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🌐 ELISA for quantification of Granulocyte-colony stimulator factor (G-CSF) in human serum or plasma

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- 1 An anti-human granulocyte-colony stimulator factor (G-CSF) coating antibody is adsorbed onto the microwells by incubation overnight at 4°C with carbonate-bicarbonate buffer.

- 2 Add 50 μ l of human serum. Human G-CSF present in the serum sample binds to antibodies adsorbed into the microwells.
- 3 The microplate is blocked with 3% non-fat milk-PBS buffer and later wash to remove unbound proteins.
- 4 Fifty (50) μ l of biotin-conjugated anti-G-CSF antibody is added. The optimal dilution must be investigated.
- 5 The microplate is rewashed with PBS-Tween 20 buffer, pH 7.4.
- 6 One hundred μ l of streptavidin-HRP conjugate is added and it binds to the biotin-conjugated anti-human G-CSF antibody.
- 7 The plate is washed following incubation to remove the unbound Streptavidin-HRP.
- 8 Add 100 μ l of 3,3',5,5'- tetramethylbenzidine (TMB; Sigma-Aldrich) into each well.
- 9 Incubate the microwells in the dark for 15 min.

- 10** A colored product is formed in proportion to the quantity of G-CSF present in the sample or standard.
- 11** The reaction is terminated by addition of 100 µl 3M H₂SO₄ and the absorbance is measured at 450 nm.
- 12** A standard curve is made from 7 human G-CSF standard dilutions and the human G-CSF sample concentration is determined.
- 13** For better results place the microplate on a microplate shaker in every incubation.