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Bead Beating in Custom Buffer Followed by XP Bead Cleanup (NGS Workflow)

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Protocol status: Working

We use this protocol and it's working

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Abstract

DNA extraction method for Mycobacterium tuberculosis from various sample types as described in: "**Insights into *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* DNA extraction for targeted deep sequencing using the Deeplex Myc-TB assay: Lessons for improved drug resistance diagnosis.**"

Materials

Equipment

FastPrep-24 Classic bead beating grinder and lysis system NAME

Bead beater TYPE

MPBio BRAND

116004500 SKU

 Screw cap micro tube 1.5 ml PCR Performance Tested Low DNA-binding **Sarstedt Catalog # 72.703.700**

 Agencourt AmPure XP beads **Catalog #A63880**

 0.1 mm Zirconia/Silica Beads **Bio Spec Products Inc. Catalog #11079101z**

Safety warnings

! Work done with *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* must comply with laws, rules, and regulations.

Before start

Prepare buffers

1

Component	Volume (ml)
H ₂ O	95.8
NaCl (5M)	2
Tris-HCl pH 8.3 (1M)	1
Triton X-100	1
EDTA (0.5M)	0.2

Custom Triton Buffer  8.3 . To prepare  100 mL of the **Custom Triton Buffer**, simply add each component in the specified amount then add H₂O to a final volume of  100 mL . Filter sterilize the solution before use. This will result in a final buffer concentration of  100 millimolar (mM) NaCl,  10 millimolar (mM) Tris-HCl;  1 millimolar (mM) EDTA,  1 % (v/v) Triton X-100.

Component	Volume (ml)
H ₂ O	99
Tris-HCl (1M, pH 8)	1
EDTA (0.5M)	0.02

Low EDTA TE (1X)  8 . To prepare  100 mL of the **Low EDTA Tris Buffer** simply add each component in the specified amount then add H₂O to a final volume of  100 mL . The final buffer has a concentration of  10 millimolar (mM) Tris-HCl and  0.1 millimolar (mM) EDTA.

STEP CASE

Sputum sample  18 steps

Prepare Input



- 2 Add four volumes of 100mM dithiothreitol to the sputum sample and vortex for >

00:00:30

30s

- 3 Incubate at Room temperature for 00:15:00

15m

- 4 Remove and discard the supernatant, and resuspend the pellet in 350 μ L of **Custom Triton Buffer**

- 5 Vortex sample and , 00:15:00 , max speed

15m

- 6 ***If it is not possible to do the above in your laboratory.***

Use BBL MycoPrep™ (BD) reagent to process the sample according to the manufacturer's instructions with the following modification: Resuspend the sediment in step 8 in the protocol in 350 μ L of Custom Triton Buffer

- 7 If required (i.e., to remove samples for processing outside a BSL-3), decontaminate the sample according to the standard operating procedures of your facility.

Extract DNA

2m

- 8 Transfer the inactivated bacterial suspension to a new well-labeled Starsted screw cap tube containing ~ 250 μ L of Mini-BeadBeater Zirconia-Silicate Beads, -0.1 mm

- 9 Bead beat the lysate at 6.5m/s for 00:00:45 with 00:02:00 rest on ice between runs

- 9.1 Repeat for a total of three bead beating cycles

- 10 Centrifuge at max speed 10000 rcf, Room temperature, 00:02:00 and transfer the supernatant to a new well-labeled tube.
Take care not to transfer beads or cell debris.

2m

- 11 Add 250 μ L (1.2X volume) AMPure XP beads and mix by pipetting up and down 10 times



- 12 Incubate at  Room temperature for  00:05:00
- 13 Place on magnetic rack and wait for the solution to clear, ~  00:02:00
- 14 Discard the supernatant and wash the beads twice with freshly prepared  70 % (v/v) ethanol without disrupting the beads
- 15 Dry the beads briefly, ~  00:02:00 .
Tip: Remove residual EtOH with a p10 pipette
- 16 Immediately after the bead pellet becomes opaque, remove the tube from magnetic rack and resuspend in  20 μL of **Low EDTA Tris Buffer**. Ensure all beads are in solution.
- 17 Incubate at room temperature for  00:05:00
- 18 Place on magnetic rack, wait for the solution to become clear ~  00:02:00 , and transfer the eluted DNA to a new well-labeled tube