



Jan 05, 2022

Version 2

## General Taq PCR Master Mix -- CHEM 384/584 V.2

DOI

[dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.b3gjgjun](https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.b3gjgjun)

Ken Christensen<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Brigham Young University



Ken Christensen

Brigham Young University

### Create & collaborate more with a free account

Edit and publish protocols, collaborate in communities, share insights through comments, and track progress with run records.

Create free account

OPEN  ACCESS



DOI: <https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.b3gjgjun>

**Protocol Citation:** Ken Christensen 2022. General Taq PCR Master Mix -- CHEM 384/584. **protocols.io**  
<https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.b3gjgjun> Version created by **Ken Christensen**

**Manuscript citation:**

[https://www.takarabio.com/assets/documents/User%20Manual/RR350A\\_DS.v1902Da.pdf](https://www.takarabio.com/assets/documents/User%20Manual/RR350A_DS.v1902Da.pdf)

**License:** This is an open access protocol distributed under the terms of the **[Creative Commons Attribution License](#)**, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited



**Protocol status:** In development

**We are still developing and optimizing this protocol**

**Created:** January 05, 2022

**Last Modified:** January 05, 2022

**Protocol Integer ID:** 56555

**Keywords:** ideal for fast colony pcr screening, fast colony pcr screening, sapphireamp fast pcr master mix, fast colony pcr amplification, fast pcr master mix, general taq pcr master mix, fast pcr, hot start pcr enzyme, pcr, direct loading of pcr product, pcr product, agarose gel for electrophoresis, gel loading dye, genomic dna template, electrophoresis, sapphireamp, kb from genomic dna template, optimized buffer, sample handling

## Abstract

SapphireAmp Fast PCR Master Mix contains a hot start PCR enzyme, optimized buffer, dNTP mixture, gel loading dye (blue), and a density reagent as a 2X premix. SapphireAmp Fast PCR Master Mix is optimized for fast PCR and offers a rapid extension rate (10 sec. per kb). The inclusion of blue dye and a density reagent allows direct loading of PCR products on an agarose gel for electrophoresis. The master mix format simplifies workflows and sample handling; simply add primers, template, and water and then begin PCR. SapphireAmp Fast PCR Master Mix is ideal for fast colony PCR screening. Fast colony PCR amplification of a 5 kb insert can be completed in approximately 1 hr 15 min. Furthermore, it is possible to amplify fragments up to 6 kb from genomic DNA templates.

## Guidelines

**Storage:** -20°C for long-term storage. 4°C for short-term storage (up to 3 months). (Note) If used frequently, store at 4°C ; the activity of the Master Mix may decrease with repeated freezing and thawing. Gently mix well before use and centrifuge briefly.

### Application:





- DNA amplification by PCR
- Colony PCR

**PCR Products:** Since most PCR products amplified with SapphireAmp Fast PCR Master Mix have an A overhang added at 3'-termini, the obtained PCR product can be used directly for cloning into a T-vector. Additionally, it is possible to clone the product in a blunt-end vector after blunting and phosphorylation of the end.

**Dye Migration During Electrophoresis:** When 5 µl of the PCR sample is loaded on a 1% gel made with Agarose L03 [TAKARA] (Cat. #5003) and subjected to electrophoresis, the blue dye fronts are detected at positions corresponding to 1 kb and 3 - 5 kb. The absorption maxima for the dyes are ~ 260 nm and 620 nm, respectively. The dyes may be removed by isolating and purifying the DNA fragment from the gel or extracting DNA with NucleoSpin Gel and PCR Clean-Up (Cat. #740609.50/.250), if necessary

## Troubleshooting

## Setup Reaction

- 1 To a  25  $\mu\text{L}$  aliquot of a 2X Taq PCR Master Mix (e.g. TaqDog, or Sapphire Amp), add template (10–20  $\mu\text{L}$  cleared lysate for colony PCR or  20–50 ng of purified DNA for typical PCR), forward and reverse primers to a final concentration of  200 nanomolar (nM) . Adjust final volume to  50  $\mu\text{L}$  with nuclease free water or autoclaved water.

A	B
2X Master Mix	25 $\mu\text{L}$ (pre - aliquoted and stored in the freezer)
Template	10–20 $\mu\text{L}$ of bacterial lysate or 20–50 ng DNA
Forward Primer	1 $\mu\text{L}$ of 10 $\mu\text{M}$ primer dilution
Reverse Primer	1 $\mu\text{L}$ of 10 $\mu\text{M}$ primer dilution
ddH <sub>2</sub> O	to a final



A	B
	volume of 50 ul

## Run Reaction

2 followed by 30 cycles of 98°C, 5 sec; 55°C, 5 sec; and 72°C, 40 sec.

A	B	C
Initial denature	98C	1 minute
Denature	94C	10 seconds
Anneal	55C	30 seconds
Extension	72C	1 min/kb
Repeat steps 2-4		30-40x
Final extension	72	1 minute
Cool	4C	Until cancelled

A typical thermocycling program for a PCR for amplicons less than 1 kb is 1 minute. For longer amplicons, adjust the program to 1 minute/kb seconds for the extension and final extension times.