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Determination of the total acid number (TAN) in crude oils

 In 1 collection

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Chemistry Method Devel...



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Protocol status: Working

We use this protocol and it's working

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Protocol Integer ID: 19076

Keywords: Total acid number, petroleum, crude oil



Abstract

Description

Titrimetric determination of total acid number (TAN) in crude oil. Protocol is applicable to crude oils of medium acidity (approximately 0.5 mg KOH/g). Sample and reagent volumes should be adjusted if the TAN value is expected to be outside of this range.

Instrumentation

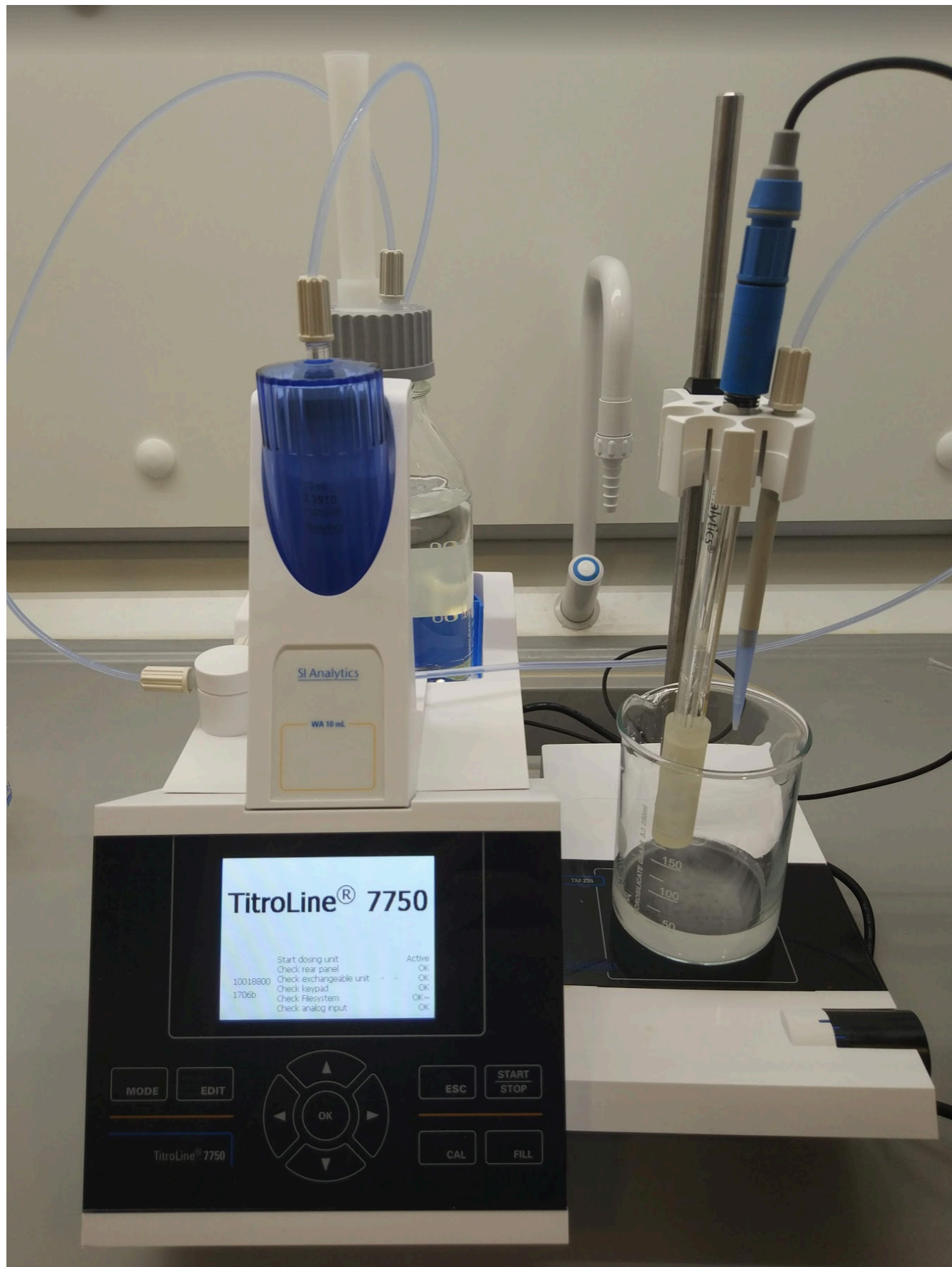
The analysis is carried out using a slightly modified version of ASTM 664 using a SI Analytics TitroLine 7750 (see attached documents for details of the original procedure).

Reporting

TAN values are reported in milligram of potassium hydroxide per gram of sample (mg KOH/g).

Quality control (QC) / system suitability test (SST)

A synthetic oil containing a mixture of C₁₃, C₁₅ and C₁₇ linear fatty acids (in 80:20 hexadecane:toluene) corresponding to 0.5 mg KOH/g is prepared and analyzed with each batch (maximum 6 oils). The value should be within 10% of the true value.



Attachments



SIA-ApNote-ASTM-

664-...

307KB



QC_TAN_ASTM_664_31_

0...

46KB

Materials

MATERIALS

⊗ 2-Propanol Merck MilliporeSigma (Sigma-Aldrich) Catalog #190764

⊗ Hexadecane Merck MilliporeSigma (Sigma-Aldrich) Catalog #H6703

⊗ Toluene Merck MilliporeSigma (Sigma-Aldrich) Catalog #1.07019

⊗ Potassium hydroxide Merck MilliporeSigma (Sigma-Aldrich) Catalog #1.05012

⊗ Potassium hydrogen phthalate Merck MilliporeSigma (Sigma-Aldrich) Catalog #1.04874

⊗ Tridecanoic acid Merck MilliporeSigma (Sigma-Aldrich) Catalog #91988

⊗ Pentadecanoic acid Merck MilliporeSigma (Sigma-Aldrich) Catalog #91446

⊗ Heptadecanoic acid Merck MilliporeSigma (Sigma-Aldrich) Catalog #H3500

STEP MATERIALS

⊗ 2-Propanol Merck MilliporeSigma (Sigma-Aldrich) Catalog #190764

⊗ Potassium hydroxide Merck MilliporeSigma (Sigma-Aldrich) Catalog #1050121000

Before start

Check availability of the following standards and consumables:

- Titrant solution (6 g/L KOH in 2-propanol)
- Titration solvent (500:495:5 toluene:2-propanol:H₂O)
- Potassium hydrogen phthalate
- Quality control sample (C₁₃+C₁₅+C₁₇ fatty acid in 80:20 hexadecane:toluene)
- Crude oil(s) (approximately 25 mL per sample)

Note

For preparation of standards, select "Appendix Preparation of consumables and standards" under Setup below.

Dissolution of KOH in 2-propanol proceeds slowly; titrant solution should be prepared *one day in advance*.



- 1 Assemble the titrator inside a ventilated fume-hood as samples are stored in open containers.
 - Keyboard is optional, but highly recommended for entering of sample details.
 - To store results as a PDF document, insert a USB memory stick (*without encryption*) into a USB-port in the back of the titrator. To avoid data loss, record results manually on paper.
 - To ensure proper mixing, stirring should be used during all steps of the analysis. The stirrer bar should not touch the electrode, and spin at a low speed while stimulating proper mixing.

Equipment

TitroLine 7750

NAME

Titrator

TYPE

SI Analytics

BRAND

TL7750

SKU

STEP CASE

Analysis 7 steps

Description of analytical workflow

Prepare instrument for analysis

- 2 The system is stored under H₂O. Remove water bottle, and replace with bottle filled with a suitable amount of titrant solution (6 g/L KOH in 2-propanol).

Note

Approximately 50 mL of titrant is used in calibration and blanking, followed by 5 -6 mL per sample.



3 Rinse syringe, tubing and pipette with titrant solution

1. Click 'MODE'.
2. Select 'Rinsing'.
3. Place empty beaker under pipette.
4. Perform three consecutive rinses (10 mL each).
5. Discard titrant waste.

4 Calibrate titrant solution against freshly prepared KHP (aq., 12 mM)

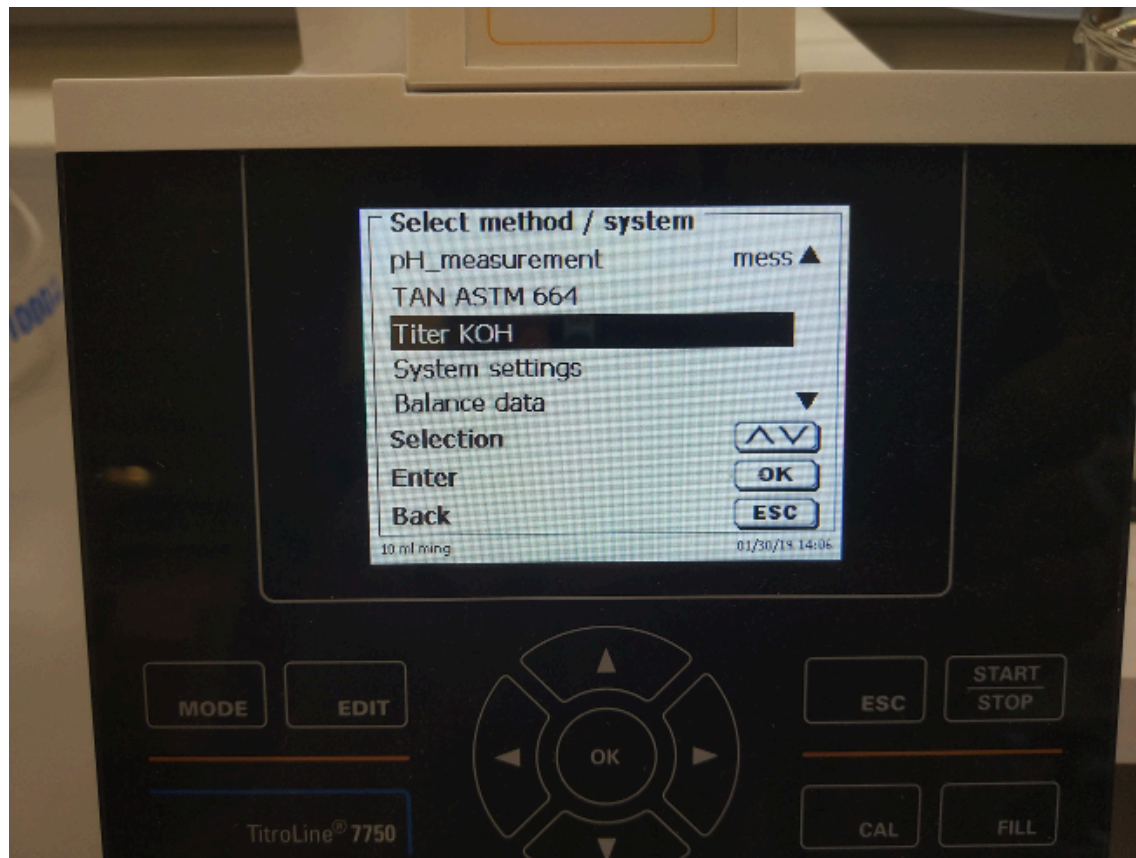
1. Prepare three separate solutions of approximately 125 mg potassium hydrogen phthalate (KHP) in H₂O (50 mL) in 100 mL beakers. *Record the exact mass to two decimals.*
2. Irrigate the beakers in a ultrasonic bath to facilitate dissolution.
3. When fully dissolved, place the first beaker on the titrator base.
4. Click 'MODE'.
5. Select 'Titer KOH'.
6. Click 'START'
7. Enter the exact measured weight of KHP.
8. After the measurement is finished, discard the solution and rinse the electrode with water.
9. Repeat the calibration measurement on all three solutions. *The average value is automatically saved in the unit.*

Expected result

0.09 - 0.11 M (%RSD < 5)

Note

The experimentally measured value should be 0.1 M. A large deviation indicates an issue with either the titrant / KHP solution or instrument. Troubleshoot and continue when the issue has been identified and fixed.



5 Blank instrument against titration solvent (500:495:5 toluene:2-propanol:H₂O)

1. Transfer 100 mL of titration solvent to a 250 mL beaker with a stirring rod.
2. Click 'MODE'.
3. Select 'Blank TAN-TBN'.
4. Click 'START'.
5. After the measurement is done, discard the solution and rinse the electrode with titration solvent, water and titration solvent again.
6. Repeat the blank measurement twice.

6 Validate instrument performance using QC sample

1. Weight 20 grams (approximately 25 mL) of QC sample in a 250 mL beaker with a stirring rod. *Record the exact mass to two decimals.*
2. Dissolve the sample in 100 mL of titration solvent.
3. Click 'MODE'.

4. Select 'TAN ASTM 664'.
5. Click 'START'
6. Enter 'YYMMDD_QC' as sample name.
7. After the measurement is done, discard the solution and rinse the electrode with titration solvent, water and titration solvent again.

Expected result

0.5 mg KOH/g

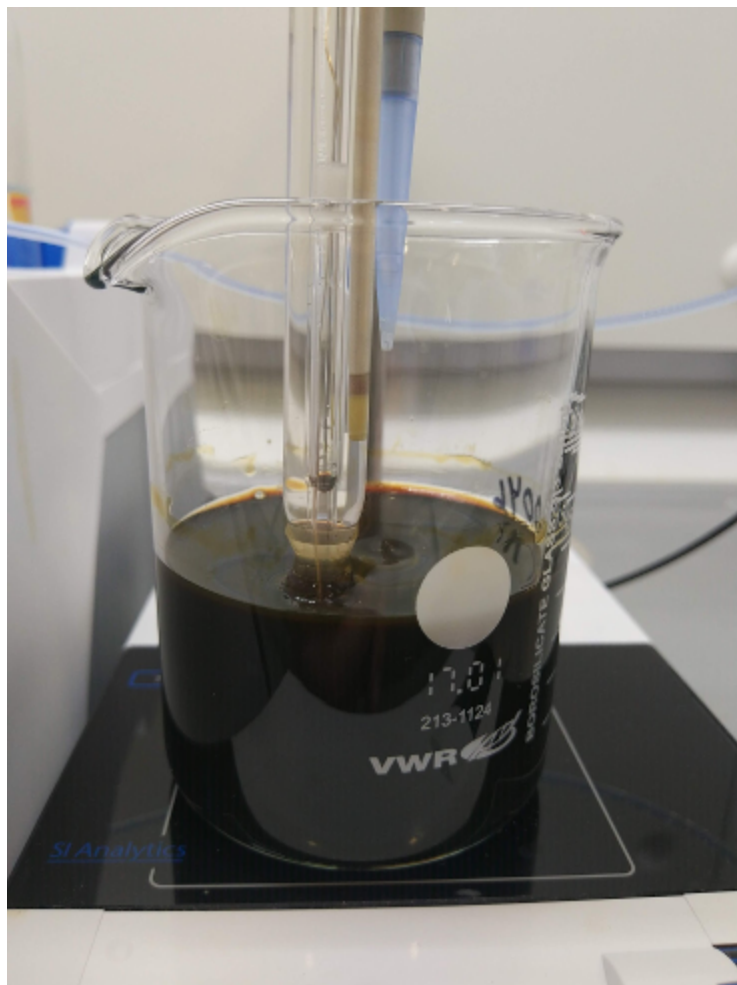
Note

The measured value must be within 10% of 0.5 mg KOH/g. If the value deviates, identify the issue before continuing. See attached documents under protocol description for a example QC titration.

Sample measurement

7 Determine TAN for crude oil(s)

1. Weight 20 grams (approximately 25 mL) of crude oil sample in a 250 mL beaker with a stirring rod. *Record the exact mass to two decimals.*
2. Dissolve the oil in 100 mL of titration solvent.
3. Click 'MODE'.
4. Select 'TAN ASTM 664'.
5. Click 'START' to start.
6. Enter weight, date and sample information.
7. After the measurement is done, discard the solution and rinse the electrode with titration solvent, water and titration solvent again.
8. Repeat until all samples have been measured.



Finishing

- 8 When all samples have been measured, proceed with the following steps to prepare the instrument for storage:
 1. Rinse electrode with titration solvent and water. If any (semi)-solid material have deposited on the electrode, remove it *carefully* using a lint-free Kimwipe.
 2. Remove the titrant bottle and replace with bottle containing freshly prepared H₂O (Milli-Q).
 3. Place empty beaker under pipette.
 4. Click 'MODE'.
 5. Select 'Rinsing'.
 6. Click 'START'.
 7. Perform three consecutive rinses (10 mL each).



8. Turn off and disconnect system.