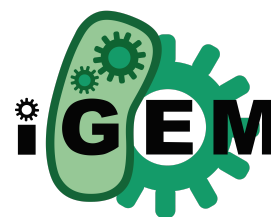


May 07, 2019

## Calibration Protocol - Conversion of OD<sub>600</sub> to Colony Forming Units (CFUs)

DOI

[dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.zgnf3ve](https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.zgnf3ve)



Richard Tennant<sup>1</sup>, Paul Rutten<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>iGEM Measurement Committee

iGEM Measurement

Tech. support email: [pauljrutten@gmail.com](mailto:pauljrutten@gmail.com)



Paul Rutten

The University of Oxford

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## Abstract

This procedure can be used to calibrate OD<sub>600</sub> to colony forming unit (CFU) counts, which are directly relatable to the cell concentration of the culture, i.e. viable cell counts per mL.

This protocol assumes that 1 bacterial cell will give rise to 1 colony.

For the CFU protocol, you will need to count colonies for your two Positive Control (BBa\_I20270) cultures and your two Negative Control (BBa\_R0040) cultures.

## Guidelines

**Disclaimer:** The 2018 InterLab study found that this protocol gave very variable results. We therefore advise teams treat this protocol with some caution, and encourage them to find ways to improve it.

## Materials

### MATERIALS

✕ 1.5 mL Eppendorf tubes

✕ 96 well plate

✕ Chloramphenicol (25 mg/ml in EtOH)

✕ LB Broth

✕ 2.0 mL Eppendorf tubes

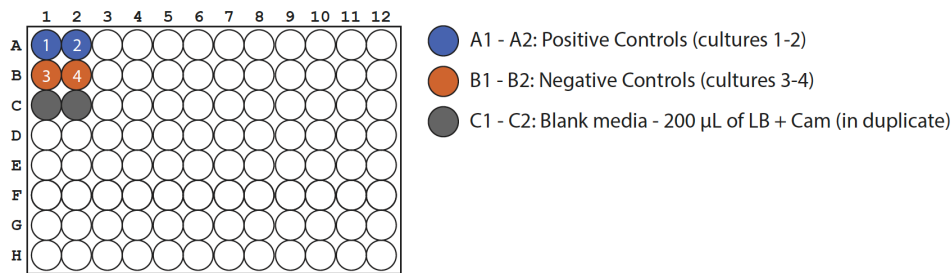
## Troubleshooting

## Before start

Read through this entire protocol carefully before you start your experiment and prepare any materials you may need. Please see disclaimer in guidelines section.

## Sample Preparation

- 1 This protocol will result in CFU/mL for 0.1 OD<sub>600</sub>. Your overnight cultures will have a much higher OD<sub>600</sub> and so this section of the protocol, called "Sample Preparation", will give you the "Starting Sample" with a 0.1 OD<sub>600</sub> measurement.
- 2 Measure the OD<sub>600</sub> of your cell cultures, making sure to dilute to the linear detection range of your plate reader.  
e.g. Add 25 µL culture to 175 µL LB + Chloramphenicol (Cam) in a well in a black 96-well plate, with a clear, flat bottom
- 3 Recommended plate setup is below. Each well should have 200 µL



- 4 Dilute your overnight culture to OD<sub>600</sub> = 0.1 in 1mL of LB + Cam media. Do this in triplicate for each culture.

Use  $(C_1)(V_1) = (C_2)(V_2)$  to calculate your dilutions

$C_1$  is your starting OD<sub>600</sub>

$C_2$  is your target OD<sub>600</sub> (= 0.1)

$V_1$  is the unknown volume in µL

$V_2$  is the final volume (= 1000 µL)

## Expected result

### Important:

When calculating  $C_1$ , subtract the blank from your reading and multiple by the dilution factor you used.

Example:  $C_1 = (1:8 \text{ OD}_{600} - \text{blank OD}_{600}) \times 8 = (0.195 - 0.042) \times 8 = 0.153 \times 8 = 1.224$

Example:  $(C_1)(V_1) = (C_2)(V_2)$

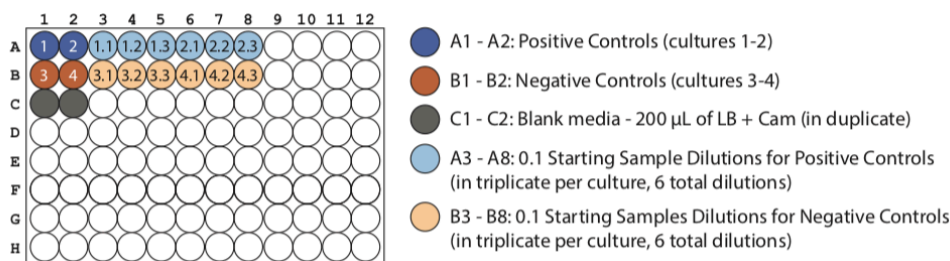
$(1.224)(x) = (0.1)(1000 \mu\text{L})$

$x = 100/1.224 = 82 \mu\text{L culture}$

Add 82  $\mu\text{L}$  of culture to 918  $\mu\text{L}$  media for a total volume of 1000  $\mu\text{L}$

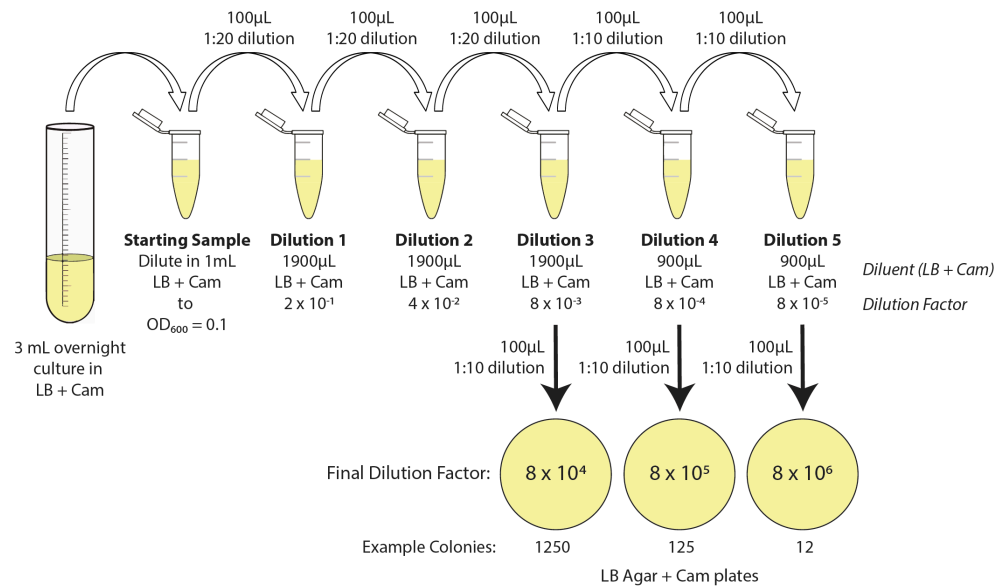
- 5 Check the  $\text{OD}_{600}$  and make sure it is 0.1.

Recommended plate setup is below. Each well should have 200  $\mu\text{L}$ .



## Dilution Series

- 6 Do the following serial dilutions for your triplicate Starting Samples you prepared in Step 5. You should have 12 total Starting Samples - 6 for your Positive Controls and 6 for your Negative Controls.



- 7 You will need 3 LB Agar + Cam plates (36 total)
- 8 Prepare three 2.0 mL tubes (36 total) with 1900  $\mu$ L of LB + Cam media for Dilutions 1, 2, and 3
- 9 Prepare two 1.5 mL tubes (24 total) with 900  $\mu$ L of LB + Cam media for Dilutions 4 and 5
- 10 Label each tube according to the figure above (Dilution 1, etc.) for each Starting Sample
- 11 Pipet 100  $\mu$ L of Starting Culture into Dilution 1. Discard tip. Do NOT pipette up and down. Vortex tube for 5-10 secs
- 12 Repeat Step 11 for each dilution through to Dilution 5 as shown above
- 13 Aseptically spread plate 100  $\mu$ L on LB + Cam plates for Dilutions 3, 4, and 5
- 14 Incubate at 37  $^{\circ}$ C overnight and count colonies after 18-20 hours of growth



## CFU/mL/OD Calculation

15 Based on the assumption that 1 bacterial cell gives rise to 1 colony, colony forming units (CFU) per 1mL of an  $OD_{600} = 0.1$  culture can be calculated

16 First, count the colonies on each plate with fewer than 300 colonies

17 Next, multiply the colony count by the Final Dilution Factor on each plate

### Expected result

#### Example using Dilution 4 from above:

# colonies x Final Dilution Factor = CFU/mL

125 x  $(8 \times 10^5)$  =  $1 \times 10^8$  CFU / mL in Starting Sample ( $OD_{600} = 0.1$ )

## Congratulations!

18 You have now completed this calibration protocol