DEC 20, 2019

OPEN ACCESS

DOI:

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.ban5idg6

Protocol Citation: Vinnyfred Vincent, Himani Thakkar, Anjali Verma, Atanu Sen, Nikhil Chandran, Archana Singh 2019. Flow cytometry based monocyte adhesion assay for quantification of endothelial activation in vitro.

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<https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.ban5idg6>

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Protocol status: Working
We use this protocol and it's working

Created: Dec 19, 2019

Last Modified: Dec 20, 2019

PROTOCOL integer ID:
31165

Flow cytometry based monocyte adhesion assay for quantification of endothelial activation in vitro

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ABSTRACT

Endothelial pro inflammatory activation is a key event in the development of atherosclerosis. In order to study modulation of endothelial activation, quantification of the same in vitro is necessary. At functional level endothelial activation is quantified using monocyte adhesion assay. This involves addition of fluorescently labelled monocytes on top of cultured endothelial cells and quantifying the number of monocytes adhered. Currently this is done using microscopy. Here we present a novel flow cytometry based monocyte adhesion assay with clear advantages over previously described methods.

GUIDELINES

1. When doing fluorescent labeling of monocytes, any cell impermeable dye can be used. Make sure to use a dye with high stain index so that there is good separation of negative and positive cells.

Keywords: Atherosclerosis, Endothelial cell, Monocyte, Flow Cytometry, Cardiovascular Disorders, Human Umbilical Vein Endothelial Cell, Endothelial dysfunction

MATERIALS

MATERIALS

- ✂ TrypLE™ Express Enzyme (1X), phenol red **Thermo Fisher Catalog #1260501**
- ✂ DiI Stain (1,1'-Diiododecyl-3,3',3'-Tetramethylindocarbocyanine Perchlorate ('DiI DiI C18(3))) **Thermo Fisher Catalog #D282**
- ✂ Human Umbilical Vein Endothelial Cells (HUVECs) **Contributed by users**
- ✂ THP1 monocytes **Contributed by users**
- ✂ Endothelial Cell Growth Media **R&D Systems Catalog #CCM027**
- ✂ RPMI 1640 **Himedia Catalog #AS162A**
- ✂ 0.2 % gelatin in PBS **Contributed by users**
- ✂ Cell culture plates (6 well) **Contributed by users**
- ✂ Phosphate buffered saline (PBS) pH 7.4 **Contributed by users**

SAFETY WARNINGS

- ! Validate that the cell lines are not contaminated with infectious agents, especially if primary human umbilical vein endothelial cells (HUVECs) are isolated in the lab from donors.

BEFORE START INSTRUCTIONS

Bring all the reagents to 37°C before starting the assay.

Preparation of human umbilical vein endothelial cell (HUVE...

- 1 Add 1 ml of 0.2% gelatin in PBS to each well of a 6 well plate and keep inside a CO₂ incubator at 37°C for 1 hour. 1h
- 2 After 1 hour, discard the gelatin and wash with 3 ml PBS. Discard PBS 5m
- 3 Seed 10⁴ HUVECs/cm² in each well including a well for negative gating during flow cytometry, in ECGM supplemented with growth factors, 10% fetal bovine serum (FBS) and antibiotics. Keep 5m

inside CO₂ incubator at 37°C and 5% CO₂ till confluent. HUVECs grow as adherent monolayer.

Overnight

Fluorescent labeling of THP1 monocytes

- 4** THP1 cells are cultured in RPMI 1640 medium with 10% FBS and antibiotics. Count THP1 cells using a hemocytometer. 5×10^5 THP1 cells per well are need for the assay. Count and aliquote the total number of cell needed for the assay into a centrifuge tube including 10^5 cells need for positive gating control during flow cytometry. 15m
- 5** Stock solution of DIL is made in DMSO at 1 mg/ml. This is added to the THP1 cells in complete media (RPMI with 10% FBS) at 1:1000 dilution with the final concentration in the media of 1 ug/ml. After adding DIL keep the THP1 cells inside CO₂ incubator at 37°C and 5% CO₂ for 30 minutes. 30m
- 6** After 30 minutes, centrifuge at 300 g for 5 minutes at room temperature (RT). Discard the supernatant without disturbing the pellet and resuspend in complete media. Repeat this step once more to remain any unbound DIL. 15m

Monocyte adhesion under static conditions

- 7** Add 5×10^5 THP1 cells per well on top of the HUVEC monolayer and keep inside CO₂ incubator at 37°C and 5% CO₂ for 30 minutes. Keep 10^5 THP1 cells apart as positive gating control for flow cytometry analysis later. 30m
- 8** After 30 minutes remove unbound monocytes by washing with PBS thrice. 15m

Quantification of adhesion using flow cytometry

- 9** Dislodge HUVECs and bound THP1 cells using TrypLE Express dissociation reagent. Add 500 ul of TrypLE to each well and incubate at 37°C till cells dislodge. Once the cells have dislodged, add 500 ul of complete ECGM to inactivate TrypLE. 5m

- 10** Transfer to microcentrifuge tubes and centrifuge at 300 g for 5 minutes at room temperature (RT). Resuspend the pellet in PBS and repeat the PBS wash once. Resuspend in 500 ul of PBS. 15m
- 11** Run pure populations of HUVECs and THP1 cells for setting the vertical gate for analysis. Set a common gate for both HUVECs and THP1 should be used in FSC vs SSC graph. acquire 10^4 events in all tubes. Calculate the percentage of cells on either side of the vertical gate to calculate the number of DIL negative and DIL positive cells. DIL negative cells represent HUVECs and DIL positive cells represent THP1 cells. 15m
- 12** Calculate the average number of HUVECs adhered to single HUVEC by dividing the number of DIL positive cells out of the 10^4 cells with DIL negative cells. 5m