the region corresponding to 135 - 500 bp (can include larger fragments if there is visible product) and place inside gel breaker tubes (nested in a 2 mL microtube). Keep the excised region consistent among samples within an experiment.

Note: a minimum size of 135 bp is recommended since this corresponds to a 17 bp insert and anything smaller becomes much more difficult to map uniquely to the genome. This also avoids adapter-adapter clones (produced from random hexamer binding to 5' adapter), the longest of which would be 118 bp.

64.1



Representative polyacrylamide gel before size selection. GMUCT library was performed on 600 ng polyA-enriched RNA extracted from *Arabidopsis thaliana*.



Representative polyacrylamide gel after size selection.

- 65 Centrifuge at max speed for 2 minutes and ensure that the gel completely passes through the holes (repeat spin and add more holes if necessary).
- 66 Add 300 μ L NEB Buffer 2 (50 mM NaCl, 10 mM Tris-Cl, 10 mM MgCl_2 , 1 mM DTT, pH 7.9) and rotate for at least 2 hours (or overnight at 4 $^{\circ}\text{C}$).
- 67 Precipitate RNA by adding 5 μ L GlycoBlue, 30 μ L 3 M NaOAc pH 5.5, and 900 μ L ethanol.
- 68 Incubate at -80 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ for at least 2 hours (can leave overnight to maximize recovery).
- 69 Centrifuge at max speed for 1 hour at 4 $^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- 70 Remove supernatant and wash with 750 μ L 70% ethanol.
- 71 Centrifuge at max speed for 5 min at 4 $^{\circ}\text{C}$.



- 72 Remove as much supernatant as possible, and allow tubes to air dry for 1 -2 minutes.
- 73 Quantify library concentration using a Qubit fluorometer with Qubit dsDNA HS Assay Kit (Invitrogen). Alternatively, run libraries on a LabChip GXII or Bioanalyzer to give information on concentration and fragment sizes.

Protocol references

M. R. Willmann, N. D. Berkowitz, B. D. Gregory, Improved genome-wide mapping of uncapped and cleaved transcripts in eukaryotes—GMUCT 2.0. *Methods*. **67**, 64–73 (2014).