

Jun 20, 2019 Version 2

Fabrication of DNA constructs by Gibson Assembly and Golden Gate reactions V.2

DOI

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.4fcgtiw

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DOI: dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.4fcgtiw

Protocol Citation: Tamara Matute, Isaac Nuñez, Peter Von Dassow, Fernan Federici 2019. Fabrication of DNA constructs by Gibson Assembly and Golden Gate reactions. **protocols.io** <https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.4fcgtiw>

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Protocol status: Working

We use this protocol and it's working

Created: June 19, 2019

Last Modified: June 20, 2019

Protocol Integer ID: 24772

Abstract

We used this protocol to build a series of codon optimized BFP expressing vectors in the context of the EMS initiative from Gordon and Betty Moore foundation. A complete list of files corresponding to the DNA parts and vectors used in this study can be found at our [Drive](#) and [zenodo](#) database.

Introduction and rationale

- 1 Golden Gate assembly creates vectors by combining vectors containing level 0 parts (e.g. promoters, CDSes, terminators) and an acceptor vector. The first step involves the creation of libraries of level 0 parts by 'domesticating' DNA sequences of interest (e.g. a promoter or a new fluorescent protein).

Domestication of DNA sequences into level 0 part vectors

- 2 Level 0 parts for Golden Gate reactions were generated by Gibson Assembly. Parts can be generated by PCRing natural sequences (e.g. genomic DNA) or existing vectors; or by fully synthesising (e.g. gblocks from IDT) DNA fragments of interest.

For PCRed parts, reactions were performed with Phusion® High-Fidelity DNA Polymerase following this conditions:

Thermocycling

98°C x 30 sec

(98°C x 10 sec + 60°C x 30 sec + 72°C x 2 min) x 35 cycles

72°C x 10 min

4°C

PCR mix:

1ul primer forward Gibson

1ul primer reverse Gibson

1,33ul template (concentration: 1ng/ul)

8 ul Buffer HF 5X

0,8ul dNTPs (10uM)

0,4ul Phusion® High-Fidelity DNA Polymerase (2U/ul)

27,46 ul H2O

Commercially synthesised DNA fragments were ordered containing the 20-30bp overhangs used for Gibson assembly into the level 0 part vector.

Gibson assembly step for the creation of level 0 part vector

- 3 Desired PCR products were identified by gel electrophoresis and extracted with the purification kit Wizard SV Gel & PCR Clean-Up System (Promega). DNA concentration were corroborated with a Take3™ Micro-Volume Synergy™ HTX before performing Gibson reactions.
The volumes used for each part were calculated by eq 1, 2 and 3.

Eq.1

$$X [pMol/\mu l] = \frac{Concentration}{650 [\frac{gr}{mg} \frac{bp}{bp}]}$$

Eq.2

$$Vol_{ratio i} =$$

Volume ratio [ul] = pmol/required pmol

where required pmol is:

0,01 for parts >2500 bp

0,03 for parts >200 bp and <2500 bp

0,05 for parts <200 bp

Volume to be added was calculated as:

Eq.3

$$Vol_{piece\ i} = \frac{Vol_{i}}{4}$$

1,5µl of parts were combined with 4,5µl of Gibson Master Mix in ice. This reaction was incubated at 50°C for 1 hour.

Reagents:**Gibson Mix (1.33X):**

100 ul 5X Isothermal Buffer

2 ul T5 Exonuclease (1 U/ul)

6,25 ul Phusion® High-Fidelity DNA Polymerase (2U/ul)

50 ul Taq DNA ligase (40U/ul)

216,75 ul H₂O

Store at -20°C.

5X Isothermal Buffer:

25% PEG-8000

500 mM Tris-HCl pH 7,5

50 mM MgCl₂

50 mM DTT

1 mM dATP

1 mM dTTP

1 mM dCTP

1 mM dGTP

5 mM NAD

H₂O

Store at -80°C

Transformation of Level 0 donor vectors

- 4 These reactions were transformed into chemically competent TOP10 cells prepared by the OOW protocol (http://www.openwetware.org/wiki/TOP10_chemically_competent_cells), miniprep and sequenced. These level 0 parts were stored as vectors for the following Golden Gate reactions.

Golden Gate assembly of promoters and fluorescent proteins combinations

- 5 Final combinatorial assemblies of promoters, CDSes and terminators here described were produced by Golden Gate. For this, a general acceptor vector was created that accepts level 0 parts for the assembly of transcriptional units (e.g. promoter-CDS-terminator of interest).

Eq.4

$$Vol_{required} [ul] = \frac{1}{[c]}$$

The assembly was performed as follows:
(37°C x 3 min + 16°C x 5 min) * 40 cycles.
50°C x 5 min.
80°C x 10 min
4°C

Transformation of Golden Gate reactions



- 6 3µl of these reactions were used to transform TOP10 Escherichia coli cells following the step described above.

Positive colonies were identified by colony PCR and sequenced.