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Protocol status: Working

We use this protocol and it's working

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Abstract

This protocol is for Lentivirus production. To see the full abstract and additional resources, visit the **Addgene** protocol page.

Sample Data

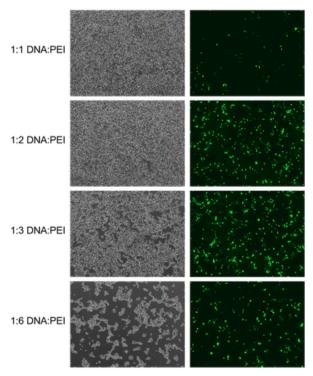


Figure 1: Lenti-X 293T cells were transfected with the GFP-expression plasmid pRosetta using μg total DNA to μg PEI ratios of 1:1, 1:2, 1:3 and 1:6. The 1:2 and 1:3 total DNA:PEI µg ratios provided high transfection efficiencies as measured by the highest proportion of GFP positive cells without limiting cell growth. Left panels: bright field images; right panels: GFP channel images.



Guidelines

Workflow Timeline

Day 0: Seed 293T packaging cells

Day 1 (pm): Transfect packaging cells

Day 2 (am): 18 hours post transfection. Remove media, replace with fresh media

Day 3-4 (am): Harvest virus



Materials

Reagents

- DMEM high glucose
- L-alanyl-L-glutamine (or alternative stable glutamine)
- Heat-inactivated FBS
- Low serum medium such as Opti-MEM or Opti-Pro SFM
- Chloroquine diphosphate, 25 μM
- PEI, 1 mg/mL
- Microcentrifuge tubes
- 10 cm tissue culture dishes
- Pipettes
- Pipette tips
- Hydrochloric acid
- Sodium hydroxide
- 0.22 μm polyethersulfone (PES) filter
- 0.45 µm PES filter
- Syringes for filtering

Equipment

- Biosafety cabinet
- Pipetman
- Pipettors
- Incubator
- pH meter
- Stir plate
- Magenetic Stir Bar

Reagent Preparation

- 1. DMEM Complete: 10% v/v FBS and 4 mM L-alanyl-L-glutamine
- To a 🚨 500 mL bottle of DMEM high glucose, add 🚨 55 mL of heat inactivated FBS and 🚨 11 mL of 200 mM L-alanyl-L-glutamine. Store at 4 °C.



Note

Pro-Tips

- Different brands and lots of FBS can promote or inhibit transfection.
- Test a variety of brands and lots of FBS to find one suitable with your protocols. FBS can be purchased already head inactivated or it can be inactivated in the lab by heating to \$\\$ 56 °C for \$\\$ 00:30:00
- 2. 25 mM chloroquine diphosphate
- Dissolve 🗸 0.129 g of chloroquine diphosphate salt into 🗸 10 mL of sterile water.
- Filter sterilize through a 0.22 um filter.
- Aliquot $\stackrel{\bot}{\bot}$ 50 μ L $\stackrel{\bot}{\bot}$ 100 μ L and store at $\stackrel{\$}{\$}$ -20 $^{\circ}$ C .
- Aliquots can be thawed and stored at 4 °C prior to use. Thawed aliquots should be discarded after 1-2 months.
- 3. 1 mg/mL polyethylenimine, linear MW 25,000 Da (PEI)
- Dissolve <u>I</u> 100 mg of powder into <u>I</u> 100 mL of deionized water.
- While stirring, slowly add hydrochloric acid until the solution clears.
- Check the pH of the solution
- Use hydrochloric acid or sodium hydroxide to adjust the pH to 7.0. Typically the solution will be basic and will need adjustment with hydrochloric acid first.

Note

Pro-Tip

The pH of this solution will drift pretty rapidly upon addition of acid or base. Add only a few drops at a time, allow them to mix and recheck the pH to prevent over or undershooting the desired pH.

- Allow the solution to mix for ⊙ 00:10:00 and then recheck the pH to ensure that it has not drifted.
- Filter the solution through a 0.22 um membrane.
- Aliquot \bot 500 μ L \bot 1000 μ L into sterile tubes.
- Store the tubes at 🖁 -80 °C .
- After thawing the solution can be stored at thaw a new working stock.

 If a contact the for up to 2 months. After 2 months, discard the tube and the solution can be stored at the forum to 2 months. After 2 months, discard the tube and the forum to 2 months.
- The optimal mass DNA:mass PEI ratio will need to be empirically determined for each new batch of 1 mg/mL PEI and for each cell line.

Troubleshooting



Safety warnings



See SDS (Safety Data Sheet) for safety warnings and hazards.

Before start

Considerations Before You Start

- The health of the packaging cell line is critical for obtaining high viral titer.
- 293T cells should be split 3 times a week:
 - Monday: Plate 1×10 6 cells in a T75 flask in $\ _$ 15 mL DMEM complete.
 - Wednesday: Plate 1×10⁶ cells in a T75 flask in ▲ 15 mL DMEM complete.
 - Friday: Plate 8×10⁵ cells in a T75 flask in 4 15 mL DMEM complete.
- Do not add pen-strep to the media.
- Use cells that are below passage 15 for viral production.



Seeding cells

- 1 Seed 293T packaging cells at 3.8×10⁶ cells per plate in DMEM complete in 10 cm tissue culture plates.
- 2 Incubate the cells at $37 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$, 5% CO₂ for ~ 20:00:00.

Transfection

3 Gently aspirate media, add 🚨 10 mL fresh DMEM complete containing [M] 25 micromolar (μM) cloroquine diphosphate and incubate ~ (5) 05:00:00. Note For \perp 10 mL of DMEM complete, add \perp 10 μ L of [M] 25 millimolar (mM) chloroquine diphosphate.

4 Prepare a mixture of the 3 transfection plasmids:

| Rea gent | Amo unt per 10 cm dish |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| psP AX2 | 1.3 pmol |
| pMD 2.G | 0.72 pmol |
| Tran sfer Plas mid* | 1.64 pmol |
| Opti Pro SFM to total volu me | 500 μL |



*Plasmid concentrations and ratios should be optimized for each transfer plasmid. psPAX2, pMD2.G

Note

Pro-Tip

Endotoxins can inhibit transfection, therefore, plasmid DNA purification should include an endotoxin removal step. For high quality plasmid DNA, the plasimd should also be propagated in an endonuclease negative *E. coli*strain such as NEB stable.

5 Dilute the above $\perp 500 \mu L$ mixture into $\perp 500 \mu L$ PEI-OptiPro SFM with enough PEI such that the ratio of μg DNA: μg PEI is 1:3 ($\perp \Delta$ 1000 μL total per 10 cm dish).

Using transfer plasmid pHAGE TRE dCas9-KRAB (total ug of plasmid DNA - 27.8 µg), this would be \triangle 83.4 μ L of 1 mg/mL PEI in \triangle 416.6 μ L of OptiPro SFM per 10 cm dish.

Note

Pro-Tip

There can be batch to batch variation when making the PEI working stock, therefore the ratio of µg DNA:µg PEI needs to be empirically determined. Once a batch of PEI is prepared, transfect cells with a fluorescent plasmid using a variety of ratios. Check the cells 1-2 days after transfection to determine what ratio gives the highest percentage of GFP positive cells.

5.1

| Rati o of DNA :PEI | Amo unt of DNA (µg) | Volu me of 1 mg/ mL PEI (µL) |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| 1:1 | 18.9 | 18.9 |
| 1:2 | 18.9 | 37.8 |
| 1:3 | 18.9 | 56.7 |
| 1:4 | 18.9 | 75.6 |
| 1:5 | 18.9 | 94.5 |
| 1:6 | 18.9 | 113.4 |



Refer to this table for a possible range of ratios to test

- 6 Gently add the diluted PEI to the diluted DNA. Add the diluted PEI dropwise while gently flicking the diluted DNA tube. Incubate the mixture for 15-30 min at room temperature.
- 6.1 Gently add the diluted PEI to the diluted DNA. Add the diluted PEI dropwise while gently flicking the diluted DNA tube.
- 6.2 Incubate the mixture 000:15:00 - 000:20:00 at 8 Room temperature.
- 7 Carefully transfer the transfection mix to the Lenti-X 293T packaging cells.

Note

Add the transfection mix dropwise being careful not to dislodge the cells.

- 8 Incubate the cells for (5) 18:00:00, or until the following morning.
- 9 The following morning, carefully aspirate the media. Replace the media with 45 mL of DMEM complete.
- 10 Incubate the cells.

Harvest Virus

11 Virus can be harvested at 48, 72, and 96 hours post transfection in individual harvests or a combined harvest where all the individual harvests are pooled.

Note

If pooling harvests, transfer the harvested media to a polypropylene storage tube and store at 🖁 4 °C between harvest.



- 12 Centrifuge the viral supernatant at ~ 😝 500 x g for 👏 00:05:00 to pellet any packaging cells that were collected during harvesting.
- 13 Filter supernatant through a 0.45 µm PES filter.
- 14 The viral supernatant can be stored at 4 °C for several hours but should be aliquotted and snap frozen in liquid nitrogen and stored at 🖁 -80 °C | as soon as possible to avoid loss of titer.