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Version 1

# Free floating immunofluorescent staining protocol on mouse brain sections V.1

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Protocol status: Working

We use this protocol and it's working



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### Abstract

This protocol describes our multiplex fluorescent immunohistochemistry protocol used to identify pathological signatures in human iPSC-derived cells within thin, fixed mouse brain tissue section series'. We apply this workflow for post-mortem assessment of the inclusions within human iPSC-derived cells which have been transplanted into the living brain of athymic mice.

### Guidelines

IMPORTANT: perform all antibody incubation steps and steps following in minimal light so as not to bleach signals prios to imaging



### **Materials**

#### **Antibodies**

- TH(IgG2b): TH Monoclonal Antibody (OTI3G3),TrueMAB™ #TA506549, Ms, IgG2b, clone OTI3G3, 1:200 https://www.thermofisher.com/antibody/product/TH-Antibody-clone-OTI3G3-Monoclonal/TA506549
- Syn204(IgG2a): Anti-α-Synuclein Antibody, Biolegend #838201, Ms, IgG2a, clone Syn204 (aa 87-110) 1:1, 1:200 https://www.biolegend.com/en-us/products/anti-alpha-synuclein-antibody-10995?GroupID=BLG15651
- S129(Rb): Recombinant Anti-Alpha-synuclein (phospho S129) antibody [EP1536Y] (ab51253), Rb, Mono, 1:500https://www.abcam.com/products/primary-antibodies/alpha-synuclein-phospho-s129-antibody-ep1536yab51253.html

А	В	С	D	E
Comb#1 <i>Primary</i>	TH lgG2b	Syn204	S129	
Cat #	TA50654 9, MS lgG2b	838201, Ms IgG2a, 1:1	ab51253 , Rb	
dilution	200	200	500	
Comb#1 Secondary	Goat @ mouse IgG2b 647	Goat @ mouse IgG2a 568	Donkey @ rabbit 488	Hoechst 33342
Cat #	A-21242	A-21134	A- 21206	
dilution	1:250	1:250	1:200	1:1000

#### **Equipment**

- Orbital shaker
- black porcelain spot plate

#### **Consumables**

- microscope slides
- 6-well plates and net inserts
- Microscope slide coverslips (no. 1.5 thickness, 22×50mm)

### **Key reagents**

- Normal donkey serum
- Sodium citrate
- sodium borohydride
- Tween-20 and Triton X-100
- DAKO Fluorescence Mounting Medium



# Troubleshooting

# Safety warnings



• For hazard information and safety warnings, please refer to the SDS (Safety Data Sheet). NOTE: Sodium borohydride is highly toxic and flammable



## Day 1 - Tissue preparation

- 1 30 um mouse brain sections were stored in anti-freeze solution at required.
- 35m

- 1. Remove samples from freezer and equilibrate at 8 Room temperature for
  - **(5)** 00:10:00  **(6)** 00:20:00
- 2. Pour sections into a well insert in a 6-well plate to separate storage solution from section
- 3. Move the well insert to another well containing approximately 4 6 mL of 1x PBS.

  Wash at least 5x with 1x PBS for 00:05:00 each on an orbital shaker using low speed at 8 Room temperature

## Antigen retrieval

- 2 1. Incubate the sections in 10mM sodium citrate buffer (pH9.0) for 00:30:00 . Let it cool to Room temperature
  - 0:00 . Let it 35m

2. Rinse the sections 3x (5) 00:05:00 each in 1X PBS

## Quenching aldehyde group

3 1. Weigh NaBH<sub>4</sub> to make 0.1~0.5% in 1X PBS, made fresh

- 35m
- 2. Move the insert with sections into the fresh-made solution for 👏 00:30:00 at
  - Room temperature
- 3. Wash 2x 👏 00:05:00 in 1X PBS

## Blocking

1. Incubate sections in normal donkey serum IF blocking buffer 302:00:00

2h

Room temperature on shaker 60 rpm

## Primary antibody incubation

5 Make primary antibody cocktails in blocking buffer

3d

1. Prepare  $\sim$   $\Delta$  300  $\mu$ L per sample of primary antibody solution consisting of selected primary



- antibody (diluted appropriately) in home-made normal donkey serum IF blocking buffer
- 2. Transfer sections from well insert into wells of black porcelain spot plate containing primary antibody solution to bind to the antigen(s) of interest
- 3. Place the plate on a rotating mixer using low speed (speed 7 rpm) and incubate 72:00:00 at
  - 4 °C (or 3X night/ over weekend)

## Day 2 - Secondary antibodies

1. The following day, pour sections into a well insert in a 6-well plate to separate sections from primary antibody solution.

2h 15m 30s

- 2. Wash sections 3 times with 1x PBST at Room temperature . Note: 00:00:30 for the first two rinses, 3x 00:10:00 for additional washing
- 3. Prepare  $\Delta$  300 µL per sample of secondary antibody solution consisting of appropriate secondary antibody + Hoechst 33342 (diluted accordingly) in blocking buffer (shield solution from light)
- 4. Transfer sections into the black porcelain spot plate containing  $\frac{4}{2}$  300  $\mu$ L secondary antibody cocktail
- 5. Incubate for 02:00:00 at Room temperature on orbital shaker using low speed (shield solution from light).
- 6. Pour sections into a well-insert in a 6-well plate containing 1X PBST to separate sections from the secondary antibody solution
- 7. Continuing to shield samples from light, wash 3 times with 1x PBS for 00:05:00
  - at & Room temperature

# Mounting

- 7 1. Pour sections into a glass petri dish
  - 2. Submerge a glass slide into the 1x PBS and use a fine paintbrush to coax the sections towards the slide
  - 3. Gently tap the sections onto the slide, making sure there are no wrinkles or folds
  - 4. Repeat until all sections are mounted onto the slide(s)

## Cover-slipping

15m



8

1. After sections are dried onto the slide(s), about 00:15:00 at



- Room temperature or until sections look opaque (remember to shield slides from light), apply an appropriate aqueous mounting medium (hardening or non-hardening). Antifading (DAKO Fluorescence Mounting Medium is preferred if using a fluorescent conjugated secondary antibody
- 2. Using tweezers, place a coverslip on top of the medium. Cover with filter paper and press down firmly to remove excess mounting medium
- 3. Image sections using an appropriate microscope. Store in a dark slide box at

