

Mar 11, 2025

IT-scATAC-seq

Nature Communications

DOI

<https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.5jyl8d4wrg2w/v1>

Wei JIN¹, Zhongjun Zhou¹

¹School of Biomedical Sciences, LKS Faculty of Medicine, The University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong

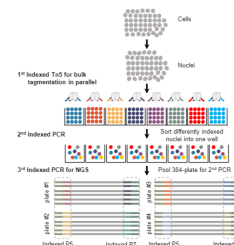
Wei JIN: First and corresponding author

Zhongjun Zhou: Corresponding author



Wei JIN

HKU



Create & collaborate more with a free account

Edit and publish protocols, collaborate in communities, share insights through comments, and track progress with run records.

Create free account

OPEN ACCESS



DOI: <https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.5jyl8d4wrg2w/v1>

Protocol Citation: Wei JIN, Zhongjun Zhou 2025. IT-scATAC-seq. protocols.io

<https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.5jyl8d4wrg2w/v1>

**Manuscript citation:**

The paper titled "Semi-automated IT-scATAC-seq profiles cell-specific chromatin accessibility in differentiation and peripheral blood populations." will be published on *Nature Communications*.

License: This is an open access protocol distributed under the terms of the **Creative Commons Attribution License**, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited

Protocol status: Working

We use this protocol and it's working in many settings.

Created: February 28, 2025

Last Modified: March 11, 2025

Protocol Integer ID: 123576

Keywords: Single-cell ATAC-seq, indexed Tn5, single-cell OMICS, detailed mapping of chromatin accessibility, indexed tn5 transposome, chromatin accessibility, chromatin, tn5 transposome, indexed tn5 tagmentation, cell atac, cost per cell, single cell, cell, based scatac, scatac

Funders Acknowledgements:

Innovation and Technology Commission of Hong Kong grant InnoHealth@HK, Theme-based Research Scheme

Grant ID: T13-602/21N

Guangdong High-level Hospital Construction Project

Grant ID: KJ012019517

Guangdong-Dongguan Joint Research Scheme Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macau Program

Grant ID: 2021B1515130004

Disclaimer

The distribution of this protocol is solely intended for non-commercial academic research purposes, and a patent (PCT/CN2024/106967) associated with it has been submitted.

Abstract

Single-cell ATAC-seq (scATAC-seq) allows for detailed mapping of chromatin accessibility but often faces challenges related to throughput, cost, and equipment demands. In this study, we introduce indexed Tn5 tagmentation-based scATAC-seq (IT-scATAC-seq), a semi-automated, economical, and scalable method that utilizes indexed Tn5 transposomes along with a three-round barcoding strategy. This workflow can prepare libraries for up to 10,000 cells in just one day, lowers the cost per cell to around \$0.01, and preserves strong data resolution.

Image Attribution

Microsoft PPT and image J.

Guidelines

Semi-automated IT-scATAC-seq profiles cell-specific chromatin accessibility in differentiation and peripheral blood populations

Wei Jin^{1,2,3 #, *}, Jingchun Ma^{3,#}, Li Rong^{3,#}, Shengshuo Huang³, Tuo Li⁴, Guoxiang Jin², Zhongjun Zhou^{1,2,3 *}

¹Pediatric Research Institute, Dongguan Children Hospital, Guangdong Medical University, Dongguan, China

²Medical Research Centre; Guangdong Cardiovascular Institute; Key Laboratory for Immune and Genetic Research of Chronic Nephropathy, Guangdong Provincial People's Hospital, Guangdong Academy of Medical Sciences, Southern Medical University, Guangzhou, China

³School of Biomedical Sciences, LKS Faculty of Medicine, The University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong

⁴Department of Endocrinology, Changzheng Hospital, Shanghai, China

* Correspondence: zhongjun@hku.hk or jinwei5@connect.hku.hk

#These authors contributed equally to this work

Materials

- 1) E. coli C3013 cells (NEB, C2527I)
- 2) Chitin resin (NEB, S6651S)
- 3) Digitonin (Sigma-Aldrich, D141-500MG)
- 4) AMPure XP (Agencourt, A63880)
- 5) Proteinase K (NEB, P8111S)
- 6) High-Fidelity 2X PCR Master Mix (NEB, M0494L)
- 7) Exo I (NEB, M0293S)
- 8) Echo Qualified 384-Well Polypropylene Microplate 2.0 (LabCyte, PP-0200)
- 9) Hard-Shell 384-well PCR plate (Bio-Rad, HSR4805)
- 10) 0.2 ml PCR tubes
- 11) 1.5 ml Eppendorf tubes
- 12) Eppendorf ThermoMixer
- 13) 384-well PCR thermal cycler
- 14) Magnetic rack (ThermoFisher)
- 15) 1 mL pipette (Eppendorf)
- 16) 100 µL pipette (Eppendorf)
- 17) 20 µL pipette (Eppendorf)
- 18) 2.5 µL pipette (Eppendorf)
- 19) 15 mL tube

Buffer preparation

1 In-house prepared Tn5: 30μM

ATAC-Resuspension buffer (RSB): Mix 500μL 1 M Tris-HCl (pH 8.0), 100μL 5 M NaCl, 150μL 1 M MgCl₂, and 49.25 ml H₂O for 50 mL omni-ATAC RSB.

ATAC-RSB-Hypotonic buffer: Mix 960 μL ATAC-RSB buffer with 10μL 10% Tween 20, 10μL 10% NP40 and 10μL 1% Digitonin and 10μL proteinase inhibitor.

ATAC-RSB wash buffer: Mix 990 μL ATAC-RSB buffer with 10μL 10% Tween20.

Resuspension buffer: Mix 330μL PBS, 10μL 10% Tween-20, 10μL 1% Digitonin, 50μL 10% BSA with 600μL H₂O.

5xTAPS-DMF buffer: Mix 20μL 1M TAPS-NaOH pH 8.2, 25μL 1M MgCl₂, 500μL DMF and 455μL H₂O for 1 ml 5xTAPS-DMF buffer.

STOP buffer: 1xPBS buffer, 100mM EDTA, 0.5% BSA.

Lysis buffer: 0.2% SDS, 10mM Tris-HCl, 10mM NaCl. Mix 200μL 1 M Tris-HCl pH8.0, 40μL 5 M NaCl, 400μL 10% SDS and 19.4 ml ddH₂O for 20 ml buffer, store at R.T. Freshly add 0.2 mg/ml Proteinase into lysis buffer and freeze the plate at -20°C after Echo distribution.

Indexed Tn5 assembly and quality control

2 Dissolve the indexed adapters and Tn5 reverse adapters with annealing buffer (10 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0, 50 mM NaCl, 2mM EDTA) to make 200μM stock.

	Tn5-Rve	p-CTGTCTCTTATACACATCT
	Q501	GGCGGTAGGCGTGCTCCT AGCGCTAGATGTGTATAAG AGACAG
	Q502	GGCGGTAGGCGTGCTCTC GATATCAGATGTGTATAAGA GACAG
	Q503	GGCGGTAGGCGTGCTCCG TCTGCGAGATGTGTATAAG

		AGACAG
Q504	GGCGGTAGGCGTGCTCTA CTCATAAGATGTGTATAAG AGACAG	
Q505	GGCGGTAGGCGTGCTCCG CTATGTAGATGTGTATAAGA GACAG	
Q506	GGCGGTAGGCGTGCTCTA TCGCACAGATGTGTATAAG AGACAG	
Q701	CCAACACCCGTGCGCTGG TGAATATAGATGTGTATAAG AGACAG	
Q702	CCAACACCCGTGCGCTGA CAGGCGCAGATGTGTATAA GAGACAG	
Q703	CCAACACCCGTGCGCTGC ATAGAGTAGATGTGTATAAG AGACAG	
Q704	CCAACACCCGTGCGCTGT GCGAGACAGATGTGTATAA GAGACAG	

Table 1. Sequences of Tn5 assembly associated adapters.

- 3 Prepare 15µL of individual Q5XX and Q7XX adapters with equal Tn5-reverse adapter in 200µL PCR tube and anneal in a thermocycler as follows: 98 °C for 10 min, and slowly cool down to 23 °C with -0.1 °C/s. Mix the annealed adapter with 100µL 30µM Tn5 and 70µL coupling buffer (100mM HEPES-NaOH, 500mM NaCl, 50% v/v Glycerol, 0.5mM EDTA, 2mM DTT), and incubate in thermomixer at 25°C, 1000 rpm for one hour. The indexed Tn5 transposome was prepared by mixing 20µL of the paired two Tn5-adapters with 80µL coupling buffer and the resulting Tn5 transposome complex were 5µM.

IT-ATAC- Index#1	Q501& Q701	IT-ATAC- Index#13	Q504& Q701
---------------------	---------------	----------------------	---------------

	IT-ATAC- Index#2	Q501& Q702	IT-ATAC- Index#14	Q504& Q702
	IT-ATAC- Index#3	Q501& Q703	IT-ATAC- Index#15	Q504& Q703
	IT-ATAC- Index#4	Q501& Q704	IT-ATAC- Index#16	Q504& Q704
	IT-ATAC- Index#5	Q502& Q701	IT-ATAC- Index#17	Q505& Q701
	IT-ATAC- Index#6	Q502& Q702	IT-ATAC- Index#18	Q505& Q702
	IT-ATAC- Index#7	Q502& Q703	IT-ATAC- Index#19	Q505& Q703
	IT-ATAC- Index#8	Q502& Q704	IT-ATAC- Index#20	Q505& Q704
	IT-ATAC- Index#9	Q503& Q701	IT-ATAC- Index#21	Q506& Q701
	IT-ATAC- Index#10	Q503& Q702	IT-ATAC- Index#22	Q506& Q702
	IT-ATAC- Index#11	Q503& Q703	IT-ATAC- Index#23	Q506& Q703
	IT-ATAC- Index#12	Q503& Q704	IT-ATAC- Index#24	Q506& Q704

Table 2. Index number of Tn5 for IT-scATAC-seq.



- 4 Prepare 1 μL 300 ng/ μL genomic DNA, 4 μL 5xTAPS-DMF buffer (50 mM TAPS-NaOH pH 8.2, 25 mM MgCl_2 , 50% DMF), 13 μL H_2O , 2 μL assembled Tn5. Incubate at 55 °C for 10 min, then add 2 μL 10X STOP buffer (2% SDS, 40 mM EDTA) and quench at 37°C 15min to dissociate Tn5 from DNA. Add 5 μL 6x Loading dye and run 1.5% DNA gel. The majority of tagmented DNA sizes were less than 1,000bp, indicating the assembled transposases are qualified for downstream experiments.

Step-by-step protocol.

- 5 **Collect cells.** For culture cells: Harvest the cells with digestion enzymes and wash with 1x PBS buffer in 1.5mL Low bond tube; for cryopreserved cells, thaw the cells quickly at 37 °C water bath and transfer to pre-warmed medium and centrifuge 1000g 5min, check the cell viability (>95%) and density, and wash with 1x PBS buffer in 1.5mL Low bond tube; for tissue dissected cells, 0.1-0.2% formaldehyde crosslinking at room-temperature for 10min is recommended.
- 6 **Nuclei isolation by OmniATAC buffer.** Discard the PBS and resuspend the cells (250,000 for 5 indexed transposition reactions) with 100 μL ATAC-RSB-Hypotonic buffer, lyse on ice for 5min, add 1mL ATAC-RSB wash buffer and up and down 5 times before spinning down by 500g for 10min.
- 7 **Indexed Tn5 tagmentation.** Discard the buffer avoiding disrupt the nuclei, and resuspend with 100 μL 0.33X PBS containing 0.1% Tween 20 and 0.01% Digitonin. Aliquot 20 μL resuspended nuclei (50,000 nuclei) to five Low bond tubes, followed by adding 20 μL 5xTagmentation buffer and 5 μL indexed Tn5. Record the used indexed Tn5 number, and gently pipetting up and down 10 times and perform the tagmentation assay on a thermomixer at 37 °C 850 rpm for 30min. Add 500 μL STOP buffer to stop the reaction for 5min on ice.
- 8 **Sorting plate preparation.** Distribute 350nL lysis buffer to each well using liquid handling system Echo 550. Spin down the lysis buffer 3,000g for 2min. The sorting plates can be prepared just before usage or frozen at -20°C for ready use.
- 9 **Single nuclei sorting.** Add 6 μL 100 $\mu\text{g}/\mu\text{L}$ DAPI to stain the tagmented nuclei and transfer the nuclei to flow tubes for sorting. A non-stained nuclei can be prepared in parallel for DAPI negative calibration. Different index-tagmented nuclei are sorted into the same well of 384-plate.
NOTE: After sorting, the plates can be frozen at -20°C until lysis.
- 10 **Nuclei lysis and 1st barcoded PCR.** Spin down the sorted nuclei to lysis buffer and incubate at 37°C for 15min. Add 100 nL 10% Triton X-100 to quench the 0.2% SDS in lysis buffer. Add 25nL indexed H5XX and 25nL indexed H7XX, as well as 500nL NEB



High-Fidelity 2X PCR Master Mix, to each well and spin down. The first PCR is carried out with 72°C 5min, 98 °C 30s; 12 cycles of 98 °C 20 s, 63°C 30s, 72 °C 1min; 72 °C 5min, 4 °C hold.

H501	ACTCTTTCCCTACACGACG CTCTTCCGATCTTAGATCG CGGCGGTAGGCGTGCTC	
H502	ACTCTTTCCCTACACGACG CTCTTCCGATCTCTCTCTA TGGCGGTAGGCGTGCTC	
H503	ACTCTTTCCCTACACGACG CTCTTCCGATCTTATCCTC TGGCGGTAGGCGTGCTC	
H504	ACTCTTTCCCTACACGACG CTCTTCCGATCTAGAGTAG AGGCGGTAGGCGTGCTC	
H505	ACTCTTTCCCTACACGACG CTCTTCCGATCTGTAAGGA GGGCGGTAGGCGTGCTC	
H506	ACTCTTTCCCTACACGACG CTCTTCCGATCTACTGCAT AGGCGGTAGGCGTGCTC	
H507	ACTCTTTCCCTACACGACG CTCTTCCGATCTAAGGAGT AGGCGGTAGGCGTGCTC	
H508	ACTCTTTCCCTACACGACG CTCTTCCGATCTCTAAGCC TGGCGGTAGGCGTGCTC	
H509	ACTCTTTCCCTACACGACG CTCTTCCGATCTCGTCTAA TGGCGGTAGGCGTGCTC	
H510	ACTCTTTCCCTACACGACG CTCTTCCGATCTTCTCTCC GGGCGGTAGGCGTGCTC	
H511	ACTCTTTCCCTACACGACG CTCTTCCGATCTTCGACTA GGGCGGTAGGCGTGCTC	
H512	ACTCTTTCCCTACACGACG CTCTTCCGATCTTTCTAGC TGGCGGTAGGCGTGCTC	
H513	ACTCTTTCCCTACACGACG CTCTTCCGATCTCCTAGAG TGGCGGTAGGCGTGCTC	



H514	ACTCTTTCCCTACACGACG CTCTTCCGATCTGCGTAAG AGGCGGTAGGCGTGCTC
H515	ACTCTTTCCCTACACGACG CTCTTCCGATCTCTATTAA GGGCGGTAGGCGTGCTC
H516	ACTCTTTCCCTACACGACG CTCTTCCGATCTAAGGCTA TGGCGGTAGGCGTGCTC
H701	GACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGT GCTCTTCCGATCTTCGCCT TACCAACACCCGTGCGCT G
H702	GACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGT GCTCTTCCGATCTCTAGTA CGCCAACACCCGTGCGCT G
H703	GACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGT GCTCTTCCGATCTTTCTGC CTCCAACACCCGTGCGCT G
H704	GACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGT GCTCTTCCGATCTGCTCAG GACCAACACCCGTGCGCT G
H705	GACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGT GCTCTTCCGATCTAGGAGT CCCCAACACCCGTGCGCT G
H706	GACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGT GCTCTTCCGATCTCATGCC TACCAACACCCGTGCGCT G
H707	GACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGT GCTCTTCCGATCTGTAGAG AGCCAACACCCGTGCGCT G
H708	GACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGT GCTCTTCCGATCTCCTCTC TGCCAACACCCGTGCGCT G
H709	GACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGT GCTCTTCCGATCTAGCGTA GCCCAACACCCGTGCGCT G
H710	GACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGT GCTCTTCCGATCTCAGCCT



		CGCCAACACCCGTGCGCT G
H711		GACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGT GCTCTTCCGATCTTGCCCTC TTCCAACACCCGTGCGCT G
H712		GACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGT GCTCTTCCGATCTTCCTCT ACCCAACACCCGTGCGCT G
H713		GACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGT GCTCTTCCGATCTTCATGA GCCCAACACCCGTGCGCT G
H714		GACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGT GCTCTTCCGATCTCCTGAG ATCCAACACCCGTGCGCT G
H715		GACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGT GCTCTTCCGATCTTAGCGA GTCCAACACCCGTGCGCT G
H716		GACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGT GCTCTTCCGATCTGTAGCT CCCCAACACCCGTGCGCT G
H717		GACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGT GCTCTTCCGATCTTACTAC GCCCAACACCCGTGCGCT G
H718		GACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGT GCTCTTCCGATCTAGGCTC CGCCAACACCCGTGCGCT G
H719		GACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGT GCTCTTCCGATCTGCAGC GTACCAACACCCGTGCGC TG
H720		GACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGT GCTCTTCCGATCTCTGCG CATCCAACACCCGTGCGC TG
H721		GACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGT GCTCTTCCGATCTGAGCG CTACCAACACCCGTGCGC TG
H722		GACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGT GCTCTTCCGATCTCGCTCA

		GTCCAACACCCGTGCGCT G
	H723	GACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGT GCTCTTCCGATCTGTCTTA GGCCAACACCCGTGCGCT G
	H724	GACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGT GCTCTTCCGATCTACTGAT CGCCAACACCCGTGCGCT G

Table 3. The first round of PCR primers.

- 11 **PCR purification and adapter removal.** Added 6µL PB buffer (Qiagen) to each well using 24-well multichannel pipette, pooled the PCR product by inverting the plate and centrifuge to a container, followed by purification using MinElute column (Qiagen) through pumping and finally elute with 50µL nuclease-free H₂O. The undesired fragments, primers and adapters were removed by Exo I digestion (NEB), 1.0x AMPure XP beads purification and eluted with 25µL nuclease-free H₂O.
- 12 **Truseq adapter addition by 2nd PCR.** Prepare 23µL eluted 1st PCR product, 2µL 10µM Truseq T5XX/T7XX and 25µL NEB High-Fidelity 2X PCR Master Mix in 200µL PCR tube. The 2nd PCR is carried out following 98 °C 30s; 2-3 cycles of 98 °C 20s, 63°C 30s, 72 °C 1min; 72 °C 5min, 4 °C hold.

	T501	AATGATACGGCGACCACC GAGATCTACACTATAGCCT ACACTCTTTCCCTACACGA CGC
	T502	AATGATACGGCGACCACC GAGATCTACACATAGAGGC ACACTCTTTCCCTACACGA CGC
	T503	AATGATACGGCGACCACC GAGATCTACACCCTATCCT ACACTCTTTCCCTACACGA CGC
	T504	AATGATACGGCGACCACC GAGATCTACACGGCTCTGA ACACTCTTTCCCTACACGA CGC
	T505	AATGATACGGCGACCACC GAGATCTACACAGGCGAAG



		ACACTCTTTCCCTACACGA CGC
T506		AATGATACGGCGACCACC GAGATCTACACTAATCTTA ACACTCTTTCCCTACACGA CGC
T507		AATGATACGGCGACCACC GAGATCTACACCAGGACGT ACACTCTTTCCCTACACGA CGC
T508		AATGATACGGCGACCACC GAGATCTACACGTACTGAC ACACTCTTTCCCTACACGA CGC
T701		CAAGCAGAAGACGGCATA CGAGATCGAGTAATGTGAC TGGAGTTCAGACGTGT
T702		CAAGCAGAAGACGGCATA CGAGATTCTCCGGAGTGA CTGGAGTTCAGACGTGT
T703		CAAGCAGAAGACGGCATA CGAGATAATGAGCGGTGAC TGGAGTTCAGACGTGT
T704		CAAGCAGAAGACGGCATA CGAGATGGAATCTCGTGAC TGGAGTTCAGACGTGT
T705		CAAGCAGAAGACGGCATA CGAGATTTCTGAATGTGAC TGGAGTTCAGACGTGT
T706		CAAGCAGAAGACGGCATA CGAGATACGAATTCGTGAC TGGAGTTCAGACGTGT
T707		CAAGCAGAAGACGGCATA CGAGATAGCTTCAGGTGAC TGGAGTTCAGACGTGT
T708		CAAGCAGAAGACGGCATA CGAGATGCGCATTAGTGAC TGGAGTTCAGACGTGT
T709		CAAGCAGAAGACGGCATA CGAGATCATAGCCGGTGAC TGGAGTTCAGACGTGT
T710		CAAGCAGAAGACGGCATA CGAGATTTTCGCGGAGTGA CTGGAGTTCAGACGTGT
T711		CAAGCAGAAGACGGCATA CGAGATGCGCGAGAGTGA

		CTGGAGTTCAGACGTGT
T712		CAAGCAGAAGACGGCATA CGAGATCTATCGCTGTGAC TGGAGTTCAGACGTGT

Table 4. Sequences of TrueSeq primers.

- 13 **Library purification and NGS.** Purify the library via AMPure XP beads double selection (0.50x/0.35x) to remove primer dimers and large size fragments, and elute with 20-40µL nuclease-free H₂O. The concentration is quantified with Qubit 4.0 and we usually get 5-50 ng/µL (cell-context dependent) of the final library and sent for NGS.

Library quality control

14

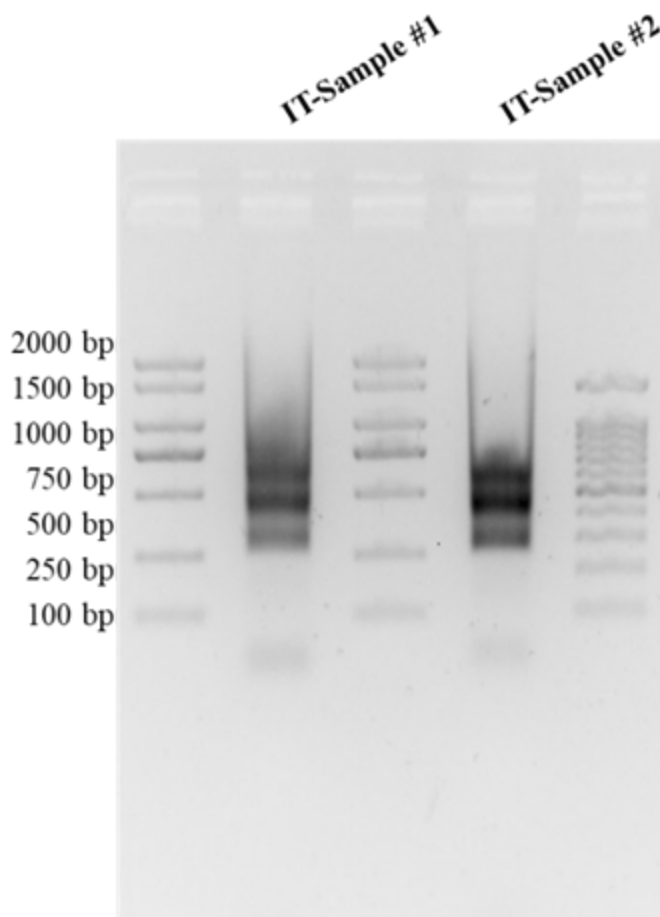


Figure 1. DNA electrophoresis of IT-scATAC-seq library.

15

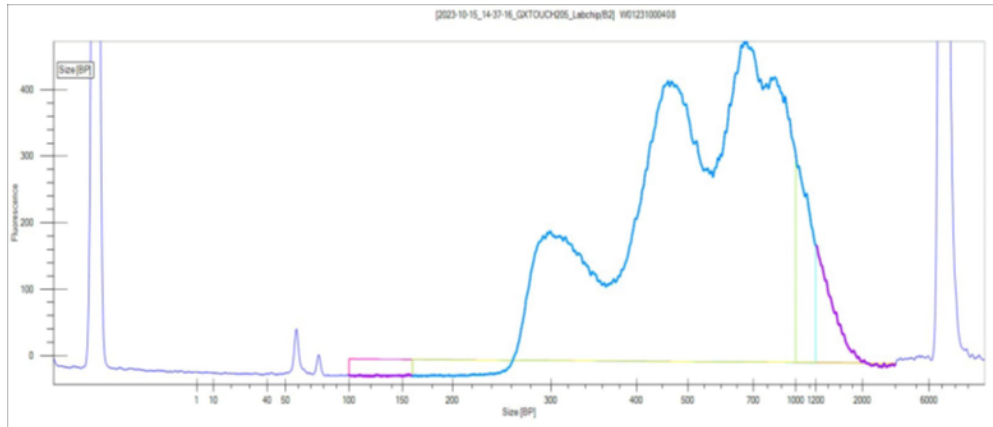


Figure 2. Representative of fragments distribution from a good IT-scATAC-seq library.

Protocol references

The Tn5 purification and assembly refers to Picelli, S. *et al.* Tn5 transposase and tagmentation procedures for massively scaled sequencing projects. *Genome Res* **24**, 2033-40 (2014).

Acknowledgements

We thank the workshop on single-cell omics in 2019 provided by Professor He Aibin's lab at Peking University. We thank the HKU core facility for the equipment of Flow Cytometry and Liquid Handler.