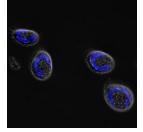


Apr 24, 2019

- Euplotes crassus transfection using FuGene HD Transfection Reagent as vehicle (provisional)
- Forked from <u>Euplotes crassus transfection using FuGene HD Transfection Reagent</u> as vehicle (provisional)





In 1 collection

DOI

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.2apgadn

RACHELE CESARONI¹, Rachele Cesaroni²

¹University of Bern, Institute of Biology; ²Universität Bern

Protist Research to Opti...



Angela Piersanti

University of Camerino

Create & collaborate more with a free account

Edit and publish protocols, collaborate in communities, share insights through comments, and track progress with run records.

Create free account





DOI: https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.2apgadn



Protocol Citation: RACHELE CESARONI, Rachele Cesaroni 2019. Euplotes crassus transfection using FuGene HD Transfection Reagent as vehicle (provisional). **protocols.io** https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.2apgadn

License: This is an open access protocol distributed under the terms of the **Creative Commons Attribution License**, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited

Protocol status: In development

We are still developing and optimizing this protocol

Created: April 24, 2019

Last Modified: April 24, 2019

Protocol Integer ID: 22575

Keywords: euplotes crassus transfection, fugene hd transfection reagent as vehicle, using fugene hd transfection reagent, crassus transfection, euplotes crassus, transfection, euplote

Troubleshooting



- Collect 4×10^4 well-fed Euplotes crassus cells (we used E.coli as the only food source) by centrifugation at 400 rcf for 3 minutes.
- Wash the cells twice with artificial sea water (see attachment for the recipe) and once with 500 mM sorbitol, 0.5 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.0 (400 rcf for 3 minutes each time). Then resuspend Euplotes crassus cells in 50 μl of the medium (500 mM sorbitol, 0.5 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.0). To get this small volume you may require an additional minute of centrifugation.

Note

Recipe for complete sea water (1 L):

36 g Reef Crystals 1 ml Walne's solution 1 ml of 10 μ g/ml FeSO₄ 0.2 ml of 2 mg/ml thiamine (light sensitive; store at 4 °C) Add distilled water up to 1 L

- 3 Transfer the cells into wells within a 96-well plate for transfection.
- 4 Allow FuGene HD Transfection Reagent to reach room temperature, and then mix it by inverting or vortexing briefly (if you see a precipitate, briefly warm it at 37°C, and then let it reach room temperature).
- Add 90-98 μ l of medium (500 mM sorbitol, 0.5 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.0) at room temperature and 4 μ g of DNA in MilliQ H₂O (0.2-1 μ g/ μ L) to an Eppendorf tube and vortex (after adding the DNA the final volume must be 100 μ l).
- 6 Add 6 μl of FuGene HD Transfection Reagent directly to the medium and mix immediately.
- 7 Icubate FuGene HD Transfection Reagent and DNA mixture for 15 minutes at room temperature.
- Add 10 μ l of the FuGene HD Transfection Reagent and DNA mixture to the 50 μ l of Euplotes crassus cells in medium (mix everything by pipetting).
- One hour after addition of FuGene/DNA complexes, add 50 μ l of artificial sea water to the cells.
- 10 After another hour, add to the cells other 50 µl of artificial sea water.



- 11 An hour later harvest the cells (400 rcf for 3 minutes), and wash them twice with artificial sea water (400 rcf for 3 min each time). Then resuspend them in 400 µl of the artificial sea water.
- 12 Transfer the cells into glass depression wells for subsequent monitoring.
- 13 Incubate the cells at 24°C, then examine them by fluorescence microscopy to determine expression of the construct.