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2-in-1 metabolite and protein extraction method for plant multi-omics

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Qijie Guan¹, Tahmina Akter¹, Sixue Chen¹

¹University of Mississippi



Qijie Guan

University of Mississippi

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Protocol status: Working

We use this protocol and it's working

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Disclaimer

Please cite the paper (<https://doi.org/10.1002/pmic.70068>) if you use this protocol for your publication.

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Abstract

This protocol is a method for extracting metabolites and proteins from the same plant samples, and is the protocol used in manuscript entitled "Lyophilization Improved Efficiency in 2-in-1 Metabolite and Protein Extraction for Plant Multi-Omics", <https://doi.org/10.1002/pmic.70068>



Materials

Chemicals:

- Metabolite extraction solvent I  -20 °C : acetonitrile: isopropanol: water (3:3:2)
- Metabolite extraction solvent II  -20 °C : acetonitrile: water (1:1)
- Metabolite extraction solvent III  -20 °C : 80% methanol
- Protein lysis buffer ( 4 °C)
- 100 µM 10-camphorsulfonic acid (10-CA)
- 100 µM lidocaine
- BSA standard

Equipment:

- Liquid nitrogen
- Tubes (1.5 mL centrifuge tubes, 10 mL centrifuge tubes, Geno Grinder tubes)
- Geno/Grinder HG-400
- Beads (washed with 100% methanol and fully dried)
- Research ice
- Balance
- Sonicator
- Speedvac
- Centrifuge (2 mL rotor)



Sample Preparation

2h 10m

1 Sample collection

3m

Collect plant material using a humidity chamber, weigh  150 mg for each 2 mL screw cap tube (Cole-Parmer, Vernon Hills, IL, USA), add a 6 mm stainless steel grinding ball (Cole-Parmer, Vernon Hills, IL, USA). Put tubes in liquid nitrogen immediately.

Safety information

Liquid nitrogen is extremely cold and can be hazardous if not handled properly.

2 Sample vacuum dried

2h

Vacuum drying samples with Savant SPD1010 SpeedVac Concentrator System (Thermo Scientific, Asheville, NC, USA).

Equipment

Savant SPD1010 SpeedVac Concentrator System	NAME
Savant	BRAND
SPD1010	SKU

3 Add internal standards

2m

For each sample tube, add 3 internal standards:

- 10 µL of 100 µM lidocaine (metabolomics, positive mode)
- 10 µL of 100 µM 10-camphorsulfonic acid (10-CA, metabolomics, negative mode)
- 4 µL of 1 µg/µL Bovine Serum Albumin Fraction V (BSA, proteomics)

4 Sample homogenizes

5m

For each tube, add a 6 mm stainless steel grinding ball (Cole-Parmer, Vernon Hills, IL, USA). Freeze the tube with liquid nitrogen, homogenize with homogenizer (HG-400, Cole-Parmer, Vernon Hills, IL, USA) for  1000 rpm, 00:02:00 . Add liquid nitrogen to the clamp to remain tubes cold.



Equipment

Cole-Parmer SamplePrep HG-400 MiniG® Homogenizer

NAME

homogenizer

TYPE

Cole-Parmer

BRAND

EW-04500-08

SKU

<https://www.coleparmer.com/i/cole-parmer-sampleprep-hg-400-minig-homogenizer-2-to-50-ml-115-230-vac-50-60hz/0450008>

LINK

Metabolite extraction

45m

- 5 Add 800 µL pre-cooled (-20 °C) metabolite extraction buffer I (acetonitrile: isopropanol: water, 3:3:2) with 0.1 mM PMSF to the tube. Remove the bead in the tube with magnetic sticker. Vortex 30 seconds, sonicate in ice water for 5 min, centrifuge

5m

 15000 x g, 4°C, 00:05:00 .

Safety information

Phenylmethylsulfonyl fluoride (PMSF) is a serine protease inhibitor. It is highly reactive and hazardous, requiring careful handling. **Use Gloves, Eye protection, Lab coat, and Respirator.**

- 6 Pipetting supernatant to a new 1.5 mL centrifuge tube A. The 1.5 mL supernatant tube A should be kept in a -20 °C freezer.

- 7 Add 800 µL pre-cooled (-20 °C) metabolite extraction buffer II (acetonitrile: water, 1:1) with 0.1 mM PMSF to the pellet. Vortex 30 seconds, sonicate in ice water for 5 min, centrifuge  15000 x g, 4°C, 00:05:00 .

5m

**Safety information**

Phenylmethylsulfonyl fluoride (PMSF) is a serine protease inhibitor. It is highly reactive and hazardous, requiring careful handling. **Use Gloves, Eye protection, Lab coat, and Respirator.**

8 Pipetting supernatant to a new 1.5 mL centrifuge tube B. The 1.5 mL supernatant tube B should be kept in a -20 °C freezer.

9 Add 800 µL pre-cooled (-20 °C) metabolite extraction buffer III (80% methanol) with 0.1 mM PMSF to the pellet. Vortex 30 seconds, sonicate in ice water for 5 min, centrifuge

 15000 x g, 4°C, 00:05:00 .

5m

Safety information

Phenylmethylsulfonyl fluoride (PMSF) is a serine protease inhibitor. It is highly reactive and hazardous, requiring careful handling. **Use Gloves, Eye protection, Lab coat, and Respirator.**

10 Pipetting supernatant to a new 1.5 mL centrifuge tube C. The remaining residue will be used in protein extraction (step 13)

11 Vacuum dry the three collected tubes, combine extracts from the same sample together after 1 h of vacuum drying. Pipet the sample in B, C tubes to A tube, so that all metabolites will be transferred and combined in one tube for drying down.

12 Once dried down, the residue is the metabolite section.

Protein extraction

1h

13 Vacuum dry metabolite extraction residue (from step 10) for 5 min to evaporate methanol remaining.

14 Add 200 µL protein Lysis solubilization solution (7 M urea, 2 M thiourea, 4% CHAPS, 10 mM DTT and 0.1 mM PMSF).



Safety information

Phenylmethylsulfonyl fluoride (PMSF) is a serine protease inhibitor. It is highly reactive and hazardous, requiring careful handling. **Use Gloves, Eye protection, Lab coat, and Respirator.**

15 Vortex in cold room (4 °C) for 30 min, sonicate in ice water for 5 min, centrifuge

15000 x g, 4°C, 00:15:00 .

15m

16 Collect the supernatant, this is the protein solvent.