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Protocol status: Working
We use this protocol and it's working

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Library preparation from a single amplicon pool

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ABSTRACT

This is a subprotocol for generating a library from a single amplicon pool

ATTACHMENTS

[One-pot native barcoding protocol \(1\).pdf](#)

SAFETY WARNINGS

See SDS (Safety Data Sheet) for safety warnings and hazards.

1 Set up the following reaction for each sample:

Component	Volume
DNA amplicons (5ng/ul)	10 µL
Nuclease-free water	2.5 µL
Ultra II End Prep Reaction Buffer	1.75 µL
Ultra II End Prep Enzyme Mix	0.75 µL
Total	15 µL

- 2 Incubate at room temperature for 00:05:00
 Incubate at 65 °C for 00:05:00
 Incubate on ice for 00:01:00

- 3 Clean-up end-repair reaction using 1x SPRI beads

Protocol

NAME
Amplicon clean-up using SPRI beads

CREATED BY
Josh Quick

PREVIEW

- 3.1 Vortex SPRI beads thoroughly to ensure they are well resuspended, the solution should be a homogenous brown colour.

Agencourt AMPure XP **Beckman Coulter Catalog #A63880**

- 3.2 Add an equal volume (1:1) of SPRI beads to the sample tube and mix gently by either flicking or pipetting. For example add 50 µL SPRI beads to a 50 µL reaction.

- 3.3 Pulse centrifuge to collect all liquid at the bottom of the tube.

- 3.4** Incubate for 00:05:00 at room temperature.
- 3.5** Place on magnetic rack and incubate for 00:02:00 or until the beads have pelleted and the supernatant is completely clear.
- 3.6** Carefully remove and discard the supernatant, being careful not to touch the bead pellet.
- 3.7** Add 200 μ L of room-temperature 70 % volume ethanol to the pellet.
- 3.8** Carefully remove and discard ethanol, being careful not to touch the bead pellet.
- 3.9** go to step #3.7 and repeat ethanol wash.
- 3.10** Pulse centrifuge to collect all liquid at the bottom of the tube and carefully remove as much residual ethanol as possible using a P10 pipette.
- 3.11** With the tube lid open incubate for 00:01:00 or until the pellet loses its shine (if the pellet dries completely it will crack and become difficult to resuspend).

3.12 Resuspend pellet in 30 µL Elution Buffer (EB), mix gently by either flicking or pipetting and incubate for 00:02:00 .

Elution Buffer (EB) **Qiagen Catalog #19086**

3.13 Place on magnet and transfer sample to a clean 1.5mL Eppendorf tube ensuring no beads are transferred into this tube.

3.14 Quantify 1 µL product using the Quantus Fluorometer using the ONE dsDNA assay.

QuantiFluor(R) ONE dsDNA System, 100rxn **Promega Catalog #E4871**

Equipment	
Quantus	NAME
Fluorometer	TYPE
Promega	BRAND
E6150	SKU
https://www.promega.co.uk/products/microplate-readers-fluorometers-luminometers/fluorometers/quantus-fluorometer	LINK

4 Quantify the barcoded amplicon pools using the Quantus Fluorometer using the ONE dsDNA assay.

Protocol

NAME

DNA quantification using the Quantus fluorometer

CREATED BY

Josh Quick

PREVIEW

- 4.1** Remove Lambda DNA 400 ng/μL standard from the freezer and leave on ice to thaw. Remove ONE dsDNA dye solution from the fridge and allow to come to room temperature.

QuantiFluor(R) ONE dsDNA System, 500rxn **Promega Catalog #E4870**

- 4.2** Set up two 0.5 mL tubes for the calibration and label them 'Blank' and 'Standard'

- 4.3** Add 200 μL ONE dsDNA Dye solution to each tube.

- 4.4** Mix the Lambda DNA standard 400 ng/μL standard by pipetting then add 1 μL to one of the standard tube.

- 4.5** Mix each sample vigorously by vortexing for 00:00:05 and pulse centrifuge to collect the liquid.

- 4.6** Allow both tubes to incubate at room temperature for 00:02:00 before proceeding.

4.7 Selection 'Calibrate' then 'ONE DNA' then place the blank sample in the reader then select 'Read Blank'. Now place the standard in the reader and select 'Read Std'.

4.8 Set up the required number of 0.5 mL tubes for the number of DNA samples to be quantified.

Note

Use only thin-wall, clear, 0.5mL PCR tubes such as Axygen #PCR-05-C

4.9 Label the tubes on the lids, avoid marking the sides of the tube as this could interfere with the sample reading.

4.10 Add 199 μ L ONE dsDNA dye solution to each tube.

4.11 Add 1 μ L of each user sample to the appropriate tube.

Note

Use a P2 pipette for highest accuracy.

4.12 Mix each sample vigorously by vortexing for 00:00:05 and pulse centrifuge to collect the liquid.

4.13 Allow all tubes to incubate at room temperature for 00:02:00 before proceeding.

- 4.14** On the Home screen of the Quantus Fluorometer, select `Protocol`, then select `ONE DNA` as the assay type.

Note

If you have already performed a calibration for the selected assay you can continue, there is no need to perform repeat calibrations when using ONE DNA pre diluted dye solution. If you want to use the previous calibration, skip to step 11. Otherwise, continue with step 9.

- 4.15** On the home screen navigate to 'Sample Volume' and set it to 1 μL then 'Units' and set it to ng/ μL .

- 4.16** Load the first sample into the reader and close the lid. The sample concentration is automatically read when you close the lid.

- 4.17** Repeat step 16 until all samples have been read.

- 4.18** The value displayed on the screen is the dsDNA concentration in ng/ μL , carefully record all results in a spreadsheet or laboratory notebook.

- 5** Set up the following AMII adapter ligation reaction:

Component

Volume

End-repaired amplicon pools

30 μL

Ligation Buffer (LNB)

10 μL

Adapter Mix (AMX)

5 μL

Quick T4 DNA Ligase

5 μL

Total

50 µL

Note

There will be some variation in clean-up efficiencies but expect to carry around 80% through a clean-up.

6 Incubate at room temperature for 00:10:00

7 Add 50 µL (1:1) of SPRI beads to the sample tube and mix gently by either flicking or pipetting.

Note

Vortex SPRI beads thoroughly before use to ensure they are well resuspended, the solution should be a homogenous brown colour.

8 Pulse centrifuge to collect all liquid at the bottom of the tube.

9 Incubate for 00:05:00 at room temperature.

10 Place on magnetic rack and incubate for 00:02:00 or until the beads have pelleted and the supernatant is completely clear.

11 Carefully remove and discard the supernatant, being careful not to touch the bead pellet.

12 Add 250 µL SFB and resuspend beads completely by pipette mixing.

Note

SFB will remove excess adapter without damaging the adapter-protein complexes. Do not use 70% ethanol as in early clean-ups.

13 Pulse centrifuge to collect all liquid at the bottom of the tube.

14 Remove supernatant and discard.

15 Repeat steps 14-16 to perform a second SFB wash.

16 Pulse centrifuge and remove any residual SFB.

Note

You do not need to allow to air dry with SFB washes.

17 Add 15 µL EB and resuspend beads by pipette mixing.

18 Incubate at room temperature for 00:02:00 .

- 19 Place on magnetic rack.
- 20 Transfer final library to a new 1.5mL Eppendorf tube.