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🌐 Lipids in microalgae: The Extraction by modified Folch solvent V.1

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Protocol status: Working

We use this protocol and it's working

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Keywords: lipids, microalgae, Folch solvent,

Abstract

In this protocol, lipids in microalgae is extracted with 2 ml Folch solvent (2:1 chloroform-methanol v/v) after frozen and thawed with the addition of 100 ul water. Non-lipid substances are removed by filtration. Filtrate is then mixed with 0.88% potassium chloride solution to form a biphasic system. The lower phase with extracted lipids are collected and dried under N₂ gas flow. The residue is dissolved in 5 ml chloroform and stored under -80 °C.

CITATION

FOLCH J, LEES M, SLOANE STANLEY GH. A simple method for the isolation and purification of total lipides from animal tissues. *J Biol Chem*, 1957, 226, 497-509.

CITATION

Liefer JD, Garg A, Fyfe MH, Irwin AJ, Benner I, Brown CM, Follows MJ, Omta AW, Finkel ZV (2019). The Macromolecular Basis of Phytoplankton C:N:P Under Nitrogen Starvation.. *Frontiers in microbiology*.

LINK

<https://doi.org/10.3389/fmicb.2019.00763>

Guidelines

Sample Collection

1. Biomass requirement

Considering that (1) lipids are approximately 10~30% of microalgal dry mass and (2) the linear range for colorimetric lipid analysis is 5 to 80 ug, the biomass for lipid sample is around 200 ug dry mass/sample.

If the quantitation of phosphorus in lipids is expected, then the ideal biomass is around 500~2000 ug dry mass/sample.

2. Collect lipids sample by pelleting

- Aliquot culture sample to 15 ml or 50 ml polypropylene centrifuge tube. If sample volume is more than 50 ml, use multiple tubes.
- Centrifuge sample at <5000 rpm for about 20 min under the temperature close to growth condition.
- Remove supernatant and leave around 100~300 ul of supernatant with pellet in order to avoid disturbance and sample loss.
- Freeze pellet sample in liquid nitrogen during sampling.
- Freeze-dry pellet and store at -80 °C until extraction.
- Verify the cell lysis and loss of material to the supernatant:
Preserve 1 ml of supernatant with 20 ul Lugol solution.
Count cell number and perform chlorophyll-a fluorometry on supernatant.

3. Collect lipids sample by filtration

- Use precombusted GFF filter to avoid organic contamination.
- Filter at low vacuum pressure (<5 mbar) with precombusted filter towers (funnel and base).
- Fold filter in half with tweezers (rinsed by 95% ethanol and dried prior to use)
- Place into a 10 ml precombusted glass centrifuge tube (cap must be rinsed by 95% ethanol and dried)
- For blank, filter the same amount of blank media as sample.
- Freeze in liquid nitrogen during sample collection.
- Freeze-dry samples and store at -80 °C until extraction.

Materials

MATERIALS

☒ Chloroform (HPLC grade) **Sigma Aldrich Catalog #439142-4L**

☒ Methanol (HPLC grade) **Sigma Aldrich Catalog #34860-4X2L-R**

☒ Potassium chloride **Sigma Aldrich Catalog #P3911-500G**

☒ 95% ethanol

Equipment

Disposable Glass Screw-Cap Centrifuge Tubes NAME

10 mL TYPE

Corning® BRAND

99502-10 SKU

Equipment

Disposable Pasteur Pipet NAME

9 inch TYPE

VWR BRAND

14672-380 SKU

Equipment

Glass Microanalysis Filter Holders

NAME

VWR®

BRAND

89428-934

SKU

Equipment

Storage Vials and Closures

NAME

12 mL amber

TYPE

Thermo Scientific

BRAND

B7800-12A

SKU

VWR 66030-686

SPECIFICATIONS

Equipment	
VWR® Vials, Borosilicate Glass, with Phenolic Screw Cap	NAME
22.18 mL	TYPE
VWR	BRAND
66012-044	SKU
https://ca.vwr.com/store/product/en/4618574/vwr-vials-borosilicate-glass-with-phenolic-screw-cap	LINK
24-400 cap: VWR 89076-764	SPECIFICATIONS

Equipment	
Whatman Glass Microfiber Filters, Binder Free	NAME
Grade GF/F, 25 mm	TYPE
GE Healthcare	BRAND
1825-025	SKU

Equipment	
Bottle-top dispenser	NAME
BrandTech Dispensette® S	BRAND
4731330	SKU

Equipment

PYREX® Media Bottles	NAME
Corning®	BRAND
1395-100	SKU

Equipment

Polypropylene Screw Caps	NAME
Linerless, 15-415	TYPE
Kimble Chase	BRAND
73805-15415	SKU

Equipment

Screw Caps for Screw-Thread Sample Storage Vials	NAME
Screw Caps, 15-425, PTFE/PE Foam Liner	TYPE
Thermo Scientific	BRAND
B7815-15	SKU

Equipment

Lifetime Red™ Graduated Cylinders	NAME
10 mL	TYPE
Corning® PYREX®	BRAND
3046-10	SKU

Equipment

Filter forceps	NAME
blunt end, stainless steel	TYPE
Millipore	BRAND
XX6200006P	SKU

Equipment

VWR® Volumetric Pipets, Reusable, Color Coded, Class A	NAME
0.5 mL and 5 mL	TYPE
VWR	BRAND
10546-004 and 10546-014	SKU

Equipment

Aluminum Clamp	NAME
VWR®	BRAND
89428-944	SKU

Equipment

VWR ANALOG VORTEX MIXER	NAME
VWR	BRAND
10153-838	SKU
With tube insert	SPECIFICATIONS

Equipment

General-purpose benchtop centrifuge	NAME
IEC CENTRA CL2	TYPE
Thermo	BRAND
00427 0F	SKU

Equipment

Reacti-Vap Evaporator	NAME
Thermo Scientific	BRAND
TS-18825	SKU

Equipment

Safetypette	NAME
Jencons	BRAND
75856-442	SKU

Equipment

BT Barrier Pipet Tips	NAME
Pre-Sterile	TYPE
Neptune®	BRAND
BT1250, BT100, BT10	SKU

Other items:

Sonicator

Latex bulb for pasteur pipets

50 ml plastic syringe connected with silicon stopper to provide positive pressure

Glass graduated cylinder with top (100 ml)

Amber bottle for the storage of Folch solvent (500 ml)

Safety warnings



Safety information

Operate chloroform in fumehood.

Safety information

Follow the disposal guidelines regarding the halogenated organic waste.

Before start



Precombust the glassware at  500 °C for no less than  06:00:00

Precombust GFF filter at  450 °C for no longer than  04:00:00




Rinse the uncombustable items with 95% ethanol and dry prior to use:















Prepare reagent

- 1 Folch solvent (CHCl₃: MeOH=2:1 v/v)
 - 1.1 Mix two parts of chloroform and one part of methanol in a 500 ml amber bottle
 - 1.2 Attach dispensette to the bottle
 - 1.3 Label bottle with MSDS label.
- 2 KCl solution ([M] 0.88 %)
 - 2.1 Weigh the pyrex media bottle and press the tare button
 - 2.2 Directly weigh  0.44 g KCl in the bottle
 - 2.3 Top bottle with MilliQ water to  50 g

Extraction

- 3 Transfer sample into muffled centrifuge tube, use precombusted filter as blank.
- 4 Add  100 µL MilliQ directly onto the sample.
- 5 Freeze at  -80 °C  00:10:00




- 6 Remove vials from freezer.
- 7 Purge the dispensette, fill the tubing with solvent before dispensing solvent into sample tube.
- 8 Dispense  2.0 mL Folch solvent into sample tube.
- 9 Vortex  00:02:00
- 10 Sonicate  00:02:00
- 11 Keep sample in the dark at  Room temperature  01:00:00
- 12 Centrifuge extract  32000 rpm, Room temperature, 00:05:00
- 13 Remove supernatant to a clean glass centrifuge tube by pasteur pipet.
Save the pasteur pipet for later.
- 14 Add  50 μ L MilliQ and  1 mL Folch solvent to the residue.
- 15 Vortex  00:02:00
- 16 Sonicate  00:02:00
- 17 Remove supernatant with the pasteur pipet used in #13.
Combine with the supernatant obtained in #13.
Save the pasteur pipet for later.
- 18 Add  50 μ L MilliQ and  1 mL Folch solvent to the residue.


19 Vortex  00:02:00

20 Sonicate  00:02:00

21 Remove supernatant with the pasteur pipet used in #13.
Combine with the supernatant obtained in #13.
Save the pasteur pipet for later.

22 Add  50 μ L MilliQ and  1 mL Folch solvent to the residue.

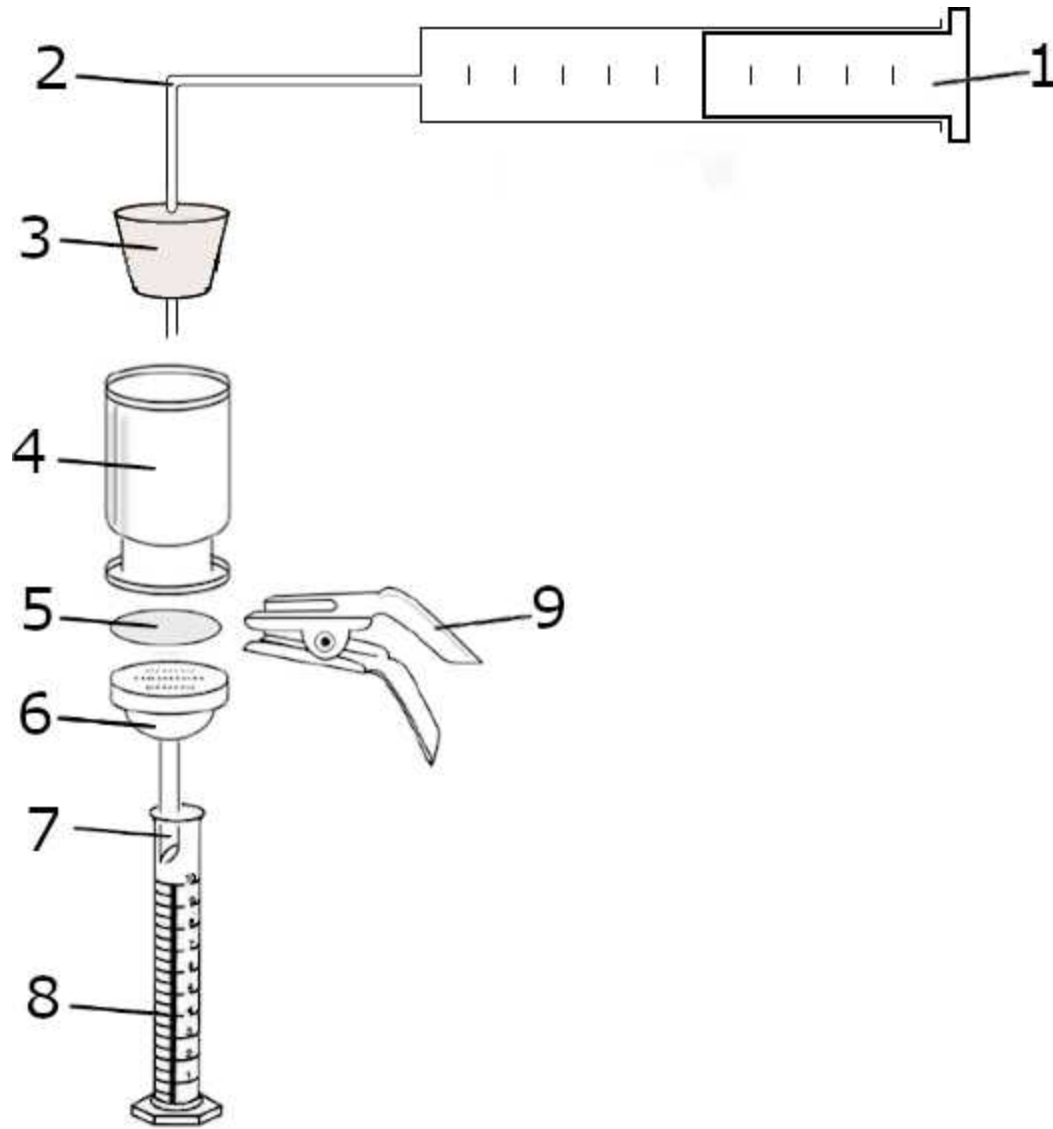
23 Vortex  00:02:00

24 Sonicate  00:02:00

25 Remove supernatant with the pasteur pipet used in #13.
Combine with the supernatant obtained in #13.
Save the pasteur pipet for later.

Filtration





26







How to setup the filtering system

26.1 In the figure:

- (1) 50 ml syringe
- (2) silicon tube
- (3) silicon stopper
- (4) filter tunnel
- (5) GFF filter
- (6) base
- (7) neck of the base
- (8) 10 ml graduated cylinder
- (9) clamp

- 26.2 In order to avoid the loss of sample, before transferring extract into the funnel, check if the funnel is well assembled with the base by clamp.
- 26.3 The neck of the base must touch the inner side of the graduated cylinder, so that the filtrate can be all collected in the cylinder. In order to maintain the balance of air pressure, leave gap between the neck and the cylinder.
- 27 Transfer extract into the funnel with the pasteur pipet used in #25. Save the pasteur pipet for later.
- 28 Pull plunger back and push the bottom of stopper into the open top of funnel.
- 29 Slowly and steadily push the plunger to force the filtrate into the graduated cylinder.
- 30 Add  1 mL Folch solvent and  50 μ L MilliQ into the centrifuge tube.
- 31 Rinse the tube.
- 32 Transfer the folch solvent/MilliQ mixture into the funnel with the pasteur pipet used in #27
- 33 Use positive pressure to force the filtrate into the same graduated cylinder.
- 34 Add  1 mL Folch solvent and  50 μ L MilliQ into the centrifuge tube.
- 35 Rinse the tube.
- 36 Transfer the folch solvent/MilliQ mixture into the funnel with the pasteur pipet used in #27
- 37 Use positive pressure to force the filtrate into the same graduated cylinder.






- 38 Record the volume (V) of the filtrate in the cylinder to an accuracy of 0.1 ml.
- 39 Use a clean pasteur pipet to transfer all filtrate into a clean glass centrifuge tube.
- 40 Add  1 mL Folch solvent and  50 μ L MilliQ into the graduated cylinder.
- 41 Rinse and transfer the Folch solvent/MilliQ mixture into the same glass centrifuge tube as in #39 by the pasteur pipet used in #39.
- 42 Add  1 mL Folch solvent and  50 μ L MilliQ into the graduated cylinder.
- 43 Rinse and transfer the Folch solvent/MilliQ mixture into the same glass centrifuge tube as in #39 by the pasteur pipet used in #39.
- 44 Estimate the final volume of filtrate as (V+2)

Separation

- 45 Calculate the volume of 0.88% KCl by multiplying (V+2) by 4/21.


Note


In order to obtain a biphasic system to separate the extract from water, the final composition of CHCl_3 :MeOH:H₂O is 8:4:3 (v/v)


- 46 Vortex the centrifuge tube for  00:01:00
- 47 Centrifuge at  2000 rpm, Room temperature,  00:05:00 or until biphasic layers separate completely.
- 48 Remove most of upper aqueous phase with the pasteur pipet used in #39.

49 Use a clean pasteur pipet to transfer the lower organic phase to a 12 ml amber vial.

50 Dry organic phase extract at  37 °C under a stream of N₂ gas (<2 psi) for about

 00:30:00

51 Add  5 mL CHCl₃ by using serological pipet to the dry residue.

52 Freeze at  -80 °C .

Citations

FOLCH J, LEES M, SLOANE STANLEY GH. A simple method for the isolation and purification of total lipides from animal tissues

Liefer JD, Garg A, Fyfe MH, Irwin AJ, Benner I, Brown CM, Follows MJ, Omta AW, Finkel ZV. The Macromolecular Basis of Phytoplankton C:N:P Under Nitrogen Starvation.

<https://doi.org/10.3389/fmicb.2019.00763>