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Image processing and 3D reconstruction

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Protocol status: Working

We use this protocol and it's working

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Abstract

Image processing and 3D reconstruction

Troubleshooting

Image processing

- 1 Use cryoSPARC for the following steps except those particularly mentioned.
- 2 Do motion correction by [Patch Motion Correction]
Bin 2x in fourier cropping for super-resolution video stacks
Bin 1x in fourier cropping for regular video stacks
- 3 Do contrast transfer function determination by [Patch CTF Estimation]
Remove the outlier micrographs base on the estimated defocus and resolution value.
- 4 Do particle picking by [Topaz]
Manually pick 10 micrographs as learning dataset
Optimize the 'picking threshold' with the 10 mics
Apply the parameter to the entile dataset
- 5 Particle extraction
Use the box size 1.5 times larger than the target particles
Bin 4x to facilitate the following classification jobs
- 6 2D classification
Set 50-100 classes dependent on the data size
Remove the obvious junk particles
- 7 Obtain an initial model
[1] Use Ab-initial (Optional) only select the 2D classes that show high-resolution features
[2] Use previously determined structure if it's available
[3] Create a new medel by AlphaFold
- 8 Do 3D classification by [Reterogeneous Refinement]
Low-pass your model to 15-20 Å
Run the job with 2-3 junk models
Run multiple times (typically 2-4 rounds) until the result converges
- 9 Re-extract the particles with
bin 2x for super-resolution video stacks
bin 1x for regular video stacks

3D reconstruction

- 10 Do 3D reconstruction by [Homogeneous Refinement]
Repeat 2-3 times until the resolution converges
Check whether the FSC curve is healthy



- 11 (Optional)
Do CTF refinement followed by homogeneous refinement.
Check whether the resolution get improved
- 12 (Optional)
Do local refinement if the map contains multiple rigid sub-regions
Decide the masks based on [3D Variability] or [3D Flex]
Use [ChimeraX] to create the maps
Use [EMAN2] to compose the final maps at the end