

Jun 05, 2019

Version 2

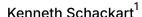
Mammalian Cell Culture: Subculturing V.2



Version 1 is forked from Mammalian Cell Culture: Subculturing

DOI

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.3q4gmyw



¹University of Arizona

Yoon Lab



Kenneth Schackart

University of Arizona



Edit and publish protocols, collaborate in communities, share insights through comments, and track progress with run records.

Create free account





DOI: https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.3q4gmyw

Protocol Citation: Kenneth Schackart 2019. Mammalian Cell Culture: Subculturing. protocols.io

https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.3q4gmyw





License: This is an open access protocol distributed under the terms of the **Creative Commons Attribution License**, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited

Protocol status: Working

We use this protocol and it's working

Created: June 04, 2019

Last Modified: June 05, 2019

Protocol Integer ID: 24060

Keywords: mammalian cell culture, tissue culture flask, confluent mammalian cell, mammalian cell, cell, subculture, tissue

Abstract

This protocol details how to subculture/passage nearly confluent mammalian cells grown in a tissue culture flask.

Guidelines

- Gloves must be worn at all times.
- Perform all tasks within biosafety cabinet.
- Anything entering biosafety cabinet must be generously sprayed with 70% ethanol (even you).
- When finished, wipe biosafety cabinet with 70% ethanol, and UV for at least 15 minutes.

Materials

- Cultured T-75 [or T-25] flask
- Gloves
- 0.05% or 0.25% Trypsin-EDTA
- Cell culture Media (e.g. DMEM:F12, EMEM)
- DPBS
- 15 mL centrifuge tube
- Serological pipet and tips
- 1000 μL pipette and tips
- Waste beaker

Troubleshooting

Safety warnings



Gloves must be worn at all times. Perform all work within biosafety cabinet.



Before start

- Warm cell culture media, DPBS, and Trypsin-EDTA in \$\colon 37 °C water bath.
- Wash waste beaker with soap and warm water, then dry with paper towel.
- Expose serological pipet tips, centrifuge tube, and waste beaker to UV for at least 600:15:00.

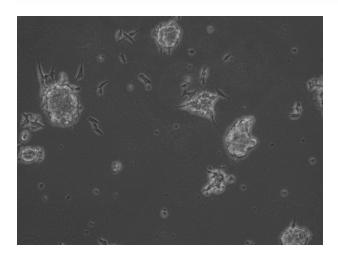


Assess Cell Confluency

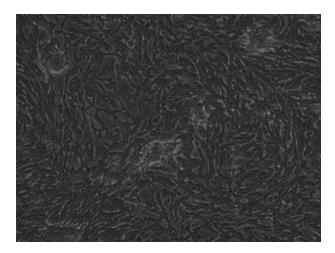
Under light microscope, look at the cells and assess level of confluency. This is how you will determine the need to subculture.

Note

Confluency can be estimated by evaluating the percentage of surface covered by cells.



Low confluency SH-SY5Y



High confluency SH-SY5Y

Wash Cells



- 2 Remove media from flask.
- 3 Using serological pipette, add 🚨 4 mL DPBS to flask. [🚨 1 mL for T-25]
- 4 Using serological pipette, remove DPBS and dispose into waste beaker.
- 5 Repeat the above 2 steps, so that you will wash the cells twice.

Note

Always use a fresh pipette tip when drawing liquid from a stock solution.

Trypsinize

- 6 Add 🕹 4 mL warmed trypsin-EDTA to T-25 flask. [🕹 1 mL for T-25]
- Wait approximately 00:05:00 for trypsin-EDTA to detach the cells.

Note

This time will vary in practice, and depends on cell type and trypsin concentration (i.e. 0.05% vs 0.25%). Some cell types may take up to 15 minutes. In those cases, assess detachment progress using a light microscope.

Note

For cell types that take longer to detach, place flask in incubator to keep the temperature high enough for trypsin to remain active.

8 Add \underline{A} 4 mL cell culture media. [\underline{A} 1 mL for T-25]



Note

Trypsin-EDTA is neutralized by adding a volume of cell culture media equal to that of trypsin-EDTA.

Spin Down

- 9 Using a serological pipette, transfer the cell suspension (cells, trypsin-EDTA, and cell culture media) into a 15 mL centrifuge tube.
- 10 Add 4 9.5 mL fresh cell culture media to T-25 flask, this will preserve any remaining cells.
- 11 Centrifuge the cell suspension on \$\mathbb{\mathbb{\omega}}\$ 1500 rpm for \$\mathbb{\omega}\$ 00:03:00 .

Resuspend and Reseed

12 Remove supernatant, dispose into waste beaker.

Note

You can leave a small amount with the serological pipette, the rest will be taken off in the next step.

13 Using a 1000 μL pipette, carefully remove the remaining supernatant, being cautious not to disturb the cell pellet.

Safety information

Always dispose of pipette tips in sharps container. Do not use the same tip twice.

14



15 Gently pipette mix the cell pellet until the pellet is resuspended.

Note

Pipette mixing is done by slowly drawing in solution and pushing it out several times, all without removing the pipette tip from the solution. Ask T.A. for help on this if you need some pointers.

16 Seed 2 flasks each with \perp 500 μ L cell suspension.

Note

You may seed more than 2 flasks, just use smaller volumes in each.

17 Label flask with updated passage number along with the date.

Incubate

18 Incubate at \$ 37 °C in CO_2 incubator.