

Jun 13, 2018

## invertedClampFISH ligation



Forked from [invertedClampFISH ligation](#)

DOI

[dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.qxwdxpe](https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.qxwdxpe)

Benjamin Emert<sup>1</sup>, Arjun Raj<sup>1</sup>, Ian Dardani<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>University of Pennsylvania

RajLab



Benjamin Emert

University of Pennsylvania

### Create & collaborate more with a free account

Edit and publish protocols, collaborate in communities, share insights through comments, and track progress with run records.

Create free account

OPEN  ACCESS



DOI: <https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.qxwdxpe>

**Protocol Citation:** Benjamin Emert, Arjun Raj, Ian Dardani 2018. invertedClampFISH ligation. **protocols.io**  
<https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.qxwdxpe>

**License:** This is an open access protocol distributed under the terms of the **Creative Commons Attribution License**, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited

**Protocol status:** In development

**We are still developing and optimizing this protocol**

**Created:** June 13, 2018

**Last Modified:** April 04, 2024

**Protocol Integer ID:** 13014

**Keywords:** invertedclampfish ligation protocol, making invertedclampfish probe, invertedclampfish probe

## Abstract

Protocol for making invertedClampFISH probes.

## Materials

### MATERIALS

✂ T7 DNA Ligase - 750,000 units **New England Biolabs Catalog #M0318L**

✂ Monarch® PCR & DNA Cleanup Kit (5 µg) **New England Biolabs Catalog #T1030**

✂ T4 Polynucleotide Kinase - 2,500 units **New England Biolabs Catalog #M0201L**

## Troubleshooting

## Probe backbone phosphorylation

- 1 Reconstitute invertedClampFISH arms, backbones and adaptors to 400uM in nuclease free water.

### Note

If the quantity of backbone oligos is very low, can reconstitute to 200uM and use twice as much for subsequent reactions.

- 2 combine reaction components to phosphorylate unmodified backbone oligos

🧪 10  $\mu$ L 2x T7 DNA ligase buffer

🧪 1  $\mu$ L 400uM backbone oligo

🧪 0.5  $\mu$ L T4 polynucleotide kinase

🧪 2  $\mu$ L nuclease free water

### Note

If you plan to add the same invertedClampFISH arms to each backbone oligo, the phosphorylation and subsequent ligation can be done with multiple backbone oligos simultaneously. I have ligated 30 backbone probes at once, scaling up the reaction 2x-3x.

🔥 50 °C thermal cycler lid

🔥 37 °C thermal cycler

🕒 08:00:00 incubate PNK reaction.

### Note

You probably can incubate for a shorter duration. Overnight incubation is fine too.

## invertedClampFISH probe ligation

- 3 Combine reaction components

🧪 1.5  $\mu$ L 400 $\mu$ M left arm

🧪 1.5  $\mu$ L 400 $\mu$ M right arm

🧪 1.5  $\mu$ L 400 $\mu$ M left adapter

🧪 1.5  $\mu$ L 400 $\mu$ M right adapter



4 Heat reaction components to 95°C for 5 minutes then cool slowly to 12°C.

🔥 95 °C

🕒 00:05:00 on thermal cycler

🔥 12 °C cool slowly (0.1°C/sec)

5 Bring to room temperature then add T7 DNA ligase.

🔥 25 °C Bring to room temperature

🧴 0.5 µL T7 DNA ligase

6 Mix reaction then centrifuge. Incubate at room temperature overnight.

🔥 25 °C

🕒 12:00:00 incubate overnight

#### Note

If any of the oligos contain a dye, incubate in the dark.

## Column purify invertedClampFISH probes

7 Column purify using NEB Monarch PCR and DNA cleanup kit according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use 1 column per 10µL ligation reactions.

8 Add 30 µL nuclease free water to ligation reaction.

🧴 30 µL nuclease free water

#### Note

Can be scaled up or down as long as 7x volume of binding buffer is added before loading column. I like to scale the volume such that 200 µL can be loaded on each column.

9 Add 350 µL binding buffer

🧴 350 µL binding buffer

10 Apply to monarch column then spin down for 1 minute.

🕒 00:01:00 Centrifuge at 16,000 x g

11 Remove flow-through then apply 200 µL wash buffer to column and spin down.

🧴 200 µL Monarch DNA wash buffer

🕒 00:01:00 Centrifuge at 16,000 x g



12 Repeat wash with 200  $\mu$ L wash buffer and spin down.

 200  $\mu$ L Monarch DNA wash buffer

 00:01:00 Centrifuge at 16,000 x g

#### Note

You do not need to remove flow through in between washes.

13 Transfer column to clean centrifuge tube then spin down to remove residual wash buffer.

 00:01:00 Centrifuge at 16,000 x g

14 Rotate column 180° then centrifuge again.

 00:01:00 Centrifuge at 16,000 x g.

#### Note

Probably carry-over superstition from using Qiagen columns.

15 Transfer to clean centrifuge tube for elution. Apply 30  $\mu$ L nuclease-free water to column.

 30  $\mu$ L

#### Note

Can scale up or down volume to adjust final concentration. With 30  $\mu$ L elution, my final concentration tends to be between 50-80ng/ $\mu$ L (using an absorbance constant of 33 on the nanodrop).

16 Incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.

 00:05:00 incubate at room temperature.

17 Elute probes.

 00:01:00 Centrifuge at 16,000 x g.

18 Measure concentration by nanodrop.

#### Note

I set the absorbance constant to 33 for ssDNA.