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Data Acquisition and Analysis of Derivatized Hexose/Glucose by LC-QQQ-MS

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Protocol status: Working

We use this protocol and it's working

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Keywords: glucose by lc, analysis of derivatized hexose, glucose, derivatized hexose, triple quadrupole mass spectrometer, throughput metabolite quantification, ultivo triple quadrupole mass spectrometer, using lc, chromatographic condition

Abstract

This protocol outlines the steps for the separation, detection, and quantification of derivatized hexose/glucose using LC-QQQ-MS. Samples are analyzed with a C18 column coupled to a 1290 II LC system and an Ultivo triple quadrupole mass spectrometer. The procedure includes chromatographic conditions, MS settings, and data analysis workflows for high-throughput metabolite quantification.

Materials

Materials:

- Derivatized hexose/glucose samples
- Eclipse Plus C18 column (4.6 × 100 mm, 3.5 µm, Agilent)
- Agilent 1290 Infinity II LC system
- Agilent Ultivo triple quadrupole (QQQ) MS with ESI source
- LC/MS-grade water, acetonitrile, isopropanol
- Ammonium formate (10 mM)
- Formic acid (0.1%)
- MassHunter Qualitative Analysis Software
- Quant-My-Way QQQ Quantitative Analysis Software
- Microsoft Excel

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Reagents and Mobile Phases:

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- **Mobile Phase A:**
10 mM ammonium formate + 0.1% formic acid in 60:40 (v/v) water:acetonitrile
- **Mobile Phase B:**
10 mM ammonium formate + 0.1% formic acid in 90:10 (v/v) isopropanol:acetonitrile

Procedure:

- 3 Connect Eclipse Plus C18 column to the LC system.
- 4 Ensure column oven is set to 30°C.
- 5 Set autosampler temperature to 4°C.
- 6 Perform external mass calibration with standard mix every 7 days.

Sample Injection:

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- Inject **3 μ l** of each sample with fast polarity switching enabled.

LC Gradient:

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	Time (min)	%B
	0.0	50
	3.0	100
	6.0	100
	6.1	50
	8.0	50

Flow rate: 0.400 ml/min

Mass Spectrometer Settings

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- Spray Voltage: 3.6 kV (positive mode), 2.5 kV (negative mode)
- Gas Temperature: 250°C
- Sheath Gas Temperature: 400°C
- Gas Flow: 11 l/min
- Sheath Gas Flow: 12 l/min
- Nebulizer: 28 psi

MRM Transitions

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	Compound	Precursor Ion (m/z)	Product Ion (m/z)	Fragment or (V)	Collision Energy (eV)
	Benzoyl-Hexose/Glucose	718.0	231.0	100	11



	Benzoyl-Hexose/Glucose	718.0	105.0	100	37
	Benzoyl-Hexose/Glucose	718.0	579.1	100	5

Data Analysis

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Use MassHunter Qualitative Analysis software to validate peak alignment and retention times. Confirm identification by comparing MS/MS spectra to standards and evaluating both transitions for consistent relative intensity. Use Quant-My-Way for QQQ quantification with MRM data. Export raw peak areas to Microsoft Excel for further processing and normalization.

Consistent peak profiles for derivatized hexose/glucose with reproducible retention times and MRM transition ratios. Accurate relative quantification should be observed when using validated transitions and verified against standard fragmentation patterns.