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🌐 CHCHD2 T61I Mouse Genotyping

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Szu-Chi Liao¹, Ken Nakamura¹

¹Gladstone Institutes



Haru Yamamoto

UCSF

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Protocol status: Working

We use this protocol and it's working

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Disclaimer

The **protocols.io** team notes that research involving animals and humans must be conducted according to internationally-accepted standards and should always have prior approval from an Institutional Ethics Committee or Board.

Abstract

To genotype CHCHD2 T61I point mutant mice by qPCR.

Mouse Tail Lysis

1 **Materials**

- Isoflurane
- Sanitized scissors
- DirectPCR lysis reagent (mouse tail, Viagen Biotech, 102-T)
- Proteinase K – Recombinant, PCR grade (Roche, 03115844001)
- Microcentrifuge tubes
- Incubator
- Water bath

2 Anesthetize mice with isoflurane.

3 Cut no longer than 2 mm of distal tail from mice.

4 Place each tail in a sterile, labeled tube.

5 Add 200 µl of DirectPCR lysis reagent.

6 Add 10 µl of proteinase K and mix well.

7 Incubate the tails at 55°C overnight.

8 To deactivate proteinase K, incubate tails for 45 min in an 85°C water bath.

9 Store extracted DNA at -20°C until use.

qPCR Genotyping

10 **Materials**

- Kapa Probe Fast qPCR Master Mix (2X) kit (Kapa Biosystems, KK4715)
- EndPoint-F Primer: TGAAGATGGCCCAGATCTG



- EndPoint-R Primer: CTGAAGCCCCCAGTGAT
- WT-Probe: (5' JOE) TTAGATGGCTACCACCGCG (3' Iowa Black)
- MT-Probe: (5' 6-FAM) TTAGATGGCGATCACCGCG (3' Iowa Black)
- Nuclease-free water

11 Make Reaction Buffer:

	A	B	C
	Reagent	Volume (μl)	Final Concentration
	qPCR Master Mix (2X)	10	1X
	High ROX (50X)	0.4	1X
	EndPoint-F (10 μM)	0.8	0.4 μM
	EndPoint-R (10 μM)	0.8	0.4 μM
	WT-Probe (10 μM)	0.4	0.2 μM
	MT-Probe (10 μM)	0.4	0.2 μM
	DNA		100 ng
	Nuclease-free water	Make up to 20 μl	
	Total	20 μl	

12 Open SDS 2.4 software, create a new experiment and choose "standard curve".

13 Load the plate.

14 Set thermal cycling as follows:



Step	Temperature (°C)	Duration
1	95	3 min
2	95	10 s
3	60	30 s
4	Repeat steps 2-3 for 40 cycles	
5	4	∞

- 15 In the Setup tab, add detectors for FAM and JOE signal and start the program.
- 16 After amplification is done, create a new experiment and choose "allelic discrimination".
- 17 Assign the markers which detect FAM and JOE signals.
- 18 Start "Post Read".
- 19 **Expected Results:**
When plotted WT against MT fluorescence signal, each genotype would show a distinct ratio/slope as below:

