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© Colorimetric Iron Quantification Assay

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External link:

https://www.abcam.com/ps/products/83/ab83366/documents/ab83366%20Iron%20Assay%20Kit%20Protocol%20v11a %20(website).pdf



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Protocol status: Working

We use this protocol in our group and it is working.

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Abstract

Measures iron from 0.4 - 20 nmol/83366) to quantify the levels of iron in cell culture and meat samples. Iron dissociates from its carrier protein in the presence of acidic buffer. When reduced to Fe^{2+} , ions will react with Ferene S to produce a complex with absorbance at 593 nm. Cu^{2+} interference is blocked with a chelate chemical included in the buffer. This protocol is designed to measure iron from 0.4 - 20 nmol/50 μ L sample or 8 μ M - 400 μ M.

Attachments



Iron Assay Kit Proto...

481KB

Guidelines

- Store the kit at -20°C in the dark.
- Do not substitute reagents from other kits.
- Avoid bubbles.
- Avoid cross contamination.



Materials

MATERIALS

- Iron Assay Buffer **Abcam Catalog** #ab83366
- Iron Probe Abcam Catalog #ab83366

- ☑ UltraPure Distilled Water Thermo Fisher Scientific Catalog #10977015
- 🔀 Dulbeccos Phosphate Buffered Saline Thermo Fisher Scientific Catalog #14040133

Troubleshooting

Safety warnings



• Reagents should be treated as possible mutagens and disposed of properly.

Before start

• Ensure you have sufficient reagent amounts to perform the assay for the number of samples you intend to run.



Prepare the reagents from the Iron Assay Kit.

- 1. Equilibrate the iron standard, iron assay buffer and iron reducer to room temperature.
 - 2. Thaw the iron probe and then keep on ice during the duration of the assay.
 - 01:00:00

Prepare the standard curve.

2 1. Dilute 10 μ L of iron standard in 990 μ L of distilled water to prepare a 1 mM standard. Prepare a standard curve dilution in a 96-well plate.

Standa rd No.	1 mM Iron Standar d Volume (μL)	Assa y Buffe r Volu me (µL)	Final Volume (μL)	Iron Concentrati on (nmol/well)
1	0	300	100	0
2	6	294	100	2
3	12	288	100	4
4	18	282	100	6
5	24	276	100	8
6	30	270	100	10

Standard curve dilution.

2. Set up the dilution for a duplicate reading (2 \times 100 μ L).

Prepare the samples.

- 3 1. Use fresh samples or thaw snap frozen samples on ice. (2) 02:00:00
 - 2. Weigh 10 mg of tissue sample for each condition.
 - 3. Wash the tissue in cold PBS.



- 4. Homogenize each tissue in 300 μL iron assay buffer with a Dounce homogenizer on ice with 15 passes.
- 5. Transfer the homogenates from the homogenizer to microcentrifuge tubes.
- 6. Centrifuge the homogenates at 16,000 xg for 10 minutes to remove insoluble particles.
- **(5)** 00:10:00
- 7. Transfer the supernatants to clean microcentrifuge tubes and keep on ice.

Perform the assay.

- 4 1. Add 100 μL of standard dilutions in duplicate to a 96-well plate.
 - 2. Add 50 μ L of each sample in quadruplicate (duplicate for Fe²⁺, duplicate for total Fe) to the 96-well plate and add 50 μ L iron assay buffer to each sample to bring the total volume to 100 μ L per well.
 - 3. Add 5 µL of iron reducer to each standard well.
 - 4. For Fe²⁺ measurement, add 5 μL of assay buffer to each sample.
 - 5. For total Fe measurement, add 5 µL of iron reducer to each sample.
 - 6. Mix and incubate standards and samples at 25°C for 30 minutes. 00:30:00
 - 7. Add 100 µL iron probe to each well containing the iron standard and test samples.
 - 8. Mix and incubate at 25°C for 60 minutes, in the dark. 01:00:00
 - 9. Measure output on a colorimetric microplate reader at OD 593.

Calculate iron concentrations.

- 5 1. Average the duplicate reader for each standard and sample.
 - 2. Substrate the mean absorbance value of the blank (standard no. 1) from all standard and sample readings to obtain the corrected absorbance.
 - 3. Plot the corrected absorbance values for each standard as a function of the final iron concentration.
 - 4. Calculate the line of best fit.

Expected result

$$y = 0.0826x + 0.0199, R^2 = 0.9987$$

- 5. Determine Fe^{2+} and total Fe from the standard curve.
- 6. Calculate Fe^{3+} by subtracting Fe^{2+} from the total Fe.
- 7. Iron concentration is calculated as: [C] = (Sa/Sv) st D



[C] = iron concentration

Sa = content of iron in well calculated from standard curve (nmol)

Sv = volume of sample added into the reaction wells (μL)

D = sample dilution factor (if necessary)

(The molecular weight of iron is 55.845 g/mol.)