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Fabrication of DNA constructs by Gibson Assembly and Golden Gate reactions V.2

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Abstract

We used this protocol to build a series of codon optimized BFP expressing vectors in the context of the EMS initiative from Gordon and Betty Moore foundation. A complete list of files corresponding to the DNA parts and vectors used in this study can be found at our **Drive** and **zenodo** database.

Introduction and rationale

1 Golden Gate assembly creates vectors by combining vectors containing level 0 parts (e.g. promoters, CDSes, terminators) and an acceptor vector. The first step involves the creation of libraries of level 0 parts by 'domesticating' DNA sequences of interest (e.g a promoter or a new fluorescent protein).

Domestication of DNA sequences into level 0 part vectors

2 Level 0 parts for Golden Gate reactions were generated by Gibson Assembly. Parts can be generated by PCRing natural sequences (e.g genomic DNA) or existing vectors; or by fully synthesising (e.g. gblocks from IDT) DNA fragments of interest.

For PCRed parts, reactions were performed with Phusion[®] High-Fidelity DNA Polymerase following this conditions:

Thermocycling

98°C x 30 sec (98°C x 10 sec + 60°C x 30 sec + 72°C x 2 min) x 35 cycles 72°C x 10 min 4°C

PCR mix:

1ul primer forward Gibson
1ul primer reverse Gibson
1,33ul template (concentration: 1ng/ul)
8 ul Buffer HF 5X
0,8ul dNTPs (10uM)
0,4ul Phusion® High-Fidelity DNA Polymerase (2U/ul)
27,46 ul H20

Commerically synthetisised DNA fragments were ordered containing the 20-30bp overhangs used for Gibson assembly into the level 0 part vector.

Gibson assembly step for the creation of level 0 part vector

3 Desired PCR products were identified by gel electrophoresis and extracted with the purification kit Wizard SV Gel & PCR Clean-Up System (Promega). DNA concentration were corroborated with a Take3[™] Micro-Volume Synergy[™] HTX before performing Gibson reactions.

The volumes used for each part were calculated by eq 1, 2 and 3.

Eq.1

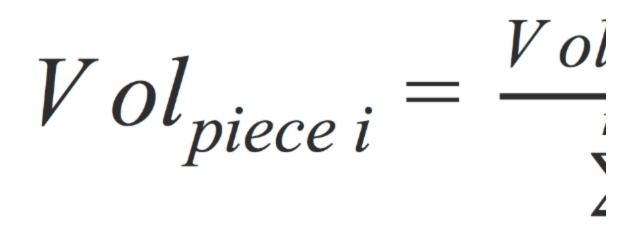
$X[pMol/\mu l] = \frac{Concentrat}{650 \left[\frac{gr/mo}{bp}\right]}$

Eq.2

Vol_{ratio} i

Volume ratio [ul] = pmol/required pmol where required pmol is: 0,01 for parts >2500 bp 0,03 for parts >200 bp and <2500 bp 0,05 for parts <200 bp

Volume to be added was calculated as: **Eq.3**



1,5 μ l of parts were combined with 4,5 μ l of Gibson Master Mix in ice. This reaction was incubated at 50°C for 1 hour.

Reagents:

Gibson Mix (1.33X):

100 ul 5X Isothermal Buffer 2 ul T5 Exonuclease (1 U/ul) 6,25 ul Phusion® High-Fidelity DNA Polymerase (2U/ul) 50 ul Taq DNA ligase (40U/ul) 216,75 ul H20 Store at -20°C.

5X Isothermal Buffer:

25% PEG-8000 500 mM Tris-HCl pH 7,5 50 mM MgCl2 50 mM DTT 1 mM dATP 1 mM dTTP 1 mM dCTP 1 mM dGTP 5 mM NAD H20 Store at -80°C

Transformation of Level 0 donor vectors

4 These reactions were transformed into chemically competent TOP10 cells prepared by the OOW protocol (<u>http://www.openwetware.org/wiki/TOP10_chemically_competent_cells</u>), minipreped and

sequenced. These level 0 parts were stored as vectors for the following Golden Gate reactions.

Golden Gate assembly of promoters and fluorescent proteins combinations

5 Final combinatorial assemblies of promoters, CDSes and terminators here described were produced by Golden Gate. For this, a general aceptor vector was created that accepts level 0 parts for the assembly of transcriptional units (e.g. promoter-CDS-terminator of interest).

Eq.4

Vol_{required} [ul] $- \int c$

The assembly was performed as follows: (37°C x 3 min + 16°C x 5 min) * 40 cycles. 50°C x 5 min. 80°C x 10 min 4°C

Transformation of Golden Gate reactions

6 3μl of these reactions were used to transform TOP10 Escherichia coli cells following the step described above.

Positive colonies were identified by colony PCR and sequenced.