

Nov 19, 2020

Version 2

Freeze-drying (Lyophilization) and manufacturing of Corona Detective assay V.2



DOI

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.bpv4mn8w

Guy Aidelberg¹, Rachel Aronoff²

¹CRI (Center for research and interdisciplinarity) Paris; ²Hackuarium

Coronavirus Method De...

Reclone.org (The Reage...

2 more workspaces



Guy Aidelberg

CRI (Center for research and interdisciplinarity) Paris

Create & collaborate more with a free account

Edit and publish protocols, collaborate in communities, share insights through comments, and track progress with run records.

Create free account





DOI: https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.bpv4mn8w

External link: https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0327975

CoronaDetective



Protocol Citation: Guy Aidelberg, Rachel Aronoff 2020. Freeze-drying (Lyophilization) and manufacturing of Corona Detective assay. **protocols.io** https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.bpv4mn8w Version created by Guy Aidelberg

Manuscript citation:

Cerda A, Aravena A, Zapata V, Arce A, Araya W, Gallardo D, Aviles J, Quero F, Nuñez I, Matute T, Navarro F, Ferrando V, Blanco M, Velozo S, Rodriguez S, Aguilera S, Chateau F, Olivares-Donoso R, Molloy JC, Aidelberg G, Lindner AB, Castro F, Cremades P, Ramirez-Sarmiento C, Federici F (2025) Open educational resources for distributed hands-on teaching in molecular biology. PLOS One 20(8). doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0327975

License: This is an open access protocol distributed under the terms of the **Creative Commons Attribution License**, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited

Protocol status: Working

We use this protocol and it's working

Created: November 19, 2020

Last Modified: November 19, 2020

Protocol Integer ID: 44700

Keywords: LAMP, Open Science, Covid19, Sars-Cov2, RT-LAMP, Lyophilization, Freeze-drying, manufacturing of corona detective, coronadetective test, corona detective, corona, lyophilization, standard pcr plate, pcr, lamp reaction, protocol for freeze

Abstract

A protocol for freeze-drying (Lyophilization) of CoronaDetective tests, and more generally any QUASR RT-LAMP reaction.

Guidelines

The amounts here are for one standard 96 well PCR plate (12 experiments), and for $\Delta 20 \,\mu$ reactions. This can be scaled for any amount of plates at any reaction volume.



Materials

MATERIALS

- Isothermal Amplification Buffer 6.0 ml New England Biolabs Catalog #B0537S
- Magnesium Sulfate (MgSO4) Solution 6.0 ml New England Biolabs Catalog #B1003S
- Recombinant RNasin(R) RNase Inhibitor, 10,000u Promega Catalog #N2515
- Deoxynucleotide (dNTP) Solution Mix New England Biolabs Catalog #N0447S
- 2019-nCoV_N_Positive Control Integrated DNA Technologies, Inc. (IDT) Catalog #10006625
- 🔀 Bst 2.0 Warm Start DNA Polymerase Glycerol-free New England Biolabs Catalog #M0402B
- D-()-Trehalose dihydrate Merck MilliporeSigma (Sigma-Aldrich) Catalog #T5251
- WarmStart® RTx (Glycerol-Free) New England Biolabs Catalog #M0439B-HC1

Troubleshooting

Safety warnings

There is no biohazard risk from producing these freeze-dried tubes, but care must be taken to avoid any potential contamination with target sequences or RNAse.

Best practices should be followed (appropriate PPE, RNaseAway, etc.).

Before start

Make sure to have all needed primers and reagents in sufficient quantities.

Fluorescence-tagged primers and complementary quencher sequences are essential for QUASR detection.

Standard Enzymes usually come in 50% Glycerol, so as to be stable in the -20C freezer. The glycerol interferes with freeze-drying.

Make sure your enzymes are Glycerol-free and stored at -80C.

Prepare the Harvest Right Lyophilizer system (or similar) for its freeze-drying run (Clean and Make sure vacuum is pulling)

Other systems are possible, and robotics are useful for scaling.



1

Thaw components (dNTPs, 10X Primer mixes (need to be made), MgSO₄, Isothermal amplification buffer, and Enzymes)

Vortex and quickly spin tubes down before opening for dispensing.

This protocol is for one standard 96 well PCR plate and can be scaled as needed.

1.1 **10X Primer mix:** assuming your primer stocks are at [M] 100 millimolar (mM) for 200 µL add together

Primer sequences taken from: https://www.nature.com/articles/s41587-020-0513-4 (Supplementary Data 2) and adapted for QUASR detection according to https://www.nature.com/articles/srep44778

For the **NM SARS CoV 2** primer set:

Fam-FIP/BIP [M] 16 micromolar (
$$\mu$$
M) - Δ 32 μ L each LB/LF [M] 8 micromolar (μ M) - Δ 16 μ L each F3/B3 [M] 2 micromolar (μ M) - Δ 4 μ L each Anti-FIP-Q [M] 24 micromolar (μ M) - Δ 48 μ L DNAse/RNAse free water

For the **RNAseP human internal control** primer set:

```
FIP/BIP [M] 16 micromolar (\muM) - \Delta 32 \muL each LB/Hex-LF [M] 8 micromolar (\muM) - \Delta 16 \muL each F3/B3 [M] 2 micromolar (\muM) - \Delta 4 \muL each Anti-LF-Q [M] 12 micromolar (\muM) \Delta 24 \muL \Delta 72 \muL DNAse/RNAse free water
```

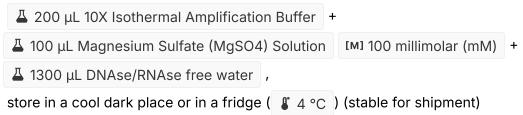
2 **FD QUASR RT-LAMP Mastermix:** In a 2ml tube mix together

```
Δ 280 μL dNTPs [M] 10 millimolar (mM) each dNTP +
Δ 200 μL of each 10x Primer Mix (NM and RNAseP From step 1.1)+
Δ 5.33 μL Glycerol free Bst 2.0 WarmStart® DNA Polymerase [M] 120000 U/ml +
```



Vortex all or mix by pipetting up and down and then spindown.

2.1 **Rehydration Buffer:** Either now or at a later time make the rehydration buffer. For a whole plate, mix



Dispensing: In each well of a PCR plate place \perp 16 μ L of the Mastermix from step 2

A digital dispenser or liquid handling robot is useful here for larger scales

- 4 **Sealing and piercing:** Seal the plate(s) with either foil or parafilm and then make a small puncture in the seal of each tube.

This is done when reactions are freeze-dried in order to prevent the small pellets from "jumping" out of the tubes under vacuum.

A 96-Pin Replicator is perfect for this but a multi-pipette, toothpick, tip, scalpel, or scissors will do.

Freeze-drying: Depending on your freeze drier, you might need to now freeze the tubes, and make sure they remain frozen (such as by placing in a frozen metal rack or touching a frozen metal block).

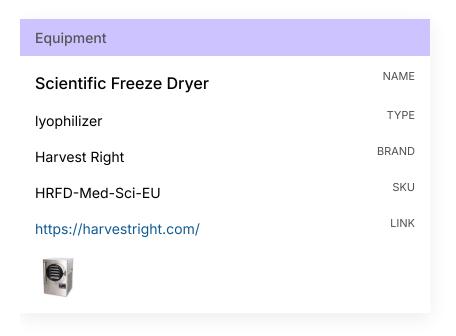
Otherwise, simply place in a freeze-drier and run overnight or until done.

We start by freezing to ~ ▮ -40 °C for a few hours

then turn on the vacuum (aiming for 500mtorr) for another couple of hours,



then slowly heating by \$\\ \bigset\$ 10 °C every hour with the vacuum still on.



6 Storage: Make sure each tube has a similarly sized dried pellet and reseal the plate with either film, foil, or caps.

Store in a dark and dry place preferably in a sealed bag with a desiccant. (stable for shipment)