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Version 2

# ATAC-seq on nuclei from frozen, sliced, Drosophila melanogaster embryo halves V.2

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External link: <a href="https://www.biorxiv.org/content/early/2017/09/27/195073">https://www.biorxiv.org/content/early/2017/09/27/195073</a>

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#### Manuscript citation:

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#### **Abstract**

Protocol for performing ATAC-seq on nuclei isolated from *Drosophila melanogaster* stage 5 embryos that were flash frozen and then cut in half along the anterior-posterior midline. Data from this protocol are presented in the following paper: https://www.biorxiv.org/content/early/2017/09/27/195073.

This protocol is based adapted from the following sources: https://www.nature.com/nmeth/journal/v10/n12/full/nmeth.2688.html and http://journals.plos.org/plosgenetics/article?



#### **Materials**

#### STEP MATERIALS

- Shandon™ Straight Point Teasing Needles, Straight Point, Wooden Handle, 5.5 in. (14.0cm) **Thermo**Scientific Catalog #19010
- **⊠** Fisherbrand<sup>™</sup> High Precision #10 Style Scalpel Blade **Fisher Scientific Catalog** #12-000-162
- Nextera DNA library preparation kit 24 samples Catalog #FC-121-1030
- MinElute Reaction Cleanup Kit Qiagen Catalog #28204
- 🔯 Corning® CoolRack CF15, Holds 15 Cryovial or FACS Tubes (Product #432049) Corning Catalog #432049
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## Troubleshooting

# Safety warnings



- Always wear proper PPE
- Be careful to not get frostbite when working with dry ice. Double glove when handling the chilled scalpel.



### Solutions

- Lysis Buffer NO detergent
  - 10mM Tris-Hcl, pH 7.4
  - 10mM NaC1
  - 3mM MgCl2

### Store at 4dC- make fresh weekly

### Lysis Buffer Freezing Media

- 10ml Lysis Buffer No Detergent
- 1ml of 50% glycerol
- 1ul of bromoblue dye

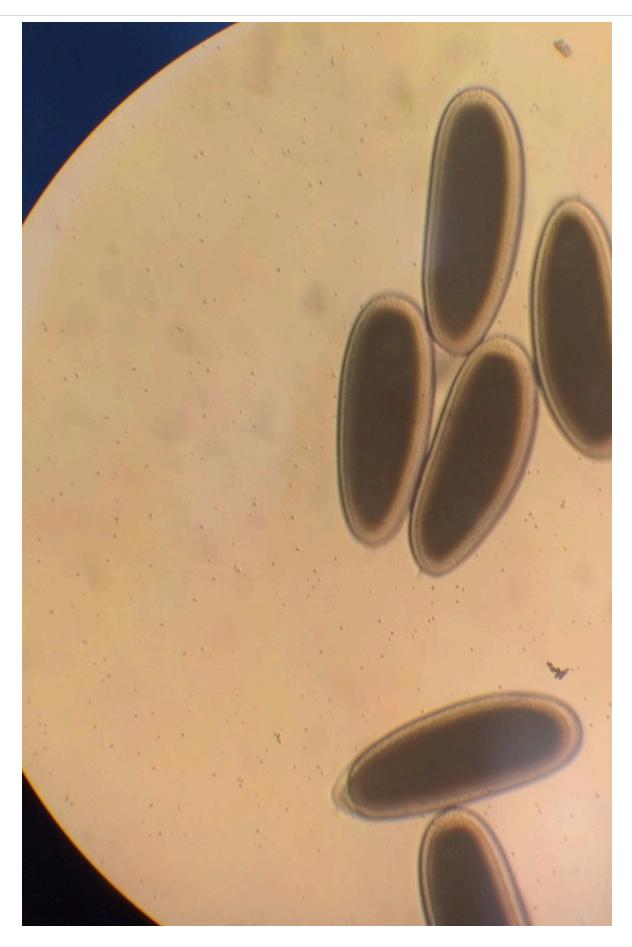
### <u>Lysis Buffer + Spermine</u>

- 10ml Lysis Buffer No Detergent
- 0.15mM spermine

### **Embryo Collection**

- 2 Put several hundred adult OregonR Drosophila melanogaster (http://flybase.org/reports/FBsn0000276.html) into a fly cage at 25°C for three days. Feed flies with standard molasses plates a spread of yeast paste. Collect embryos for 2 hours and then let them age at 25°C for an hour and thirty minutes. This should yield embryos between 2:00 and 3:30 hours old.
  - © 02:00:00 Embryo collection
  - (\*) 01:30:00 Aging
- 3 Bleach embryos for 3 minutes in 30%-50% bleach to remove the chorion.
  - © 00:03:00 Bleaching
- 4 Rinse well with water. Pat dry on towel.
- 5 Rinse with 1xPBS + 0.5% Triton.
- 6 Brush embryos into an 1.5ml tube filled with 1xPBS + 0.5% Triton. Let embryos settle. Then use a pipette tip to transfer a drop of embryos to a slide.
- 7 Stage the embryos to the desired age. We usually go for Stage 5.









### Freezing and Slicing embryos

- 8 Chill a cold block in the -80 for at least 30 minutes. Once it's cold, place in a box surrounded by dry ice to keep it cool while you slice
  - Corning® CoolRack CF15, Holds 15 Cryovial or FACS Tubes (Product #432049) Corning Catalog #432049
  - **(2)** 00:30:00 Freezing

### Freezing and Slicing Embryos

- 9 Place staged embryos into ependorf tubes containing Lysis buffer freezing media.
- 10 Keep the slides, poker tool, and scalpel on dry ice to keep from melting.
  - Shandon™ Straight Point Teasing Needles, Straight Point, Wooden Handle, 5.5 in. (14.0cm) **Thermo Scientific Catalog #**19010
  - Fisherbrand™ High Precision #10 Style Scalpel Blade Fisher
    Scientific Catalog #12-000-162
- Underneath a dissection scope, space out staged embryos on the glass slide such that they are evenly separated and can be cut easily with the blade. I affix a grid pattern to the bottom side of the glass slide to offer contrast to the white embryos.
- Once the embryos are lined up on a slide, gently place the slide on dry ice for 2-5 minutes while you prepare the next slide. The embryos will turn from clear to completely white when frozen. I usually line up 10 embryos / slide and slice 5-6 slides at a time.
  - © 00:05:00 Placement on dry ice
- Once embryos are frozen, immediately transfer the slide to a cold block that has been chilled. I surround the block with dry ice to keep it cool. Additionally, it is necessary to cool down the scalpel on dry ice before cutting. I leave the scalpel and 2 poker tools in dry ice while cutting to keep them cold. Be sure to wear gloves and keep the scalpel handle away from the dry ice to keep hands warm.
- 14 Cut embryos along the midline with the dry ice chilled blade or scalpel. Move each half to a 1.5ml tube filled with 50ul of ATAC Lysis buffer + Spermine with the chilled poker tool.



- The embryos will thaw and dissolve as soon as they are transferred. To reduce contamination, we use 2 poker tools, one to handle anterior halves and one to handle posterior halves. Additionally, we wash pokers in 70% EtOH between slices
- Δ 50 μL ATAC Lysis buffer + Spermine
- Once your tube contains the desired number of embryo halves, move on to isolate the nuclei.

## **Embryo Lysing**

- 16 Crush using a plastic pestle upwards of 20 times vigorously.
  - Pellet pestles Merck MilliporeSigma (Sigma-Aldrich) Catalog #Z359947
- After homogenization, rinse the pestle with 50ul of lysis buffer to make sure not to lose any material. This will bring the total volume up to 100ul.
  - Δ 50 μL Lysis buffer
- Vortex slightly at low speed and spin down on a table top centrifuge.
- Add 1ul of 10% IGEPAL CA-630 drop-wise to a final concentration of 0.1%. Mix well by flicking tube with a finger. **Let sit for about 10 minutes** 
  - △ 1 μL 10% IGEPAL CA-630
  - **(5)** 00:10:00 Wait
- Spin in microcentrifuge at 800xg for 10 minutes at 4dC. Remove as much supernatant as possible to to avoid nuclei loss.
  - 00:10:00 Centrifugation
- 21 Resuspend nuclei in enough DNAse and RNAse free water for the transposition reaction (below).

## **Tagmentation**

22 Make sure the cell pellet is set on ice.

To make the transposition reaction mix, combine the following:

| Sample 20 halves- 10 embryo |
|-----------------------------|
|-----------------------------|



| 2x TD Buffer- | 25   |
|---------------|------|
| Tn5 Enzyme    | 7.5  |
| H20/ DNA      | 17.5 |
| Total         | 50   |

- X Nextera DNA library preparation kit 24 samples Catalog #FC-121-1030
- 23 Gently pipette to resuspend nuclei in the transposition reaction mix.
- 24 Incubate the transposition reaction at 37°C for 30 min. Immediately following transposition, purify using a **Qiagen MinElute Kit**.
  - © 00:30:00 Tagmentation
  - MinElute Reaction Cleanup Kit Qiagen Catalog #28204
- 25 Purified DNA can be stored at -20°C

I quantify DNA at this point with the qubit.

## **PCR** amplification

- 26 To amplify transposed DNA fragments, combine the following in a PCR tube:
  - 10 μL Transposed DNA
  - 5 ul 25uM Primer 1
  - 5 ul 25uM Primer 2
  - 25ul NebNext 2x Master Mix
  - 5ul of PPC

50 μL Total

#### Run PCR as follows:

- (1) 72°C, 5 min
- (2) 98°C, 30 sec
- (3) 98°C, 10 sec
- (4) 63°C, 30 sec
- (5) 72°C, 1 min
- (6) Repeat steps 3-5, **5x**
- (7) Hold at 4°C

## Optional - QPCR



27 You can stop at this point and run a small qPCR reaction to calculate the number of additional cycles to use to avoid overamplification.

Take out 5 ul of PCR reaction and run the qPCR reaction with the same conditions.

5 μL Transposed DNA 0.25 ul 25uM Primer 1 0.25 ul 25uM Primer 2 5ul NebNext 2x Master Mix 3.9 ul of H20 0.09 100x Sybr Green I Dye

15 μL Total

Put in the QPCR machine and run:

1 cycle: 30 sec 98° C 20 cycles: 10 sec 98° C 30 sec 63° C 1 min 72° C.

To calculate the additional number of cycles needed, plot linear Rn (fluorescence) versus cycle and determine the cycle number that corresponds to one-third of the maximum fluorescent intensity.

- 28 Once you decide how many additional cycles to run, run the rest of the PCR:
  - (2) 98°C, 30 sec
  - (3) 98°C, 10 sec
  - (4) **63°C**, 30 sec
  - (5) 72°C, 1 min **For X cycles**
  - (7) Hold at 4dC

## Ampure (or Spri) bead Cleanup

- 29 Bring Beads to RT.
- 30 Add 1.25x Beads, Mix well, let stand for 5 minutes.

**(**) 00:05:00 Wait

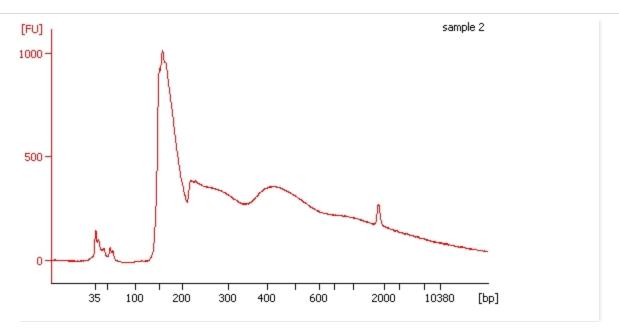


- 31 Put on a magnet, let stand for 2 minutes.
  - **©** 00:02:00 Magnet
- 32 Wash with 70% EtOH. (1/2)
- 33 Wash with 70% EtOH. (2/2)
- 34 Let dry for 10 minutes.
  - **(5)** 00:10:00 Drying
- 35 Resuspend in 20ul H<sub>2</sub>O.
  - Δ 20 μL H20
- 36 Let sit for one minute, put on magnet, take of super.
  - **(**) 00:01:00 Wait

# **Library Validation**

37 To validate your libraries, quantify them with qubit HS DNA and evaluate them with the Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity DNA assay.

Sometimes they look like this:



Sometimes they look like this: I usually see this when I am working with smaller amounts of embryos. Below is from one embryo half. I am not 100% sure what this means (whether it's actually undertagmented or what) but when I sequenced this sample the data was comprable to my other samples. If you have any ideas let me know! I usually try not to sequence these samples but they could be perfectly fine.

